Eastside Los Angeles Matching Game

Match each photo of a historic place in Eastside Los Angeles with its description.
Visit laconservancy.org to learn more about these places.

Otomisan Japanese Restaurant

In 1968, Chicanx youth leaders organized the East L.A. Chicano Student Walkouts. Hundreds of students walked out of school to protest against unequal conditions from these Los Angeles Unified School District high schools.

Los Angeles County + USC Medical Center

This important plaza in Boyle Heights is named for the mariachi musicians who, since the 1930s, have gathered here. The plaza is often considered the heart of the Boyle Heights neighborhood.

Mariachi Plaza

The building has been in use since 1924, housing a number of businesses owned and managed by Japanese community members. The space is currently home to a Japanese restaurant that opened in 1956 and is the oldest remaining Japanese restaurant in the neighborhood.

Lincoln High School (pictured), Roosevelt High School, Garfield High School, Belmont High School, and El Sereno Middle School (formerly Woodrow Wilson High School)

The site of numerous significant events in the history of public health, this building contains one of the city’s most recognizable Art Deco buildings. The facility is located in Los Angeles’ Lincoln Heights neighborhood.
Founded in 1914, this site aimed to help immigrant women and children in the Boyle Heights neighborhood adapt to life in the United States.

A religious location for the early Jewish residents of East Los Angeles that centered around (and still does) civic, social, and philanthropic activities.

Originally known as Laguna Park, the park was renamed to honor a journalist who was killed during the Chicano Moratorium March on August 29, 1970. The march, which wound its way through East L.A., was protesting against the disproportionate amount of Chicano fighting and dying in the Vietnam war.

Created in 1877, this is one of the oldest cemeteries in Los Angeles where people from diverse cultural and religious backgrounds are buried, including African Americans, early residents of Chinese, Mexican, Japanese, and Armenian descent, and members of the Jewish faith.

Constructed in 1889, this brick building is where many people have stayed over the years, including Mariachis who performed across the street. The building was the first of its kind in Boyle Heights and now people call this place home.
Boyle Hotel

Constructed in 1889, this brick building is where many people have stayed over the years, including Mariachis who performed across the street. The building was the first of its kind in Boyle Heights and now people call this place home.

Breed Street Shul

A religious location for the early Jewish residents of East Los Angeles that centered around (and still does) civic, social, and philanthropic activities.

Evergreen Cemetery

Created in 1877, this is one of the oldest cemeteries in Los Angeles where people from diverse cultural and religious backgrounds are buried, including African Americans, early residents of Chinese, Mexican, Japanese, and Armenian descent, and members of the Jewish faith.

International Institute of Los Angeles

Founded in 1914, this site aimed to help immigrant women and children in the Boyle Heights neighborhood adapt to life in the United States.

Lincoln High School, Roosevelt High School, Garfield High School, Belmont High School, and El Sereno Middle School (formerly Woodrow Wilson High School)

In 1968, Chicanx youth leaders organized the East L.A. Chicano Student Walkouts. Hundreds of students walked out of school to protest against unequal conditions from these Los Angeles Unified School District high schools.

Los Angeles County + USC Medical Center

The site of numerous significant events in the history of public health, this building contains one of the city's most recognizable Art Deco buildings. The facility is located in Los Angeles' Lincoln Heights neighborhood.
Mariachi Plaza

This important plaza in Boyle Heights is named for the mariachi musicians who, since the 1930s, have gathered here. The plaza is often considered the heart of the Boyle Heights neighborhood.

Otomisan Japanese Restaurant

The building has been in use since 1924, housing a number of businesses owned and managed by Japanese community members. The space is currently home to a Japanese restaurant that opened in 1956 and is the oldest remaining Japanese restaurant in the neighborhood.

Ruben Salazar Park

Originally known as Laguna Park, the park was renamed to honor a journalist who was killed during the Chicano Moratorium march on August 29, 1970. The march, which wound its way through East L.A., was protesting against the disproportionate amount of Chicanx fighting and dying in the Vietnam war.