Los Angeles Department of City Planning RECOMMENDATION REPORT

CULTURAL HERITAGE COMMISSION CASE NO.: CHC-2025-2725-HCM ENV-2025-2726-CE

HEARING DATE: June 5, 2025 **TIME:** 10:00 AM

PLACE: City Hall, Room 1010

200 N. Spring Street Los Angeles, CA 90012 and teleconference (see

agenda for login information)

EXPIRATION DATE: June 12, 2025

Location: 1858-1864 W. Adams Boulevard;

2610-2616 S. La Salle Avenue

Council District: 8 – Harris-Dawson

Community Plan Area: South Los Angeles Land Use Designation: Neighborhood

Commercial

Zoning: C2-1VL-O-CPIO

Area Planning Commission: South Los Angeles Neighborhood Council: Empowerment Congress

North

Legal Description: Cha's Victor Hall Tract, Block 4,

Lots FR 1-2 and Arb 2 of Lot 4

PROJECT: Historic-Cultural Monument Application for the

GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST

REQUEST: Declare the property an Historic-Cultural Monument

OWNER/APPLICANT: Dr. David E. Harris, Pastor

Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ

2610 S. La Salle Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90018

PREPARERS: M. Rosalind Sagara and Lindsay Mulcahy

Los Angeles Conservancy 523 W. 6th Street, Suite 826 Los Angeles, CA 90014

Andrea Mauk

West Adams Neighborhood Association

2703 Brighton Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90018

RECOMMENDATION

That the Cultural Heritage Commission:

- 1. **Take the property under consideration** as an Historic-Cultural Monument per Los Angeles Administrative Code Chapter 9, Division 22, Article 1, Section 22.171.10 because the application and accompanying photo documentation suggest the submittal warrants further investigation.
- 2. Adopt the report findings.

VINCENT P. BERTONI, AICP Director of Planning

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE] [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Ken Bernstein, AICP, Principal City Planner
Office of Historic Resources

Lambert M. Giessinger, Senior Architect
Office of Historic Resources

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE] [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Melissa Jones, City Planner

Office of Historic Resources

Andrez Parra, Planning Assistant
Office of Historic Resources

Attachments: Owner Letter of Support

Historic-Cultural Monument Application

SUMMARY

The Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ is a one- and two-story church located at the southeast corner of W. Adams Boulevard and La Salle Avenue in the Adams-Normandie neighborhood of Los Angeles. Constructed in the Late Gothic Revival architectural style, the subject property was developed in two phases starting in 1906; the initial design was by the renowned Los Angeles architect John C. Austin and Frederick G. Brown, and it was completed in 1913 by John C. Austin and W.C. Pennell's architectural firm for the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church (later West Adams Methodist Church), a predominantly White congregation. In 1952, the subject property was purchased by the Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church, a predominantly Black congregation. In 1963, the subject property was purchased by Bishop Lucius Conklin Page for the Church of God in Christ, thereafter known as the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ (Greater Page Temple COGIC), which was largely composed of Black congregants. The subject property continues to house the Greater Page Temple COGIC to this day.

Churches are crucial anchors of the African American community. They represent springboards for community leadership and centers of social life, business networks, and civil rights activism. Churches also reflect the diversity of the Black community by class, background, and cultural proclivities. In Los Angeles, African American churches evolved in both national and metropolitan contexts. Black religious life in Los Angeles reflected the racial, ethnic, and spiritual diversity that came with the city's metropolitan growth. Black churches in Los Angeles appeared early and proliferated quickly, following the broader geographic patterns of Black settlement.

While a smaller number of African Americans settled in places like Watts, Pacoima, and Venice, the earliest African American neighborhoods were largely concentrated around the Central Avenue corridor, east and south of Downtown Los Angeles. Despite white resistance and racially restrictive covenants, African Americans began moving west from the Central Avenue corridor along Jefferson Boulevard as early as the 1920s. This trend increased during the 1940s, especially for the Black middle class, and accelerated in the 1950s and 1960s when housing discrimination became illegal, although racial prejudice persisted in all aspects of life. During this period, they settled areas like Jefferson Park and West Adams, then even farther west into the Crenshaw, Leimert Park, and Baldwin Hills neighborhoods. As the African American population in these neighborhoods grew, new Black churches were founded; the demographic shift also meant that churches with primarily white congregations sometimes transformed into interracial or predominately Black congregations.

The Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church was founded in 1942 but saw rapid growth under the leadership of Reverend H.B. Charles in 1948. The church and its leaders played a prominent role in local and national Baptist and Black communities. In the 1950s and 1960s, Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church also actively promoted strengthening the political voice of its congregants and community and emphasized civil rights and social justice. The congregation was housed at the subject property from 1952 through 1964, at which time it relocated to another location on West Adams Boulevard. The Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church has relocated several times since 1964 and is currently housed at 3669 W. 54th Street in Los Angeles.

The Church of God in Christ (COGIC) was founded in Memphis, Tennessee, in 1907 by then Baptist preacher Charles Harrison Mason after visiting the Black-led Azusa Street Revival in Los Angeles (the Azusa Street Revival, a three-year series of spiritual experiences, worship services, and other religious activities, is considered to be the primary catalyst for the spread of Pentecostalism in the 20th century). The Pentecostal group began its ministry in Los Angeles in 1914, with the church seeing a period of growth in Southern California from the 1930s to 1970s. The growth continued, resulting in 34 COGIC churches in Los Angeles by 1981, double the number of COGIC churches at the time the Greater Page

CHC-2025-2725-HCM 1858-1864 W. Adams Boulevard; 2610-2616 S. La Salle Avenue Page 4 of 6

Temple COGIC was founded in 1964. Today, COGIC is the largest Pentecostal group in the United States and the second largest Black Christian denomination in the country.

Lucius Conklin Page was born in Kemper County, Mississippi in 1864. Page began religious preaching early and received his first assignment as a pastor in Columbus, Ohio, at the age of 18. In 1927, the founder of the Church of God in Christ, Bishop Mason, appointed Page to lead a new group of evangelists for the church in St. Louis, Missouri, and in 1933, he was promoted to lead the group's National Evangelist Board. In 1943, then-Bishop Page and his wife Thelma first visited the COGIC 21st Street Temple in Los Angeles, and soon after decided to stay in the region and establish the Page Evangelist Temple (or Page Temple) church. The Page Temple church's first home was a tent on the corner of San Pedro and Jefferson Street; they later purchased a building on Jefferson Boulevard. Between 1943 and 1964, Bishop Page's congregation relocated to several different locations across Los Angeles as they continued to grow before finding their permanent home at the subject property. The congregants of the Page Evangelist Temple became widely known by the 1950s through their Sunday prayer services and Radio Choir that were broadcasted over local radio stations. Bishop Page continued to serve as the head of national and international evangelism for the COGIC which saw him travel the world in service of the church, in addition to serving as a prominent religious leader in Los Angeles. Bishop Page passed away in 1980.

Roughly T-shaped in plan, the subject property is of concrete, and brick construction and has a crossgabled roof clad in asphalt shingles that features a steeple. The primary, west-facing elevation is asymmetrical and composed of two sections: a high-pitched cross-gabled volume towards the southern end and a tower on the northern end. The west-facing gabled portion of this elevation features gable vents, three recessed windows, a projecting canted volume with seven windows, and the primary entrance that consists of three sets of double doors recessed within ogee archways. Accessed via eight concrete steps, the entrance doors are wood framed with glass panes that are covered in decorative metal gates. To the south of the gabled volume is a cross-gabled volume with a faceted corner that extends beyond the roof line to the south. Above the doors are divided-lite transom windows shaped to fit the ogee arch. At the northern end of the elevation, there is a square tower with a flat roof that is topped with a cross. The tower features arched louvre vents, fluted entablatures above the vents, pilasters, and four casement windows, two of which are art glass windows. The center portion of the primary facade has a flat roof at the first floor with a recessed second floor, and three sets of ogeearched art glass windows separated by buttresses. The south-facing elevation features a two-story volume with faceted corners that has a recessed volume above the second floor that is covered by the gabled roof. Within the gable there are three sets of ogee-arched windows. At the ground floor there is a recessed entrance centered on the facade that is accessed via a set of concrete steps with handrails. The rear, east-facing elevation features high pitched cross-gabled volumes; the gabled volume projecting east is flanked by two single-story projecting wings. Each wing has an entrance: the southernmost entrance opens eastward with a concrete landing and two sets of steps on each side and the northernmost entrance opens northward accessed via a ramp. The center portion of the facade mirrors the center portion of the west-facing elevation. The north-facing elevation facade features a gable end with stepped buttresses on the eastern and western ends; within the gable there is a large pointed arch tracery window framed by two stepped buttresses. The northern facade of the tower is also visible on this elevation which reflects the features of its western facade. Fenestration across the subject property consists of wood-frame art glass windows, aluminum sliding windows, and diamondpane casement windows. A white metal pole sign with a cross on top that reads "Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, Bishop L.C. Page Founder and Dr. D.E. Harris Senior Pastor," is present at the northwestern corner of the subject property. Another white metal pole sign reading "Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, Dr. D.E. Harris Senior Pastor is located off of La Salle Avenue."

Features on the interior include ornate railings, wainscoting, a barrel-vaulted ceiling in the main sanctuary, original wooden pews, oak floors, and built-ins.

The subject property has experienced a number of alterations over the years that include the remodel and division of two classrooms into smaller rooms in 1931; the addition of a projecting neon side that reads "West Adams Methodist Church" on the northwestern portion of the church in 1950; parapet wall corrections on the tower and over exits and exitways around the building, the installation of a baptistry in the main sanctuary, and installation of a steel-framed cross on the steeple tower roof in 1962; and the replacement of some of the windows, removal of a chimney on the east facade, and the replacement of the original slate roofing, at unknown dates.

John Corneby Austin was born in 1870 in Oxfordshire, England, where he was privately educated. Austin later relocated to San Francisco where he began his career as a draftsman. In 1895, he moved to Los Angeles and formed multiple architectural partnerships beginning in 1896. Austin designed and supervised a number of notable properties across Los Angeles such as the Shrine Auditorium (HCM #139), the Hollywood Masonic Temple (HCM #277), and the Griffith Observatory (HCM #168), in addition to helping design and supervise Los Angeles City Hall (HCM #150) along with John C. Parkinson and Albert C. Martin, Sr. Austin was a member of the American Institute of Architects (AIA) and served as the Southern California Chapter President in 1912 and became an AIA fellow in 1913. He also served as president of various civic organizations such as the Chamber of Commerce and State Board of Architectural Engineers. He died in Pasadena in 1963 at the age of 93.

Woodbury C. Pennell was born in Portland, Maine, in 1883. He began working with John C. Austin first in 1909 as a draftsman and as an architect and partner in 1910. While partnering with Austin, Pennell designed many downtown steel-frame, height-limit buildings such as the Bronson Block (527 W. 7th Street), along with civic and industrial projects. In 1914, Pennell founded his own firm and designed residences, schools, industrial, and commercial properties. In the 1940s, he served as an advisor to the Los Angeles City Planning Commission. He passed away in 1951.

The subject property was identified by the Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Normandie 5 Redevelopment Area prepared by PCR Services Corporation for the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Los Angeles in 2011 as eligible for designation as a Contributor to the Charles Victor Hall Tract Potentially Eligible Historic Preservation Overlay Zone. It is located in the South Los Angeles Community Plan Implementation Overlay (CPIO) area.

CRITERIA

The criterion is the Cultural Heritage Ordinance which defines a historical or cultural monument as any site (including significant trees or other plant life located thereon), building or structure of particular historic or cultural significance to the City of Los Angeles if it meets at least one of the following criteria:

- 1. Is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community;
- 2. Is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history; or
- 3. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable work of a master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age.

CHC-2025-2725-HCM 1858-1864 W. Adams Boulevard; 2610-2616 S. La Salle Avenue Page 6 of 6

FINDINGS

Based on the facts set forth in the summary and application, the Commission determines that the application is complete and that the property may be significant enough to warrant further investigation as a potential Historic-Cultural Monument.

BACKGROUND

On May 13, 2025, the Director of Planning determined that the application for the proposed designation of the subject property as an Historic-Cultural Monument was complete.



GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST

March 4, 2025

Melissa Jones
Office of Historic Resources, Department of City Planning
221 N. Figueroa St., Suite 1350
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Dear Ms. Jones,

On behalf of the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, we are pleased to be the co-applicant of record for the Historic-Cultural Monument nomination for our church property at 2610 South La Salle Avenue in Los Angeles.

Beginning in 1913 when this church was completed to 1980 when our namesake Bishop L.C. Page's tenure culminated, our church has had many historic milestones. Our congregation has been associated with the church since 1964 when we moved into the building to accommodate our growing congregation. Since then our church has been an important place of worship, education and cultural growth for African Americans in Los Angeles. Our longtime pastor Bishop Page was an early and foundational leader of the Church of God in Christ in Los Angeles, nationally, and internationally through his evangelism. To document and conserve an important part of Los Angeles heritage, we submit the Historic-Cultural Monument nomination for the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ.

Sincerely,

Dr. David E. Harris

Pastor, Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ

Enclosure

cc: M. Rosalind Sagara, Los Angeles Conservancy

"Seek ye the Lord while He may be found, call ye upon Him while He is near."

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



NOMINATION FORM

1. PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION

Proposed Monument Name:								
Other Associated Names:								
Street Address:				Zip:		Council District:		
Range of Addresses on Property:				Commun	Community Name:			
Assessor Parcel Number:		Tract:		Block:		Lot:		
Identification cont'd:								
Proposed Monument Property Type:	Building	Structure Object Site/Open Space			Natural Feature			
Describe any additional resources located on the property to be included in the nomination, here:								

2. CONSTRUCTION HISTORY & CURRENT STATUS

Year built:	Factual	Estimated	Threatened?	
Architect/Designer:			Contractor:	
Original Use:			Present Use:	
Is the Proposed Monument on its Ori	ginal Site?	Yes	No (explain in section 7)	Unknown (explain in section 7)

3. STYLE & MATERIALS

Architectural Style:			Stories:	Plan Shape:	
FEATURE	PRIMARY	SECONDARY			
CONSTRUCTION	NSTRUCTION Type: Type:				
CLADDING	Material:		Material:		
POOL	Туре:	Туре:			
ROOF	Material:	Material:			
WINDOWS	Туре:	Туре	:		
WINDOWS	Material:	Material:			
ENTRY	Style:		Style:		
DOOR	Туре:	Туре	:		

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



NOMINATION FORM

4. ALTERATION HISTORY

List date and write a brief description of any major alterations or additions. This section may also be completed on a separate document. Include copies of permits in the nomination packet. Make sure to list any major alterations for which there are no permits, as well.
5. EXISTING HISTORIC RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION (if known)
Listed in the National Register of Historic Places
Listed in the California Register of Historical Resources
Formally determined eligible for the National and/or California Registers
Located in an Historic Preservation Overlay Zone (HPOZ) Contributing feature Non-contributing feature
Determined eligible for national, state, or local landmark status by an historic resources survey(s) Survey Name(s):
Other historical or cultural resource designations:

6. APPLICABLE HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT CRITERIA

The proposed m	nonument exemplifies the following Cultural Heritage Ordinance Criteria (Section 22.171.7):
	1. Is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community.
	2. Is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history.
	3. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable work of a master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age.

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



State:

NOMINATION FORM

7. WRITTEN STATEMENTS

This section allows you to discuss at length the significance of the proposed monument and why it should be designated an Historic-Cultural Monument. Type your response on separate documents and attach them to this form.

- **A. Proposed Monument Description** Describe the proposed monument's physical characteristics and relationship to its surrounding environment. Expand on sections 2 and 3 with a more detailed description of the site. Expand on section 4 and discuss the construction/alteration history in detail if that is necessary to explain the proposed monument's current form. Identify and describe any character-defining elements, structures, interior spaces, or landscape features.
- **B. Statement of Significance** Address the proposed monument's historic, cultural, and/or architectural significance by discussing how it satisfies the HCM criteria you selected in Section 6. You must support your argument with substantial evidence and analysis. The Statement of Significance is your main argument for designation so it is important to substantiate any claims you make with supporting documentation and research.

8. CONTACT INFORMATION

Nomination Preparer/Applicant's Representative

Phone Number:

Applicant

Name:

Zip:

Street Address:

Name:		Company:				
Street Address:		City:		St	State:	
Zip:	Phone Number:		Email:			
Property Owner Is the owner		support of the	nomination?	Yes	No	Unknowr
Name:		Company:				
Street Address:		City:			St	ate:
Zip:	Phone Number: Emai		Email:		·	
	•					

Company:

Email:

City:

8. CONTACT INFORMATION

Co-Applicants

Name: M. Rosalind Sagara

Company: Los Angeles Conservancy (Co-Applicant)

Street Address: 523 W. 6th Street #826

Zip: 90014

Phone Number: (213) 430-4211

City: Los Angeles State: California

Email: rsagara@laconservancy.org

Name: Dr. David E. Harris, Pastor

Company: Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ (Co-Applicant)

Street Address: 2610 S. La Salle Avenue

Zip: 90018

Phone Number: (323) 870-5270

City: Los Angeles State: California

Email: <u>Greaterpaget@gmail.com</u>

Nomination Co-Preparers/Application Representative

Name: M. Rosalind Sagara and Lindsay Mulcahy (Co-preparers)

Company: Los Angeles Conservancy Street Address: 523 W. 6th Street #826

Zip: 90014

Phone Number: (213) 430-4211

City: Los Angeles State: California

Email: rsagara@laconservancy.org

Name: Andrea Mauk (Co-preparer)

Company: West Adams Neighborhood Association

Street Address: 2703 Brighton Avenue

Zip: 90018

Phone Number: (213) 909–1349

City: Los Angeles State: California

Email: dancinghorsemediagroup@gmail.com

Office of Historic Resources/Cultural Heritage Commission

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



NOMINATION FORM

9. SUBMITTAL

When you have completed preparing your nomination, compile all materials in the order specified below. Although the entire packet must not exceed 100 pages, you may send additional material on a CD or flash drive.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

- Nomination Form
- Written Statements A and B
- 3. Bibliography
- Two Primary Photos of Exterior/Main Facade (8x10, the main photo of the proposed monument. Also email a digitial copy of the main photo to: planning.ohr@lacity.org)
- Copies of Primary/Secondary Documentation
- Copies of Building Permits for Major Alterations (include first construction permits)
- Additional, Contemporary Photos
- 8. Historical Photos
- 9. Zimas Parcel Report for all Nominated Parcels (including map)

10. RELEASE

Please read each statement and check the corresponding boxes to indicate that you agree with the statement, then sign below in the provided space. Either the applicant or preparer may sign.

I acknowledge that all documents submitted will become public records under the California Public Records Act, and understand that the documents will be made available upon request to members of the public for inspection and copying.

I acknowledge that all photographs and images submitted as part of this application will become the property of the City of Los Angeles, and understand that permission is granted for use of the photographs and images by the City without any expectation

I acknowledge that I have the right to submit or have obtained the appropriate permission to submit all information contained in this application.

M. Rosalind Sagara and

Name:

Dr. David E. Harris 3-4-25

Date:

Office of Historic Resources Department of City Planning 221 N. Figueroa St., Ste. 1350 Los Angeles, CA 90012

Mail your Historic-Cultural Monument Submittal to the Office of Historic Resources.

Phone: 213-874-3679 Website: preservation.lacity.org

7. WRITTEN STATEMENTS A & B

7A. PROPOSED MONUMENT DESCRIPTION

Property Description

The Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ is located at 2610 South La Salle Avenue in South Los Angeles. The one and two-story Late Gothic Revival church was developed in two phases, initiated by Austin and Brown in 1906 and completed by Austin and Pennell in 1913 for the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church. The building is in overall good condition and retains a high degree of integrity.

Site

The church is located on the southeast corner of a large parcel on Adams Boulevard and La Salle Avenue in the Adams-Normandie neighborhood of Los Angeles. The church's scale and massing distinguishes it from the surrounding area; the Adams Boulevard corridor is composed of one and two story commercial, mixed use, and multi-family residences, while surrounding buildings south on La Salle Avenue are one and two story single-family and multi-family residences.

A white metal pole sign with a cross on top that reads Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, Bishop L.C. Page Founder and Dr. D.E. Harris Senior Pastor is present at the northwestern corner of the property facing east/west. Another white metal pole sign that reads Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, Dr. D.E. Harris Senior Pastor is located off of La Salle.

The perimeter of the parcel is fenced at the western and northern property lines by a white metal gate. A metal chain link fence encloses the remainder of the property. Minimal landscaping is found at the western and northern property lines closest to the building. A time capsule installed in 2003 is located at the west property line near a contemporary concrete heart-shaped paver. The building is surrounded to the south and east by a large surface parking lot.

Building – Exterior

The 1.5 story building is rendered in the Late Gothic Revival style. The subject building is rectangular in plan and composed of brick and stone. The roof is high pitched with a cross gable and is covered with non-original asphalt shingle.

The primary/west facade faces La Salle Avenue and is asymmetrical. The facade consists of two main components: a high-pitched cross gable and the steeple. The cross gable has a plaster rake, squared off at the ridge. A two-story bay window is set into the cross gable, as is the primary entrance. The primary entrance is approached at street level by a sidewalk that leads to eight concrete steps to three identical double doors, each recessed under an Ogee four-centered portal arch. The doors are constructed of wood and feature a central glass plate, recessed in the arch behind decorative metal doors. At the northernmost section is a square steeple tower that is two bays wide with windows throughout, covered by a flat roof with a non-original affixed cross sitting at the top. The steeple windows are narrow rectangles with varying characteristics and materials including plaster sills and lintels, and louvers at the highest section.

The steeple has setbacks on each corner and a fluted entablature. There is a secondary entrance on the south facade of the steeple with a swinging wood-paneled door behind a metal security gate, framed by an ornate entablature. The window fenestration is asymmetrical and includes ornate original wood frame leaded windows; non-original sliding aluminum windows with concrete sills and lintels; fixed light clerestory windows.

The north facade, facing Adams Boulevard, was part of the 1913 construction project. It is characterized by gothic elements such as a large pointed arch tracery window, framed by two tapered buttresses, under a high-pitched gable with the same rake as the primary/west facing gable. The tracery window molding and fascia are plaster. The tracery window is framed by two slit windows on the first floor. Metal letters that read, "Greater Page Temple," are adhered to the building just below the window. The steeple tower is located to the west. There is a cornerstone on the northwest corner of the steeple tower. One side is a stone that reads, "1912"; the other, "Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ / organized V 4, 1943 / purchased Jan. 1, 1964."

The south facade is five bays wide with cut corners that also have windows. The southern part of the building is two stories with a flat roof, which attaches to the main body of the building so that the rear facing gable is significantly set back from the roofline. The rear-facing gable has wood paneled siding, three narrow arched windows, and a protruding rake. There is a recessed entrance with double wooden doors accessed by a short set of concrete steps with handrails. Windows on the first floor are rectangular casement windows, and on the second floor are non-original sliding windows. All windows have original wooden surrounds, sills and lintels. Non-original decorative metal screens have been added to the first floor windows.

The east facade features a high-pitched cross gable with two one-story rectangular wings on each side with secondary entrances. The southern entry faces east and is accessed by a short set of concrete stairs that lead up to a small landing and non-original metal door. The northern entry faces north; it is ADA accessible with a ramp leading to wooden double doors with an ornate entablature. The fenestration is asymmetrical. The windows on the north-end of the one-story wing are arched with an ornate entablature that is mirrored on the door entryway. On the second story is a mix of original leaded windows and non-original aluminum sliding windows. There is one third story arched louvered window near the top of the gable. All windows on the first story and three on the second story have non-original decorative metal screens.

Building - Interior

The interior of the church consists of the main sanctuary, vestibule, fellowship hall, downstairs offices, kitchen and basement. The main staircase, on the southwest portion of the building, features ornate wooden rails, wainscoting, and a landing with a canted bay composed of four windows. The staircase leads to the second story offices and classrooms, and balcony of the fellowship hall. There are secondary staircases on the southeastern and northwestern portions of the building.

The interior of the main sanctuary was constructed in 1913 and is accessed from a main/west vestibule, with secondary entries present to the east and south. The main sanctuary is about half of the footprint of

the church with a barrel-vaulted ceiling. Intricate hardwood ribs that terminate in corbels, cross the vaulted ceiling. Hardwood beams are exposed in the ceiling. Oak paneled wainscotting surrounds the east and west walls of the room. The original wooden pews face northward toward the chancel which is partially enclosed by a low wooden railing. A large pointed arch tracery window depicts Jesus and others in a landscape setting with donor names identified at the bottom of the window. The stage is accessed by stairs and includes a non-original baptistery. Choir risers are located at the northernmost end of the stage and behind the original pulpit.

Arcaded transepts flank the main sanctuary's nave to the west and east. There is a wooden molding arch adhered to the south wall covering almost the entire face of the wall. This wall is retractable and can be removed to connect the main sanctuary to the fellowship hall behind it. On the second floor is a small wooden balcony that looks out from the pastor's office out onto the southwest corner of the sanctuary. There are eight brass chandeliers, four on each side of the room.

The fellowship hall is a relatively modest room to the south of the building that served as the main hall before 1913. It is two stories with a balcony that extends in a U-shape, across the south, west, and east walls. On the first floor, decorative wooden moldings line the doors and windows and there is an original built-in china cabinet on the west wall. The balcony has a partial wooden-paneled wall and brass railing. Non-original auditorium style seating is on two levels of the balcony. The same type of molding adorns the walls and windows on the second floor. The fellowship hall has a coffered ceiling with a small skylight that comes down from the east side of the roof. Five pendant lights hang from the ceiling.

There are several other offices and classrooms on the first floor that retain varying degrees of original material. On the first floor, the Hall of Memories displays photos and memorabilia of the congregation's history and key members. There is a large kitchen on the southeast end of the building, just east of the fellowship hall. Rooms on the second story include various classrooms, offices, and a library off of the second story that largely retain their original doors, flooring, and window moldings. There is one room on the basement level.

Character-defining features

Building - Exterior

- 1.5 story asymmetrical building, roughly in cruciform shape
- Steeply pitched cross gabled roof
- Brick facade
- Steeple tower with windows, setbacks, and fluted entablature
- Primary double entrance wooden doors set beneath Ogee four-centered portal arches accessed by set of stairs
- Secondary double entrance wooden doors with ornate entablature
- Painted white concrete window lintels, tracery molding, and rakes

Building – Interior

- Two auditorium spaces, connected by a retractable screen
- Smaller two-story fellowship hall with a U-shaped partial wooden-paneled balcony and coffered ceilings
- Larger two-story sanctuary with barrel-vaulted ceiling composed of hardwood ribs, beams, and corbels and small balcony off of the second story
- Large tracery window featuring stained glass
- Original oak floors
- Original oak pews
- Brass chandeliers
- Arcaded transepts
- Oak paneled wainscotting
- Oak molding on doors and walls
- Original wood flooring in some second story rooms
- Built-in cabinets
- Antique door hardware

Alteration history

25 August 1906	Construct southern portion of the church
12 July 1912	Construct northern portion of the church
3 November 1931	Alter two classrooms by dividing up into smaller rooms
14 March 1950	Add projecting metal neon sign that reads "West Adams Methodist Church" on the northwestern portion of church, facing Adams
9 April 1957	Change interior partitions and plumbing
2 January 1962	Parapet wall correction on tower and over exits and exitways around building
19 March 1962	Install baptistery at stage in main sanctuary
2 February 1982	Install steel-frame cross on the steeple tower roof
Unknown date	Remove chimney on east facade

7B. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ at 2610 South La Salle Avenue meets the following criteria for designation as a Los Angeles Historic-Cultural Monument (HCM):

Criterion 1: It is identified with important events of national, state, or local history, or exemplifies significant contributions to the broad cultural, economic or social history of the nation, state, city or community.

The property meets Criterion 1 for its contributions to the spiritual, social and cultural development of the African American community in Los Angeles with a period of significance from 1952 to 1980. Beginning in 1952 when Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church occupied the building to the end of founder Bishop L.C. Page's tenure at Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, the subject building has been an important place of worship, education and cultural growth for African Americans in Los Angeles.

Criterion 2: It is associated with the lives of historic personages important to national, state, city, or local history.

The property derives significance and is eligible under Criterion 2 for its association with the church's namesake, Bishop L.C. Page, an early and foundational leader of the Church of God in Christ, who helped grow the denomination in Los Angeles, nationally, and internationally through evangelism with a period of significance from 1964 to 1980.

Criterion 3: It embodies the distinctive characteristics of a style, type, period, or method of construction; or represents a notable work of a master designer, builder, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age.

Designed by architects John C. Austin with W.C. Pennell for the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church, the subject building is an excellent example of Late Gothic Revival religious architecture in South Los Angeles with a period of significance of 1913.

Historical Background

History of Adams-Normandie

The subject building is in the Adams-Normandie neighborhood located in the southwestern section of the City of Los Angeles south of the Santa Monica Freeway and northwest of the University of Southern California (USC) campus.

This area is ancestral and unceded territory of the original people of Los Angeles, the Tongva, who defined their world as Tovaangar.¹ The subject building is closest to the former villages of Yaanga and Geveronga and was most probably controlled by them for thousands of years.² Prior to the period of conquest and colonization by Spanish, Mexican and U.S. governments (1769-present), the Tongva intensively managed their lands, by cultivating, pruning, seeding, and above all, by seasonal burning.³

¹ Sean Greene and Thomas Curwen, "Mapping the Tongva villages of L.A.'s past," Los Angeles Times, 9 May 2019.

² "Department of History Land Acknowledgement," USC Dornsife Department of History, accessed June 9, 2024, https://dornsife.usc.edu/hist/home/department-of-history-land-acknowledgement/

³ Ibid.

In the 1770s, the Spanish established a colonial military, religious, and economic base at Misíon San Gabriel Arcángel, relocating thousands of Tongva and their neighbors from surrounding village-states.⁴ The colonial occupation depended on the forced labor of the Tongva, which would eradicate the local Indigenous economic base by displacing flowerfields with European grazing grasses and cutting ancient acorn-bearing oaks for lumber.⁵ According to "We Are Still Here," a report on past, present and ongoing harms against local tribes prepared for the County of Los Angeles, "[c]enturies of displacement, enslavement, incarceration, and genocide from successive waves of settlers – the Spanish, the Mexicans, and then Americans – mean that most local Tribes don't hold the present-day titles to their ancestral lands." Despite subjugation by Spanish, Mexican and U.S. governments, members of the Gabrielino-Tongva tribe continue to be stewards of their homelands today.

In 1868, Charles Victor Hall, a claims lawyer who had worked for the U.S. Land Office, purchased 160 acres of "dry, gently sloping brush land," which is generally bounded by Adams Boulevard on the north, Jefferson Boulevard on the south, Normandie Avenue on the east, and Western Avenue on the west. Hall homesteaded the West Adams Heights Tract, to the north of this area, with his sister Mary in the same year.

By 1908, following the establishment and expansion of the University of Southern California (USC) and subsequent improvements to city infrastructure and transportation systems, the neighborhoods surrounding USC became prime real estate for affluent families in the City. Mostly middle-class white residents moved into the area and by 1912, the tract was nearly built-out with single-family dwellings on its internal streets and commercial buildings along the perimeter streets of Jefferson Boulevard, Adams Boulevard, and Western Avenue. Description of the University of Southern California (USC) and subsequent improvements to city infrastructure and transportation systems, the neighborhoods surrounding USC became prime real estate for affluent families in the City. Mostly middle-class white residents moved into the area and by 1912, the tract was nearly built-out with single-family dwellings on its internal streets and commercial buildings along the perimeter streets of Jefferson Boulevard, Adams Boulevard, and Western Avenue. Description of the University of Southern California (USC) and subsequent improvements to city infrastructure and transportation systems, the neighborhoods surrounding USC became prime real estate for affluent families in the City. The provided in the City of Southern California (USC) and the neighborhoods surrounding USC became prime real estate for affluent families in the City.

By 1939, the Home Owners' Loan Corporation (HOLC) noted that deed restrictions in Adams-Normandie had expired and described the neighborhood as "In Decline." According to HOLC, fifteen to twenty years previous to mapping the district, the area was considered high grade, however due to conversion of old homes into multifamily dwellings and boarding houses and the possibility that it could become a blighted area through infiltration of subversive racial elements from districts to the south, it was given a "low yellow" grade.¹¹

⁴ "Department of History Land Acknowledgement," USC Dornsife Department of History, accessed June 9, 2024, https://dornsife.usc.edu/hist/home/department-of-history-land-acknowledgement/

⁶ Ashley Dobson, Tremayne Nez, and Desireé Martinez, "We Are Still Here." A Report on Past, Present, and Ongoing Harms Against Local Tribes, 8.

⁷ In 1969, this area was designated for redevelopment by the City Council and identified as the Normandie 5 Project Redevelopment Area. For more information, see Patricia Adler, *History of the Normandie Program Area*, 1.

⁸ Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Normandie 5 Redevelopment Area, 17. While the Homestead Act increased the number of people in the western U.S. it added another layer of conflict between the U.S. government and native peoples. See Native Americans and the Homestead Act,

 $https://www.nps.gov/home/learn/historyculture/native-americans-and-the-homestead-act.htm\#: \sim : text = The \%20 Homestead \%20 Act \%20 increased \%20 the, homelands \%20 or \%20 crowded \%20 onto \%20 reservations.$

⁹ Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Normandie 5 Redevelopment Area, 19.

¹¹ HOLC C122 Area Description of Los Angeles, https://dsl.richmond.edu/panorama/redlining/map/CA/LosAngeles/area_descriptions/C122#loc=15/34.0091/-118.2955&adview=full

According to the U.S. Census, the population of the neighborhood was almost exclusively of European ancestry until after World War II. The *Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Normandie 5 Community Redevelopment Area* documents:

The vast majority of the residential neighborhoods in Los Angeles west of Main Street were subject to racially restrictive covenants and the Charles Victor Hall Tract was no exception. The use of covenants diminished after 1948, when the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in *Shelley v. Kraemer* that it was unconstitutional for courts to enforce the agreements, although it never declared the agreements themselves unlawful. (*Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Normandie 5 Community Redevelopment Area*, 19)

The *Shelley v. Kraemer* case had roots in a Los Angeles restrictive covenant case involving the White Homeowners Protective Association and Black homeowners of Sugar Hill, a neighborhood located just north of the Charles Victor Hall Tract. Famed civil rights lawyer Loren Miller argued the case and won in California Supreme Court. While the decision was appealed by the white homeowners, it set an important precedent for future cases concerning racial covenants. Miller went on to work with a team of lawyers to help bring the issue before the U.S. Supreme Court, where it was considered under the *Shelley v. Kraemer* case; Miller wrote the brief and argued the case alongside Thurgood Marshall. The Supreme Court ruled that racially restrictive covenants could not be enforced by the state of California, because the enforcement of the covenant would require the state to implement a discriminatory action. With deed restrictions deemed unconstitutional, the population of area continued to diversify with increasing numbers of African Americans and Latinx residents in the 1950s and subsequent decades.

Today, the area is comprised of single-family and multi-family residential, commercial and institutional resources dating from the 1880s through the 1960s as well as more recent infill development. Notable historic resources in the neighborhood include the Golden State Mutual Insurance Building (HCM #580), Loren Miller Park and Community Center and Fire Station No. 18 (HCM #349).

Development of 2610 South La Salle Avenue and Brief History of its Congregations

According to the *Los Angeles Times*, the original congregation of the subject building was the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church, established in 1902.¹³ In 1906, they hired the architecture firm of Austin and Brown to begin plans for a church within the "exclusive residence district." Due to a shortage of funds, the construction of the church was put on hold for several years. When the building was completed in 1913 by Austin and Pennell, the *Los Angeles Times* described it: "[T]o all intents and purposes, a new edifice," which incorporated the earlier rear portion of the building into "one of the most attractive churches of its size yet erected in Los Angeles." Dedication ceremonies lasted one week,

¹² Josh Sides, L.A. City Limits, African American Los Angeles from the Great Depression to the Present, 98-99.

¹³ "Crenshaw Methodists to Hold Pioneer Night," Los Angeles Times, 9 May 1953.

¹⁴ Ibid; Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety *Building Permit*, August 25, 1906. An exclusive residence district would have referred to a deed restricted residential area that forbade certain uses, types of buildings, or owners/occupants based on race or ethnicity.

¹⁵ "Modest Strat [sic], Notable End," Los Angeles Times, 13 March 1913. A 1907 Sanborn map confirms the construction of the rear portion of the subject building. This map also shows a single-story residence on the adjacent parcel on West Adams Boulevard, east of the subject building. By 1922, the Sanborn map of the same area shows the subject building's parcel now expanded to include the parcel to the east where the residence once stood. Los Angeles City directories document the residence at 1854 W. Adams from 1899 to 1922.

¹⁶ "Handsome Edifice," Los Angeles Times, 28 December 1913.

beginning with a Sunday morning service led by Bishop Hughes and culminating with an Easter Communion service conducted by the pastor of the church, Reverend George A. Henry.¹⁷

"In the early twentieth century, the Methodist Episcopal Church was a powerful religious, social and political presence in Los Angeles," according to Spitzerri¹⁸ In 1880, Methodists were primary founders of the University of Southern California, which was affiliated with the church into the early 20th century. ¹⁹ They were also at the forefront of the temperance movement and advocated for local and national Prohibition. ²⁰ Prominent civic and business leaders served on the board of directors of the West Adams Methodist Church, such as Luther G. Reynolds, Superintendent of the Methodist Hospital and Los Angeles Commandery No. 9 of the Knights Templar, and Charles Irwin Douglas (C.I.D.) Moore with Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company and trustee of the University of Southern California. ²¹

The subject church was founded as the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church, but following mergers in 1939, it would thereafter be known as the West Adams Methodist Church.²² In 1952, the West Adams Methodist congregation, which is believed to have served a primarily white congregation during this time, sold their building to the Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptists, a Black congregation. Although the exact reasons for selling the subject property remain unknown at the time of this writing, given the merger of West Adams with the Parkdale congregation the same year the building was sold, it is likely the West Adams congregation was in their final lifecycle and sought to combine resources with another congregation as a self-preservation strategy.²³ United with Parkdale Church, they formed the Crenshaw Methodist Church at 3740 Don Felipe Drive (extant, now called Crenshaw United Methodist Church).²⁴

The Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church had grown from 40 to 1500 congregants in less than three years under the leadership of Reverend H.B. Charles. The subject building was purchased to accommodate their rapidly growing congregation. The entrance observance included a march from its previous church location on the corner of 27th and Western Avenue (extant) to the subject building. Festivities associated with their new church were held over a ten-day period in July 1952.²⁵

¹⁷ "Handsome Edifice," Los Angeles Times, 28 December 1913.

¹⁸ Paul R. Spitzerri, "Take It On Faith: The Dedication Program for the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Los Angeles, 8 July 1923," accessed February 14, 2025, https://homesteadmuseum.blog/2021/07/08/take-it-on-faith-the-dedication-program-for-the-first-methodist-episcopal-church-los-angeles-8-july-1923/
¹⁹ Ibid.

²⁰ Ibid.

²¹ "Luther G. Reynolds, 62, Masonic Leader, Dies," Los Angeles Times, 9 December 1947; "C.I.D. Moore, Pioneer Civic Leader, Dies," Los Angeles Times, 25 April 1944. Charles I.D. Moore's final residence located at 2242 South Hobart in the nearby West Adams Heights Tract has been landmarked (Historic-Cultural Monument #1086). ²² Leah Griffith email communication to authors, January 26, 2025; In 1939, the Methodist Episcopal Church, the Methodist Episcopal Church South and the Methodist Protestant Church merged to become the Methodist Church, hence the name change from the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church to the West Adams Methodist Church. ²³ Jennifer Gaylord, email communication to Leah Griffith forwarded to authors, December 11, 2024; The 1952 Journal of the One Hundred Second Annual Session confirms July 1952 as the date West Adams sold their property to Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church. Additional annual conference booklets of the California-Pacific Conference of the United Methodist Church document a decrease in the West Adams Methodist church membership from 424 in 1916 to 230 in 1951, the year before the sale of the church property. See California-Pacific Conference The United Methodist Church, 1916 Journal of the Forty-First Annual Session in Southern California Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church (1876-1939), 154, www.calpacumc.org/archiveshistory; California-Pacific Conference The United Methodist Church, 1951 Journal of the One Hundred First Annual Session in Southern California-Arizona Conference of The Methodist Church (1939-1967), 194, www.calpacumc.org/archiveshistory; 1952 Journal of the One Hundred Second Annual Session in Southern California-Arizona Conference of The Methodist Church (1939-1967, 162, www.calpacumc.org/archiveshistory.

²⁴ "Crenshaw Methodists to Hold Pioneer Night," Los Angeles Times, 9 May 1953.

²⁵ "Mt. Sinai Planning Entrance Observance," Los Angeles Sentinel, 3 July 1952.

Six years later, the congregation had grown to more than 6,000 members, with new programs dedicated to the spiritual and material well-being of its congregants. A.S. "Doc" Young of the *Los Angeles Sentinel* wrote of Mt. Sinai in 1958, "This is a church whose membership is a true cross-section of the city's Negro population. It is not by any means a society church. For on its rolls are listed boot-blacks and businessmen, movie stars and beauticians, barbers and attorneys, doctors, and domestics."²⁷

When Reverend H.B. Charles and his congregation arrived at the subject building in 1952, Mt. Sinai's pastor was already known as a dynamo in the pulpit and served as the second vice president of Baptist Ministers' Union, the largest body of ministers west of the Mississippi River.²⁸ During his tenure at the subject building, Reverend Charles' leadership on religious and community matters continued to grow. He was frequently invited to speak at special church services, events, and meetings, which ranged from a 1953 panel, "The Contribution of the Negro's Church to Negro History," part of the city's annual Negro History Week (precursor to Black History Month programs), to a 1957 Thanksgiving Prayer Service organized by the Baptist Ministers' Union and the Los Angeles Business Men's Associates, which aimed to bring Black businessmen and the clergy closer to together to solve community problems, to a meeting called by Reverend H.H. Brookings of the First AME Church in 1962 between the Black community and the LAPD to go over plans for establishing a better atmosphere in police procedures among the city's minority groups.²⁹

Mt. Sinai also provided a safe space for community organizations to meet and host events in the 1950s and 1960s. In 1954, as part of the city's annual Negro History Week programming, a historical survey of Black music with Professor John A. Gray, President of the Musicians Alliance, was presented at Mt. Sinai Baptist Church.³⁰ In the years following, Negro History Week planning meetings were held at the subject building.³¹

The church supported activities that sought to give a stronger political voice to its congregants and community. A single membership drive held at the church in 1960 resulted in the enrollment of more than 500 members to the NAACP Los Angeles Chapter's membership roster. In 1962, a voter registration rally which featured guest speaker Governor Pat Brown was organized at the church by the ministers of the Church Registration Association on the anniversary of the historic Supreme Court decision desegregating schools built on previous local voter registration efforts.³² Such community organizing efforts and events would lead to important gains for the community, including the desegregation of schools in Los Angeles.

In the 1960s, Black churches across the U.S. would play an integral role in the Civil Rights Movement, though Black Baptists were divided on the role the church should play in the struggle. In the 1960s, those who supported the efforts of Martin Luther King, Jr., including Reverend Charles, established the Progressive Convention in California.³³ The Progressive National Baptist Convention was established in 1961 and emphasized civil rights and social justice.

²⁶ Ibid.

²⁷ A.S. Doc Young, "Mt. Sinai Grew From Nothing," Los Angeles Sentinel, 13 November 1958.

²⁸ "Baptist Ministers Union Installs Officers at Village Baptist Church," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 26 January 1950.

²⁹ "History Week Mass Parley Feb. 8," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 5 February 1953; "Business Men Hold Joint Prayer Rites," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 5 December 1957; "Chief Boils, Pastors' Please Bring Calmness," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 17 May 1962.

³⁰ Ibid.

³¹ "History Week Group Maps 1955 Agenda," Los Angeles Sentinel, 13 January 1955.

³² "Ministers Will Get Out Vote," Los Angeles Sentinel, 3 May 1962.

³³ "The Progressive News," H.B. Charles Jr, accessed November 26, 2022, https://hbcharlesjr.com/resource-library/articles/the-progressive-news/.

On February 28, 1960, three planned events in Los Angeles, including one at the subject building, featured Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. on behalf of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. The *Los Angeles Sentinel* reported, "This is the first time in the history of Los Angeles two ministerial groups have come together as one to afford the city unity in support of the principles for which Dr. King stands." The event was sponsored by the Baptist Ministers Union and the Interdenominational Ministers Alliance. Dr. King's address to the huge crowd that gathered at Mt. Sinai was titled "Going Forward by Going Backward" and called upon U.S. leaders to save the soul of America by returning to the principles of brotherhood and freedom of which the county was founded. Following his speech, Reverend Charles presented Dr. King with a plaque honoring him for his achievements in human relations.

In 1963, Bishop L.C. Page, a foundational leader of the Church of God in Christ (COGIC), purchased the subject building and moved his congregation which was located at 1545 W. 35th Place (extant)³⁷ to their permanent home in 1964. Like the Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptists who had moved into the subject building to accommodate their growing congregation, the incoming congregation also needed a larger place to worship. Their congregation thereafter would be known as Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ (Greater Page Temple COGIC).

As the longtime location of the Greater Page Temple COGIC and for its association with Bishop L.C. Page, the subject building is an important part of African American religious history in Los Angeles. A key driver in the Church of God in Christ's national and international evangelism mission and agenda, Bishop Page brought growing numbers of people from across the city, country and world to Pentecostalism. In addition to his weekly Sunday radio programs, ³⁸ a variety of public events and programs held at the subject building were intended to grow the Church of God in Christ's ministry in Los Angeles. The larger space accommodated more local programs, including a 40-day Lenten Revival (1965), Men's Day (1966), and the Homecoming Gospel Musical featuring internationally acclaimed Clara Ward and the Ward Singers (1968), programs meant to draw new members and sustain existing ones.³⁹

The church also hosted important statewide gatherings of denominational church leaders such as 40th annual International Evangelists Convention of the Church of God in Christ (1968) and the State Workers Meeting of the Central California Jurisdiction of the Church of God in Christ (1969). To date, all but one of the Church of God in Christ's Presiding Bishops have visited and preached at Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ multiple times, affirming the church's important place in the denomination's development and history.

Following Bishop Page's passing in 1980, his son Lucius Page Jr. was appointed the pastor of the church, a post he held until 2000. Pastor Theodis Johnson was the pastor from 2000 to 2016. In 2016, Pastor Dr. David E. Harris was appointed the pastor by Bishop Joe L. Ealy. Today Greater Page Temple COGIC offers weekly in-person and virtual bible study and Sunday services. The church organizes a number of community-serving programs, including providing weekly food boxes to needy families, hosting an

³⁷ "Celebration Planned for The Pages," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 15 June 1967; "Crenshaw Methodists to Hold Pioneer Night," *Los Angeles Times*, 9 May 1953.

³⁴ "Rev. King Here Sun. In Rally Meetings," Los Angeles Sentinel, 25 February 1960.

³⁵ "Huge Crowds Attend M.L. King Rallies," Los Angeles Sentinel, 3 March 1960.

³⁶ Ibid

^{38 &}quot;Dedication Services of Greater Page Temple," Los Angeles Sentinel, 16 January 1964.

³⁹ "Page Temple Maps Revival," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 11 March 1965; "Photo Standalone 30 – No Title," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 27 October 1966; "Clara Ward To Sing at Page Temple," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 8 February 1968. ⁴⁰ "World Religious Advocates Congregate For Convention," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 29 August 1968; "Statewide Workers Meeting Set," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 23 January 1969.

⁴¹ Zoom conversation with Pastor Dr. David E. Harris, December 13, 2022.

annual free Thanksgiving dinner and Christmas Toy Drive, and direct ministry to people experiencing homelessness and the general public.

In 2011, the subject building was identified as an eligible historic resource in the Normandie 5 Redevelopment Area Historic Resources Survey (2011) under two contexts: Government and Private Institutional Development, 1894-1912 and Residential Development, 1946-1960, and assigned California Historical Resource Status codes 3S, 3CS and 5S2. In addition to the church's role as a significant center for African American religious and cultural life in the 1950s to the present day, the subject building has been a significant filming location for nearly a century, featured in multiple movies, television shows, music videos and photo shoots. In 1925, the exterior of the church was used in *Seven Chances*, a film directed by and starring Buster Keaton. The film also featured Ruth Dwyer, T. Roy Barnes and Snitz Edwards. Also in 1925, Harry Edwards directed *His Marriage Wow*, which featured the interior of the building. The film starred Harry Langston, Natalie Kingston, William McCall and Vernon Dent. In more recent years, the interior of the church was used in two episodes of the television series, *Bosch*, starring Titus Welliver. The Episodes "Chapter Eight: High Low," (2015) and "Victim of the Night," (2016) include scenes filmed at the church. And for his sixteenth studio album and first gospel album, *Bible of Love*, iconic rapper Snoop Dogg filmed his music video, "Words are Few," inside the church. The video also features singer B. Slade. The album was nominated for a BET Award for Best Gospel/Inspirational Artist.

Church of God in Christ in Los Angeles

In *Bound for Freedom: Black Los Angeles in Jim Crow America*, historian Doug Flamming writes, "Black churches were their pride and joy, their haven in a racist America. Race, obviously, had everything to do with the creation of Black churches, but it was only in these churches that African Americans could truly act as individual Americans, without having to strain their lives through the filter of race." Churches were not only places of spiritual nourishment and expression, but also where ministers, lay leaders, and congregants considered the experiences and needs of the African American community.

Black churches in Los Angeles appeared early and proliferated quickly, following broader African American settlement patterns. By 1926, according to the federal religious census, Los Angeles had 33 Black churches with over 10,000 members; by 1936 there were 54 churches with 17,296 members. In the early 20th century, Protestantism was the leading Christian denomination in the African American community in Los Angeles with Methodist and Baptist churches dominating the African American religious landscape.

There were alternatives to all-Black churches in Los Angeles, the most important being the Black-led Azusa Street Revival, which began in 1906 in the area where the Japanese American Cultural and Community Center now stands. ⁴⁴ Led by Pastor William Seymour and his wife Jennie Moore Seymour, people of all ages and racial backgrounds came to worship at Azusa Street Revival. Soon, the charismatic movement started by the Seymours led to the creation of several Pentecostal denominations, including the Church of God in Christ.

⁴² Doug Flamming, Bound for Freedom: Black Los Angeles in Jim Crow America, 110.

⁴³ Michael Engh, "Practically Every Religion Being Represented," in *Metropolis in the Making: Los Angeles in the 1920s*, ed. Tom Sitton and William Deverell (Berkeley: UC Press, 2001), 205.

⁴⁴ Today, the Azusa Street Revival is memorialized with a plaque located in the plaza of the Japanese American Cultural and Community Center and a street sign on San Pedro Street that reads, "Azusa St. Mission, site of the Azusa St. Revival 1906-1931. Cradle of the Worldwide Pentecostal Movement." For more information, see David Hino, "The Birthplace of Millions: Azusa Street Revival and Little Tokyo," July 6, 2012.

Now the largest Pentecostal group in the county and the second largest of all Black Christian denominations in the U.S., the Church of God in Christ was founded in Memphis, Tennessee in 1907 by then Baptist preacher Charles Harrison Mason, following a visit to Azusa Street Revival in Los Angeles. On the visit, Mason was said to have been filled with the spirit and reportedly spoke in tongues. ⁴⁵ Mason had previously been dismissed by his Baptist church in Arkansas because of his beliefs. He sought the "fullness of God" and a deeper spiritual experience. Mason would later emphasize the value of prophetic Black Christianity. ⁴⁶

Los Angeles would become the headquarters of the Church of God in Christ's Southern California First Jurisdiction, also referred to as the "Jerusalem" of the Pentecostal Movement. The Church of God in Christ began its ministry in Los Angeles in 1914, led by Overseer Eddie Robert Driver and his wife Mother Annie Driver. Sent by COGIC founder Bishop Mason, they established Saints Home Church of God in Christ at 1460 East 20th Street (extant), the first organized church in the State of California and West Coast in 1916.

From the 1930s to 1970s, during the tenure of Bishop Martin Crouch Sr., Overseer of the State of California, the Church of God in Christ's First Jurisdiction experienced tremendous growth. Bishop L.C. Page, longtime pastor of Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ in South Los Angeles, was among the First Jurisdiction's foundational leaders.

In July 1964, when the Greater Page Temple COGIC moved into the subject building, the *Los Angeles Sentinel's* Church Directory listed 16 COGIC churches in Los Angeles. By January 1981, following Bishop L.C. Page's passing, COGIC churches had more than doubled, with 34 listed in Los Angeles and many more in the Greater Los Angeles area. From ten congregations in the U.S. in 1907, to the largest Pentecostal group in the country today, COGIC in Los Angeles continues to play a major role in growing the denomination.⁵⁰

Bishop L.C. Page

Lucius Conklin "L.C." Page, founder and longtime pastor of the Greater Page Temple COGIC, played a significant role in the development and growth of COGIC on the local, state, and national level as the longest serving national leader of the Department of Evangelism. Page was born on August 16, 1894 in Kemper County, Mississippi to Perry and Mary Page, a farmer and housekeeper, respectively.⁵¹ It is believed that he began preaching in Mississippi at five years of age.⁵² He was 18 years old when he received his first assignment as a pastor in Columbus, Ohio.⁵³

⁴⁹ Ibid; Saints Home in Los Angeles was named after COGIC founder Mason's first church in Memphis, Tennessee.

⁴⁵ Helen Losse, "Church of God in Christ," accessed November 6, 2022, https://www.ncpedia.org/church-god-christ.

⁴⁷ Mother Frances E. Harris, "Southern California First Jurisdiction Church of God in Christ, 100 Year History (1914 to 2014), 1.

⁴⁸ Ibid.

⁵⁰ West Los Angeles COGIC at 3600 Crenshaw is the largest COGIC congregation in the country, with an estimated 25,000 members.

⁵¹ 1900 U.S. Federal Census, Ancestry.com; *U.S. World War II Draft Registration Cards, 1942* [database on-line]. Lehi, UT, US: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2010.

⁵² Virgie W Murray, "Last Rites For Bishop L.C. Page," Los Angeles Sentinel, 6 November 1980.

⁵³ Jason Taylor, "Bishop L.C. Page at the age of 18 years old Pastoring his first Church," March 23, 2021, accessed May 20, 2024,

https://www.facebook.com/groups/407157769825687/search/?q=bishop%20page%2C%2018%20years.

In 1927, then-Elder Page was appointed to lead a new group of evangelists within the Church of God in Christ in St. Louis by the denomination's founder Bishop Mason.⁵⁴ Elder Page was given a second task by Bishop Mason in 1933 – to organize and supervise a National Evangelist Board, and soon began having meetings in different places across the country.⁵⁵ The first of these meetings was held in Memphis around 1937. The early conventions of the Evangelist Board were essentially crusades led by Bishop Page, "a noted soul-winner," who converted large numbers.

Bishop Page and his second wife Thelma came to California in 1943 to conduct a revival for Reverend W.L. McKinney at the COGIC's 21st Street Temple (extant) in South Los Angeles. The results of the revival were transformative, delivering healing graces to many who suffered chronic diseases. Following the 28-day revival, the Pages decided to stay in Los Angeles and soon established their own church, Page Evangelist Temple (also known as Page Temple). Page Temple is considered among the founding COGIC churches in Los Angeles, remembered for helping the First Jurisdiction rise to the forefront of the National Church. For

Bishop L.C. Page began preaching out of a small tent on San Pedro and Jefferson Street. Soon after, the congregation purchased 337 E. Jefferson Boulevard (demolished) in October 1943. In 1950, they outgrew that building and moved to a larger building about two miles away at 605 E. 8th Street (demolished), formerly occupied by the Wesley Methodist Episcopal Church. There the congregation grew to 1,000 members. Eventually a permit to demolish the 8th Street church was issued in 1954. Longtime members of the congregation have shared that eminent domain may have been the reason for the building's demolition. At around this time, the congregation merged with Antioch Church of God in Christ located at 1545 W. 35th Place (extant). The congregation moved to the subject building in January 1964 where they have remained since.

The Page Evangelist congregation became widely known in the early 1950s, in large part due to the dynamic leadership of Bishop Page, remembered by some as the "Billy Sunday" of the Race," and their Sunday prayer services, which were broadcast weekly over local radio stations. In addition to the charismatic Bishop Page, the church's Radio Choir and other performers used their musical talents to draw people to the church. The COGIC emphasized the use of the choir as an integral part of the worship experience. In 1951, Pearline Ford, considered to be a leading American choir director in her heyday, became a member of the Page Evangelist Temple's Radio Choir.

⁵⁴ Department of Evangelism Training Manual and Handbook (Church of God in Christ, Inc., 2013), 6.

⁵⁵ Ibid.

⁵⁶ Author unknown, "From the Tent to the Temple," 10.

⁵⁷ Mother Frances E. Harris, "Southern California First Jurisdiction Church of God in Christ, 100 Year History (1914 to 2014), 2.

⁵⁸ Pastor Francis Harris, "History of Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ," n.d. and "Celebration Planned for The Pages," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 15 June 1967.

⁵⁹ Church of God in Christ, Church of God in Christ 54th Annual Holy Convocation Souvenir Booklet, 23.

⁶⁰ Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety Building Permit, April 12, 1954.

⁶¹ "History of Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ," n.d.; Zoom conversation with Pastor Dr. David E. Harris, December 13, 2022.

⁶² "Celebration Planned for The Pages," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 15 June 1967; "Crenshaw Methodists to Hold Pioneer Night," *Los Angeles Times*, 9 May 1953.

⁶³ "Bishop L.C. Page Conducts Xmas Community Meetings," Los Angeles Sentinel, 21 December 1950.

⁶⁴ "Advertisement for Page Evangelist Temple Church's Early Prayer Hour," Los Angeles Sentinel, 31 January 1951.

^{65 &}quot;Musical Achievements of Pearline Ford Listed," Los Angeles Sentinel, 7 May 1964.

While serving his local congregation in Los Angeles, Bishop Page also served as the longtime national and international head of evangelism for the Church of God in Christ. Bishop Page had many accomplishments during his tenure as the head of the Department of Evangelism, which include but are not limited to establishing new communication and organizational tools such as *The Evangelist Speaks*, a monthly national Church of God in Christ publication in 1950, the first "regional" system in the department, the Evangelist Identification card, and the National Evangelist License.⁶⁶

In 1950, Bishop Page presided and delivered the keynote message at the annual National Evangelists of the Church of God in Christ session in Gary, Indiana, where he launched a crusade to add 25,000 new members to the churches throughout the U.S.⁶⁷ In Los Angeles, he ran tent revivals throughout the First Jurisdiction in the 1950s.⁶⁸ Bishop Page's evangelism ministry would have him travel around the world as well. In 1955, the *Los Angeles Sentinel* reported on his return from a worldwide Pentecostal convention in Sweden, which also included stops in London, Paris, Jerusalem, and Cairo.⁶⁹

In 1972, when the Church of God in Christ's Board of Evangelism became an official Department of Evangelism according to the church's constitution, Bishop L.C. Page was appointed its first National President. He is noted as the longest serving department leader in the Church of God in Christ. He was a trusted counselor to other African American clergy and lay leaders in Los Angeles, irrespective of religious denomination. Bishop L.C. Page passed away on October 29, 1980.

Late Gothic Revival Architecture

In the U.S., Gothic Revival architecture was one of the earliest Period Revival styles, becoming popular in the late 18th century and remaining a preferred style of ecclesiastical, educational, and other institutional architecture through the 19th century. In Los Angeles, the Gothic Revival style was not common until after World War I. From the 1910s until the 1940s, every prominent architect of the era in Los Angeles designed buildings in the Late Gothic Revival style.⁷³

The Late Gothic Revival style was used to emphasize verticality and create prominence for buildings in the horizontally-oriented city. The style made reference to legitimacy, permanence, and familiar forms that connected the institutions of Los Angeles to the established eastern cities of the U.S. and Europe.

According to *SurveyLA*, the Late Gothic Revival style in Los Angeles was simpler in massing and more detailed in ornament than earlier interpretations of Gothic Revival across the U.S.⁷⁴ Buildings were always constructed of masonry or a substitute material like concrete painted and scored to appear like stone. Two tones of masonry were used to create chromatic contrasts across elevations between rooflines,

⁶⁶ "History," International Department of Evangelism Church of God in Christ, accessed May 24, 2024, https://www.idoecogic.org/history/.

⁶⁷ "Bishop L.C. Page Presides at Annual National Evangelist Parley Feb. 14-21 in Gary," *Los Angeles Sentinel*, 2 February 1950.

⁶⁸ Mother Frances E. Harris, "Southern California First Jurisdiction Church of God in Christ, 100 Year History (1914 to 2014), 4.

⁶⁹ "Bishop Returns From Religious Convention," Los Angeles Sentinel, 21 July 1955.

⁷⁰ COGIC Department of Evangelism, 2021, "Bishop C.H. Mason and How Evangelists Help Build COGIC," October 26, 2021, 16:34, https://www.facebook.com/watch/live/?ref=watch_permalink&v=618592229280463. ⁷¹ Ibid.

⁷² In conversation with Pastor David E. Harris, April 16, 2024.

⁷³ SurveyLA Citywide Historic Context Statement: Architecture and Engineering/Period Revival; Housing the Masses/Period Revival Neighborhoods, 24.

⁷⁴ Ibid.

entries, and window surrounds. Detailed Gothic ornament, including pointed arched entry and window surrounds, was made of cast stone or terra cotta.⁷⁵

The subject property is an excellent example of Late Gothic Revival architectural style applied to an ecclesiastical building. It features many Gothic Revival elements such as tapered buttresses, a steep crossgable roof, a tower, and pointed arches. Additional Gothic ornaments include two contrasting tones of masonry and stained glass windows. Gothic Revival elements are found throughout the interior, which includes a large tracery window in the main sanctuary, a vaulted ceiling, and arched doorways. The interior is finished in oak, adding to the rich feeling of a Gothic Revival church building. Though some alterations have been made over the years to accommodate multiple congregations' needs, the subject building remains largely intact and retains sufficient integrity to convey its significance.

John C. Austin

John C. Austin was born in 1870 in Oxfordshire, England. His education consisted largely of private tutoring. He began his career in California as a draftsman in San Francisco and moved to Los Angeles in 1895, where he formed a succession of architectural partnerships beginning in 1896.⁷⁶

When Austin was commissioned to design the subject building, he was a Partner in the firm of Austin and Brown, Architects. Upon completion of the subject building, he was a Partner in the firm of Austin and Pennell, Architects. In his 50+ years practicing architecture in Southern California,⁷⁷ Austin designed and supervised the construction of many landmark buildings in Los Angeles, including the Shrine Auditorium (HCM #139), Hollywood Masonic Temple (HCM #277), and the Griffith Observatory (HCM #168). He also helped design and supervise the building of Los Angeles City Hall (HCM #150), in conjunction with John C. Parkinson and Albert C. Martin, Sr. Austin was an active and dedicated member of the American Institute of Architects (AIA). He served as the Southern California Chapter president of the AIA in 1912 and became an AIA fellow in 1913.

In addition to his professional accomplishments, Austin was a prominent civic leader in Los Angeles. He served as a president of various organizations, including the Chamber of Commerce, Jonathan Club, Southern California Historical Society, Los Angeles Humane Society for Children, and State Board of Architectural Examiners. He was a longtime resident of Pasadena and died in 1963 at the age of 93.

W.C. Pennell

According to research conducted for the National Register nomination for Fairfax Theater (Los Angeles), Woodbury C. Pennell (1883-1951) was born in Portland, Maine. In 1909, Pennell worked for Los Angeles architect John C. Austin as a draftsman. By 1910, as an architect, Pennell worked as Austin's partner. With Austin, Pennell designed many downtown steel-frame height-limit buildings, along with civic and industrial projects. They designed the Alvarado Street Theater (highly altered) as well as such landmarks as the 1912 West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church at Adams and La Salle (later the Greater

⁷⁵ Marcus Whiffen, *American Architecture Since 1780: A Guide to Styles* (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1981), 173. ⁷⁶ "Austin, Field & Fry," Los Angeles Conservancy, accessed September 12, 2022,

https://www.laconservancy.org/architects/austin-field-fry.

⁷⁷ "John Corneby Wilson Austin (Architect)," Pacific Coast Architecture Database, accessed September 12, 2022, https://pcad.lib.washington.edu/person/107/

Temple Page Church of God), Hotel Leighton on MacArthur Park (demolished), and the Bronson Block at 527 W. 7th Street (later the Collection Building).⁷⁸

In 1914, Pennell founded his own firm. In addition to the collaborative projects, Pennell designed elegant residences, schools, a large industrial laundry facility, and at least two other theaters—the Strand Theater at 4409 S. Broadway in 1921 (extant, highly altered) and a theater in San Pedro. In the 1940s, Pennell served as an advisor to the Los Angeles City Planning Commission.⁷⁹

Conclusion

SurveyLA's African American History in Los Angeles asserts, "Churches represented spaces of racial autonomy and freedom, where blacks could workshop in their own spaces and according to their own traditions. They also represented springboards for community leadership, as well as centers of social life, business networks, and civil rights activism." The subject property at 2610 S. La Salle Avenue is a largely intact example of an early institutional development in South Los Angeles which has been in use as a house of worship for 112 years. The subject building is significant as an important ecclesiastical building associated with African American religious and social history in Los Angeles beginning in the 1952 to 1980, for its association with a significant African American religious leader in the Church of God in Christ, Bishop L.C. Page, and for its architecture. For over 70 years, this church has centered the spiritual, social, and political growth of its African American congregants and community. Together, these generations of Angelenos have uplifted and conserved important African American religious and social history through their individual and collective actions, traditions, and stewardship.

⁷⁸ See Section 8 pages 28-29 of National Register nomination for the Fairfax Theater, https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/pages/1067/files/CA_Los%20Angeles%20County_Fairfax%20Theatre.pdf. For further information: "Fine Gothic House of Worship," Los Angeles Times, January 14, 1912, 10; "The Westward Trend—to Erect Fine Loft Building," Los Angeles Times, June 23, 1912; "Size of Hotel Leighton to Be Nearly Trebled," Los Angeles Times, June 9, 1912; "Classic in Style—New Alvarado State Theater Has Imposing Front," Los Angeles Times, July 19, 1914, 2; Alan Michelson, "William C. Pennell (Architect)," Alan Michelson, accessed October 23, 2019, http://pcad.lib.washington.edu/person/864/.

⁷⁹ See Section 8 pages 28-29 of National Register nomination for the Fairfax Theater, https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/pages/1067/files/CA_Los%20Angeles%20County_Fairfax%20Theatre.pdf. For further information: "For Wilshire Corner," *Los Angeles Times*, October 11, 1914, 4; "To Build Laundry Here," *Los Angeles Times*, April 1, 1923; "Beverly Boulevard Playhouse Announced. Theater and Store Buildings Will Be Erected within Ninety Days"; "Ground Broken for Playhouse on Boulevard"; "School Additions Voted," *Los Angeles Times*, May 12, 1931, 15; "Four New School Units Planned for Kiddies," *Los Angeles Times*, December 13, 1931, 3; Michelson, "William C. Pennell (Architect)"; "Obituary—Woodbury C. Pennell," *Los Angeles Times*, April 18, 1951, 11.

⁸⁰ SurveyLA African American History of Los Angeles, 120.

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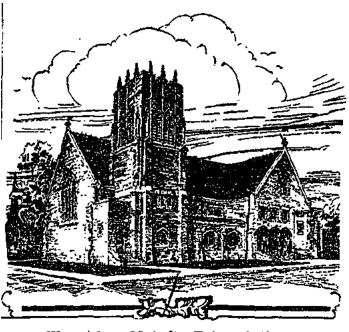
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North façade of Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ at 2610 S. La Salle Avenue, view south. Photo by Andrea Mauk. WILL FINISH CHURCH.: WEST ADAMS METHODISTS TO COMPLETE BEAUTIFUL ... Los Angeles Times (1886-1922); Jan 14, 1912; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times pg. V110

Fine Gothic House of Worship.



West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church,

Corner Adams and La Salle, as it will appear when completed. John C

Austin and W. C. Pennell, associated architects.

WILL FINISH CHURCH.

West Adams Methodists to Complete Beautiful Gothic Edifice Started Years Ago at Corner of La Salle.

With the completion by John C. Austin and W. C. Pennell, associated architects, of working plans, it is probable that construction will be begun upon the auditorium portion of the church of the West Adams Methodist Episcopal congregation at the corner of West Adams street and La Salle avenue, Such a plan is now actively being urged by the members of that body.

The Sunday-school part of the church was erected a number of years ago, this edifice fronting on La Salle avenue. Shortage of funds prevented the completion of the building at that time. This difficulty having been practically exercence, the original plans with certain alterations are to be carried out

The church is to be of the English Gothic type and of brick facing, with stone trim and slate roof. The interior will be finished in hardwood, the windows being of fine art glass. The pews will be of eak. The auditorium will have a seating capacity of 450 people.

The Rev. George A. Henry is the paster of the church.

MODEST STRAT, NOTABLE END.: NEW WEST ADAMS METHODIST CHURCH TO BE ...

Los Angeles Times (1886-1922); Mar 13, 1913; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times pg. II10

Realization.

MODEST STRAT, NOTABLE END.

NEW WEST ADAMS METHODIST CHURCH TO BE DEDICATED,

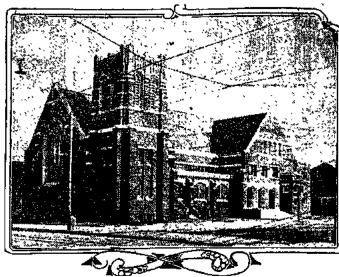
Congregation, Beginning in Residence, Will Take Possession of One of City's Finest Churches on Sunday—Bishop Hughes in Charge of Coremonics—Week of It.

The handsome and substantial brick and stone church of the West Adams Methodist Episcopal congregation is now entirely finished and furnished and will be dedicated by Eishop Hughes on Sunday.

When it was desired to form a church at this location, less than ten years ago, no place could be found in which the meetings could be held. meet the emergency, Bishop Hamilton, at that time resident in Californis, built a large residence across Adams street from the church site, and there the congregation was organized by Rev. P. H. Bodkin, who for a long time held services in the house, as well as a Sunday-school. Then a portable building was placed on the church site and used for a ybar or two. The next step was to erect the rear portion of the present building and now the whole has been completed at a cost of \$65,000, and is one of the substantial churches of the city.

The dedicatory services next Sunday will be held at 11 am. and 7:30 p.m. Bishop Hughes will be the preacher at the morning service and his brother, Dr. Matt S. Hughes of Passadens, will preach in the evening.

On Monday morning at 10 o'clock the Methodist ministers will be introduced to the new structure by



Handsome West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church,

Just completed at a cost of \$65,000. It will be dedicated next Sunday by Bishop Hughes. The church stands at West Adams street and LaSalle avenue, in an exclusive residence district.

holding their ministerial meeting tory a time in the property of the property

Tuesday evening there will be a pipe-organ recital by Ray Hastings, organist at Temple Auditorium.

Wednesday evening, Rev. W. H. Fishburn, pastor of West Adams Presbyterian Church, will preach.

Thursday evening, Easter prepara-

tory services will be held, at which time Rev. E. P. Ryland of the Hollywood Methodist Church will preach. Friday evening, an Easter Communion service will be conducted by the paster of the church, Rev. G. A. Henry, assisted by neighboring min-

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HANDSOME EDIFICE.: COMPLETED WEST ADAMS METHODIST CHURCH ONE OF THE ... Los Angeles Times (1886-1922); Dec 28, 1913; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times pg. VII HANDSOME EDIFICE. Completed West Adams Methodist Church One of the Finest Houses of Worship in Los Angeles. One of the most attractive churches of its size yet erected in Los Angeles is the recently-completed West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church at the southeast corner of West Adams street and La Salle avenue. The edifice, planned by John C. Austin and W. C. Pennell, associated architects, is Gothic in type and of brick and stone construction. In keeping with its general substantiality the interior is finished in solid oak. The Sunday-school portion of the building was constructed several years ago, the completed structure representing the addition of the north, or auditorium part, together with a behatiful tower. The edge section of the building having been entirely altered, the chere's is, to all intents and purposes, a new edifice. . One of the features of the church is the open celling arrangement, heavy timbers and trusses being carried entirely across the auditorium. Between the main audience-room and the Sunday-school department is a sildopen, practically doubles the scating capacity. Special provision has been made for the social life of the congregation.

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Mt. Sinai Planning Entrance Observance

Rev. B. W. Wade of Pilgrim Bap- enurch has two associate ministist thurch, his choir and congre-gation will be in charge of serv-anist, church secretary and cusices at the new edifice of Mr. Sinai Missionary church, Following this service the congregation will return to the old church home and prepare for marching at 10:30 sharp to the new church home, the old church home located on the corner of 27th and Western Avc.

At this service Rev. H. B. Charles will bring the message and immediately following tite service free dinner will be served to all present including guests and the members.

At 3 p.m., Dr. L. H. Simspon of Houston, Texas, the guest speaker for the Entrance services, will bring the opening entrance sermon, Dr. Simpson is president of the Baptist Mmisters Union of Houston and vicinity and pasof Pleasunt Hill Baptist church. Dr. Simpson will deliver the message each night beginning Monday, July 7, through Wednesday, July 16. After which services each night through Sunday, Aug. 10, will be conducted by various ministers, their choirs and congregations. Mt. Binai cordially invites every-

one throughout Los Angeles and the state of California to join in the entrance services at this time.

The pastor of Mt. Sinai Missionary Eaptist church, Rev. H. B. Charles, has been in the gospel ministry 18 years, coming to Mt. Sinal two years and nine months ago, Rev. Charles came from Second Baptist church, of Long Beach, Calif. Starting with about 40 members, 20 of which were active and a large indebtedness to the present membership of over and 1500 purchasing a new chinch edifice located on the corliner of La Salle and Adams, 2610 | So. La Salle. The church auxili-

On Sunday, July 6, at 6 a.m., paries have grown to 37 and the todian.

Couples Build Child Facility

Los Ângeles Times (1923-1995); May 9, 1953; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times



VOLUNTEERS-Mariners Club members work week ends on child care center at Pacific Palisades conference grounds. In foreground are, from left, Byron King, Bob McCaughan and, serving coffee, Emily Richter, wife of Bob Richter, at right on roof.

Couples Build Child Facility

Volunteers from more than 100 Southland Bible study clubs are working week ends this spring to complete a child care center at the Pacific Palisades Presbyterian Conference Grounds.

All are members of the Mariners Clubs founded 25 years ago by Dr. Louis H. Evans, now pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Hollywood,

The child care project was begun in 1948, according to Dick Swartzel, chairman. He added that funds at the outset were thought sufficient to erect the center but rising costs postponed its building.

Finally Mariners Clubs as sistance was secured. Through benefits, dinners and other events these groups of couples raised enough money to com-plete the job and the center should be ready for use by the end of summer.

It, will provide a place for children of parents attending meetings at the camp and a center for child welfare activities.

Drama to Be Staged

"The Lost Church" a drama. will be presented at 7:30 p.m. tomorrow at Angelica Lutheran Church by actors from the Grace Lutheran Church of Bell.

Crenshaw Methodists to Hold Pioneer Night

old and honored congregations, at the Don Felipe Drive added the Don Felipe Drive added and honored congregations, at the Don Felipe Drive added the Bon Felipe Drive added the Bon Felipe Drive added the Bon Felipe Brive added the Brive a spiration tomorrow with a Pioneer Night at 3740 Don Felipe

The Rev. and Mrs. Oliver J. Werner will have as parsonage guests for a buffet supper many of the ministers and wives who had served the two merging churches in the past.

There were the West Adams Methodist Church at W Adams Blvd. and La Salle Ave., found ed in 1902, and the Parkdale or Chesterfield Square Methodist Church, 2100 W-54th St., founded in 1913. Both of these sanctuaries will continue as houses was sold to the Mt. Sinai Bap-Rosa,

Crenshaw Methodist Church, | A new church will be built founded from the union of two by the combined congregation

> begins at 7:30 p.m. with Dr. Kenneth Danskin, superin-tendent of the San Bernardino district of the denomination, as speaker. He at one time pastored the Adams congregation.

Adventists Name New Garden Grove Pastor

appointed pastor of the sociate to Mr. Waser at Pom-Seventh-Day Adventist Church ona. of Garden Grove, after serving the El Centro church and con-Faith Congregational Church gregations in Inglewood. Po- of Springfield, Mass. of worship. The Adams church mona, Redlands, Ontario, Santa was sold to the Mt. Since paper and the Chester Mich. He also served 10 years missioning of the Rev. and Mrs. field plant to the Second Free in the India missionary field William Griswold as mission Methodist Church.

and three years in Hawaii.

Pastor Named lin Pasadena

The pioneer night program pulpit there probably in Sep today. tember.

He succeeds the Rev. Raymond A. Waser who resigned recently to accept a call to Pilgrim Church of Pomona, The Rev. Max W. Burke, associate minister at Pasadena Fürst Church and who has adminisered the church since Mr. Waser's departure, will resign Earl R. Reynolds has been affective Aug. I and become as

Mr. Mossnammer is paster of

Phoenix and Holland, will be host June 21 to the com-

LUTHERANS WILL BREAK **GROUND FOR SANCTUARY**

The Rev. Aiden S. Mossham ning of construction of Christ Sward said. It will be of connect has accounted a collection of the sound said. It will be of connect has accounted a collection of the sound said. It will be of connect has accounted a collection.

Special worship services will Rev. Allan Langhoff, regional Road, Alhambra. director of American missions for the Augustana Synod, will Madre Retreat House of the he guest speaker.

has been meeting at the Reseda tendance. of Springfield, Mass. Masonic Hall, serving commuPasadena First Church also nities of the western San FerCarmelite Sisters of the Third nando Valley.

> 000 will seat 125 and is to be members of organizations in come either a chapel or part their churches.

Ground-breaking ceremonies of the social nait when a target

Retreat Recruits

he conducted at 10 a.m. at ance at retreats for brides-to-be 7137!; Reseda Bivrl., according will be held starting at 3 p.m. to the Rev. David Sward, organ today at the Sacred Heart Reizing pastor. He said that the treat House, 920 E Alhambra

Lewis Kribs of the Sterra Passionist Fathers will be fea-The ground breaking will fol- tured speaker. Other speakers low the worship period at the and captains who have done new site, Vanowen St., and retreat work from the parishes Andasol Ave. The congregation of Los Angeles will be in at-

Order to recruit retreatants First unit, to cost about \$30, from their parishioners and

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Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Nov 13, 1958; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel

NT. SINAI GREW FROM NOTHING

Nothing reflects the tremend-us growth of the Negro population of Los Angeles more accurately than spiraling church men-

bership rolls
And if 11 And if these statements of growth in the Sentinel's religious series become repetitions, they must be so out of necessity, for growth symbolizes the thrilling story of Southern California, No better illustration of this

fact can be found than the Mount Sinai Missionary Baptist Church, 2610 South LaSalfe street.

Less than a decade ago, Mt. Sinai's membership was 22 hardy souls, the church home was an unimposing frame structure. The church was \$17,000 in debt, was being harrassed by two law suits, and there were only three deacons to assist the dynamic pastor, Dr. H. B. Charles.

Today, Mt. Sinai boasts more than 6,000 members and Rev. Charles says; "We have just about a half-

"We have just obout a half-million dollars in property, in-cluding church furnishings." Replacing the old frame struc-ture which was Mt. Sinal—and which is today a real estate of-fice—is an imposing, red, brick edifice which dominates the block at West Adams and La Sulle.

But Mt. Sinai is more than

just another big church.
"Even though Mt. Sinai is large," Rev. Charles points out, "there is a peculiar warmth in the church. It is one of the most peaceful churches in the country."

THIS IS A CHURCH whose membership is a true cross-section of the city's Negro population. It is not by any means a society church. For on its rolls are listed boot-blacks and husinessmen, movie stars and beauticians, barbers and attorneys, doctors and domestics

chans, barrhers and attorneys, doctors and domestics.

MI. Sinai is a church that supports its members—the people from whom it draws its own support. No member who makes a sincere plea of need is allowed to lose his property or sufferfrom any cause. Whenever a member needs a helping hand, there always is an individual or a group ready with nid.

Although he is a veritable dynamo in the pulpit and in his daily work on behalf of Mt. Sinai, Rev. Charles is an humble, grateful man who speaks glowingly of his trustees, Sunday School heads, deacons and deaconesses, willing workers and choirs.

In his own report to the "min-lsters, officers, members, and friends of Mt. Sinai," Rev. Charles has said:

friends of Mt. Sinai," Rev. Charles has said:
"Nine years tgo... I started my work here. The outlook was dark and I acknowledge that I was afraid of the future. And will hout any experience in a creat city like Los Angeles, having now a small congregation, many of my friends turned away from me, and I was ashamed to ask anyloody what to do. But God made known to me in a dream His ability to take care of me, and to direct me here in this great city. With this assurance, I started my work, I decided first that I would preach as never hefore. God gave me strength, a message, and people started coming to us from every walk of life. In this handful of people I had members (with a mind to work. Everywhere they went, they talked about Mt. Sinai. They kept her name atways before the public. So much so that it was not long before we realized we would need larger quarter."

THE STORY of how Mt. Sinai engregation moved from the old frame house at 2700 South Weyt-

congresation moved from the old frame house at 2700 South West-ern Avenue to the major to multi-ing on La Salle and Adams is one that symbolizes fruits too. mendous administrative ability on the part of the pastor, tens-tees, deacons, and a rare talent

In several attempts to find a new church home, Mt. Sinai feil-ed. When officers (mally began to deal for the present structure, it seemed that they were undertaking a job that was too hig for

"But God was with us," Rev.

Charles declares.

On July 1, 1952, they marched into the building they now own. Hanging over their heads was a \$150,000 debt, which included furnishings, repairs, roofing, tuck-pointing and ladies lounge

Money was hard to sel. Muny Money was nard to get, sum, of the members were weary, for this building-acquiring program was no easy task. They were bedevited by runners that they would never be able to pay for the new church home. the new church home,

Some people, obviously envi-ous, spread the rumor that Mt. Sinal members weren't really ous, spread the rumor that M. Shai members weren't really buying the new building, that they were merely "reming" it. Indeed, Rev. Charles bad spread himself so thin that he

couldn't pay his personal bills. He was sucd. The finance company repossessed his car. Yet neither he nor the officers and members gave up.

"I thank God for the men and women who were so faithful during those days of strungle," Rev. Charles says, "I was able to lead on because of their faithfulness."

WHILE REV. CHARLES is reluctant to take credit for the fremendous achievement credited to Mt. Sinai, his followers are far more vocal.

Back in 1952, when the congregation made entrance into the new home. Attorney Everette M. Porter said:

M. Porter-said:
"It is with great respect and deep humility that I express my own feeling, and am I sure the feeling of many, that you (Rv. Charles) are one among the few especially-endowed by God with the inspiriting and magnetic personality and fraining necessary to lead men to (a) new awakening in christianity."
And, indeed, Rev. Charles has kent his oledge to huild bis kind.

kept his pledge to huld this kind of church; One which would not only build

for itself, but which would also help smaller churches in need to build stromer.

One which would always be in

one which would aways be in support of every member who needed a helping hand. One which — like a properly growing business would return monies obtained for the benefit

Today, when one strolls through the huge interior of Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church. smal bissimilary hapites Chirch, stands in awe before the impres-sive pipe organ, reads the list of church groups and activities, be asks: "What more does a religi-cus body need?"

He learns, though, in conver-sation with the pastor, officers, and members, that this Mt. Sinai is only a foundation of greater things to come.

Already planned is the struction of an educational build-

ing.
The church wants to erect withings nearby so apartment buildings nearby so that members may benefit from adequate housing, reasonably

priced.

There is always a new program dedicated to the spicitual



SINAI BAPTIST CHURCH, 2610 South LaSalle is an imposing, red, brick structure - the religious home

6000 members. Pastor of the church is Rev. Charles, D.D.

and material well-being of the 6000-plus Mt. Sinaians.

And this is as it should be, for Mt. Sinai is a young and grow-

Mt. Sinat is a young and gros-ing clan.

It is, in the words of the more modence, a colossus. Which makes befitting the theme of the recent Munister's Report, taken from Colossians 1:18:

"And He is the head of the body, the church: who is the he-ginning, the firstborn from the dead; that in all things He might have the pre-eminence."

Baptist Union Installs Officers *Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-)*; Jan 15, 1953; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel pg. A7

NEWLY INSTALLED—Nowly installed officers of the Baplist Ministers Union of Southern California are pictured after they took oath at Mount Sinai Missianery Baptist church on Tuesday afternoon. Officers were installed by outgoing president Rev. G. W. Cofield. Being seated were Reverends H. B. Charles, president; Sutton O. J. Evans, first vice-president; E. Burns, second vice-president; E. F. Bennett, general secretary; W. M. Matlock, assistant general secretary; E. Brown, financial secretary, and G. W. Cafield, treesurer.

Baptist Union Installs Officers

Scott. Prayer was by Rev. P. J. Ellis, with installation of officers by Rev. G. W. Cofield.

Rev. W. D. Carter led the installation prayer with Rev. K. Key giving the installation hymn.

Charles, president, and minister of Mt. Sinai; Rev. Sutton O. J. Evans, Marcedonia Baptist, first vice-president; Rev. E. Burns, Strangers Rost Baptist, second vice-president; Rev. E. F. Bennett, St. Luke Baptist, general secretary; Rev. W. M. Mallock, Grace Temple Baptist, assistant general secretary; Rev. T. P. Moss, New Zion, financial secretary; and Rev. G. W. Cotteld, Mt. Moriah Baptist, treasurec.

The election of officers was held at Southern Baptist church.

Newly installed were Rev. H. B.

Outgoing officers were Rev. Cofield, president; Rev. E. S. Johnson, first vice-president; Rev. John-A. Davis, general secretary; Rev. H. J. Adams, financial secretary; and Rev. E. C. Austin, treasurer.

Jan. 6.

and Rev. E. C. Austin, treasurer.
The program was opened with
devotional led by Revs. E. Brown,
B. D. Walker, C. Randolph and
W. H. Irvin. Master of ceremonies
was Rev. G. H. Washington Jr.

A musical selection was provided by the Mount Sinal choir, with scripture by Rev. M. L.

with scripture by Rev. M. L.

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History Week Group Maps 1955 Agenda

The annual observance of Notional Negro History week will be held Feb. 13-20, following the theme - "Negro History A Contribution to America's Interculture Life."

Our Authors Study club, Los Angeles branch of the Association for the Study of Negro Life and History will sponsor its annual Negro History celebration Southern California, with events of special interest planned for the entire week.

The planning committee is made up of representative members of churches, fraternal organizations, speial. civic and educational groups. R. R. Wright, III, manager, Broadway Federal Savings and Loan association, is general chairman: Miss Pauline Slater.

(Continued on Page A-3)

History Week

(Continued from Page 1)

ducator, chairman, Miss Evanpeline Woodfolk, a social service worker, is secretary, Mrs. Vassie D. Wright, real estate broker, is ounder of Our Authors Study club and the president.

The achievements of the Negro will be brought to the attention of Angelenos during the observance. Eminent speakers of national importance will be featured. Among them are Dr. Benjamin Quarles and Mrs. Vivian Moson. Special music will be presented and a hundred-voice chorus will sing Church night and for other events.

The Negro in the Hall of Fame will be dramatized, with art work of outstanding artists presented on a guided tour. A musical program will feature compositions of Negro composers.

Young people will present a forum, entertainment, banquet and oratorical contest. Business and professional people of the city will present a demonstration of imodern business and professional practices.

Liss Negro History for the prefer of 1955 will be crowned. The coronation will feature 12 debutantes. Citations for top flight achievements will be made to the 10 most illustrious individuals in the community.

The city-wide planning committee held a large and enthustastic meeting last Sunday afternoon at Mt. Sinai Baptist church, La Salle and W. Adams, the Rev. H. B. Charles is the minister. Next planning committee meeting will be held at the same place on Sunday, January 23, at 4 p.m. For further information phone, RE 6442.

Business Men Hold Joint Prayer Rites

Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Dec 5, 1957; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel pg. B6



MASTER OF CEREMONIES at the joint Thanksgiving program by Baptist Ministers Union and Business Men's Association at Feithful Central Baptist church was the Rev. C. W. Criss, pastor of Sharon Baptist church. Rev. W. O. DeVaugh. pastor of New Hope Baptist church, Wilmington, delivered President Eisenhower's Thanksgiving proclamation at

Business Men Hold Joint Prayer Rites

Rev. E. A. Anderson, president of the Baptist Minister's Union said "The Thanksgiving prayer service held jointly by the Baptist Minister's Union and the Los Angeles Business Men's Associates was a first step toward bringing business men and the clergy closer together in solving community problems."

In his introduction of Rev. H.

ligious development of any cominess men.

O'Bryant Speaks

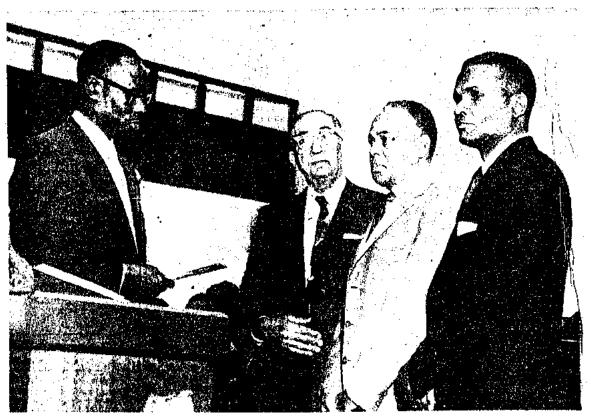
Henri O'Bryant, president of the Business Men's Associates. called upon the business men to give more freely of their time through service in youth activities of the church. O'Bryant also cited Rev. II. B. Charles as a friend and booster of Christian business men throughout the country.

Business Citations

The Rev. W. L. Robinson, pas-B. Charles, paster of Mt. Sinai for of Faithful Central Baptist Baptist Church and principal Church and secretary of the Bapspeaker for the joint service, tist Ministers' Union, read cita-Rev. Anderson declared that "the tions honoring the three most economic advancement and re- outstanding business men for 1956. Citations went to Dr. H. munity rests upon the shoulders Claude Hudson, dentiet, and of the Church and Christian bus-Savings and Loun Association, 4501 So. Broadway street. Norman O. Houston, president of Golden State Mutual Life Insurance Company, and Louis Russell, president of Russell's Furniture and Appliance Com-

Others appearing on the program included: Rev. G. W. Criss. Rev. Elliot Grown, Rev. Ross Ellis, and Rev. O. A. Meador. The senior choir of Mt. Smail Baptist Church directed by Mrs.

Annie Louis rendered the music. Fresident Eisenhower's Thanksgiving Proclamation was delivered to the joint meeting by Rev. W. O. De. Vaugnn, pas-tor of New Hope Baptist Church, Wilmington.



SPECIAL WORSHIP-Rev. W. L. Robinson, pastor of Faithful Central Baptist church and secretary of the Baptist Minister's Union, reads special business citation from Baptist Minister's Union to three outstanding business men for 1956. Left to right, Rev. Robinson, Dr. H. Claude Hudson, president of Broadway Federal Savings and Loan Associa-

tion. Henri O'Bryant, who received the award in behalf of Norman O. Houston, president of Golden State Mulual Life Insurance company, and Louis Russell, president of the Russell Furniture and Appliance company. The three men were cited by the Minister's Union for their outstanding business achievements.



BUSINESS MEN in attendance at Thanksgiving services take time out to congratuiate Rev. T. M. Chambers, pastor of Zion Hitl Baptist church, upon his encouragement to business men of the community. Dr. Chambers has encouraged the development of

the community through bigger and better business enterprises. Left to right: McHenry Norman, J. W. Heath, Dr. T. M. Chambers, Arthur T. Houston, Mack Gordon, Willie Files, Robert W. Lee, and Wendell E. Hal-



DR. E. A. ANDERSON, pastor of McCoy Memorial Bapt church and president of the Baptist Ministers Union, calle for church and business alliance in solving communi problems. Pastor of MI. Sinai Baptist church, Dr. H. Charles, delivered the Thanksgiving address during speci

Ministers Will Get Out Vote

Calling on the entire com- to unit and work together for munity to rally forces on voter education and a "get out the anniversary of the historic the vote" drive. Supreme Court decision deseg- "May 17, 1954, will always regating the schools, the minist remain a landmark in the histers of the Church Registration tony of the Civil Rights Move-Association, endorsed by the ment and the march of Ameri-Baptist Ministers, AME Min-ican Negroes up the road to isters Christian Ministers, Com- freedom" declared Rev. Odom, munity Ministers and Inter- who is also Western Regional denominational Ministers Alli- Church Committee chairman of ances, this week announced plans to mobilize mass support. for candidates who champion civil rights.

Rev. E. A. Anderson and Rev. L. S. Odom, co-chairman of the Church Registration Association, wer ejoined by Rev. H. B. Charles, pastor of Mt. Sinai Baptist Church, where the rally will be beld, in calling all ministers and churches

(continued on page A3)

Ministers . . .

(Continued from Page 1)

the NAACP, "When we celebrate it with thanksgiving, eight years later, we do so with a new determination to be 'Free by '63' . . but we can't be free until we take that short walk to the ballot box,' reward our briends, and punish our genemics."

"Gov. Ednund G. (Par), Brawn, California's Civil Rights champion will be our main speaker" said Rev. Anderson, "because we feel that the Just California FEPC and Fair Housing Laws, and the Omnibus Civil Rights Law passed under his administration are also landmarks In Civil Rights bistory.

"We know that he is with us in our aspirations to have proper in elected and appointed offices, and we want him to keynote this kickoff rally launching our all-out drive to mobilize the voters of our community and get them registerect."

INSIDE ON PARKER CONFAB

Anger flared from Police Chief John Kenney ran after Parker, Parker Friday when he met talked with him for a few minwith an interracial group of ministers to talk about the nolice-Negro community situation

ia Los Angeles.

(Cantinued on Page 8)

The meeting, suggested by the Rev. H. H. Brookins, pastor | of the First AME Church, and attended by the ministers, also called together John Kenney! and Everette Porter, officials with the Police Commission, and Packer.

The group was to go over plans for establishment of a better atmosphere in police procedures among the city's minorlly grouns.

Parker erupted when the Rev. Brooking was talking of Parker's recent disclosure of double ing police scout-car officers in the "Negro areas" of the city.

THE EBULLIENT police chief leaped to his feet, it was reported, saying, "I didn't come here to be lectured to. I'm going."

Police Commission president

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Chief Boild (Continued from Page 1)

utes, and the chief returned to his seat.

. According to the Rev. Brookins. Parker stayed with the group nearly two hours, discussing the current heated (ee)ings existing between the Negro community and the police department.

Parker was quoted as saying he had only heard "the heated kind" of suggestions from "the Negro people. Negro citizens have not been to me before with this kind of approach,"

* * *

· AMONG THE ministers attending the fact-finding, newmoves discussion were the Revs. Kring Allen of McCarthy Memorial Church, L. L. White of Molman Methodist, H. B. Charles of Mt. Sinai Baptist Church, S. Odom of Ward ME Church, James Hargett of the Church of Christian Fellowship, E. V. Hill of Mt. Zion Baptist, B. O. Byrd of New Hope Baptist, W. L. Robinson of Strangers Rest, and the Rev. Mr. Wooford of Morning Star Baptist Church.

After the meeting, Dr. Brookins commented:

"I am inclined to believe that the right, unemotional approach will provide communication between Parker and his department and the Negro communitv."

Huge Crowds Attend M.L. King Rallies

Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Mar 3, 1960; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel pg. B9



CONGRATULATIONS—After the successful Martin Luther Rallies Sunday, Rev. Jerry W. Ford (left) and Rev. P. J. Ellis (right) extended congratulations to Rev. M. L.

King, Jr. (center). Over \$5000 was turned over 10 the Southern Christian Leadership conference of which Rev. King is president.

Huge Crowds Attend M.L. King Rallies

President of the Interdenominational Alliance, Rev. Jerry, W. Ford, and President of the Baptist Ministers Union, Rev. P. J. Ellis, reported that the Martin Luther King Rallies Sunday in Los Angeles were a great success. The sanctuary of Zion Hill Baptist church was packed

with eager listeners with approximately a thousand more standing outside the church. If rained throughout the day, but it did not hinder the crowd who came to hear Dr. King speak.

The total funds, raised and reported in excess of \$5000 will be sent immediately to the Southern Christian Leadership conference in Montgomery, Ala. The program for the alternoon was studded with outstanding minsters of various denominations of the city, with choics, ushers and many worshippers, who were keenly interested in Dr. King's message.

Ring declared that the Negroall over the country is determined to go forward in the struggle for will rights. While decrying violence, King urged the audience "to keep pressing in orderly, forthright manner until victory is won and all men in the United States are free."

The crowd, estimated at 4000, did not include those who could not gain entrance into the building. It was reported by Rev. Martin Robinson of Friendship Baptist church of Pasadena that the same conditions prevailed when Dr. King spoke at the 11 a.m. worship. That congregation reported over \$1000.

Choirs participating were from Victory Baptist church, Lewis Metropolitan CME church, Tabernacle Baptist church, Zion Hill Baptist church, Orchestra of Zion Hill, and the Sacramento Youth Singers, who stirred the congregation with Rossinni's "I Will Give Thanks."

In the evening another turnaway crowd met at Mt. Sinal Baptist church, LaSalle and West Adams to hear Dr. King speak from the subject, "Going Forward by Going Backward." He called upon the leaders of America to help save the soul of the country by returning to the true principles of brotherhood and freedom upon which this country was founded. Rev. H. B. Charles, pastor, presented a plaque honoring Dr. King's achievement in the field of Human Relations. The inspact of Dr. King's appearance in the Los Angeles area was tremendous as worshippers left the meetings in the rain with King's message echoing in their hearts.

Rev. King Here Sun. In Rally Meetings

Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., militant Negro leader for civil rights will speak here in Los Angeles Sunday at 3.00 p.m. at the Zion Hill Baptist church, 51st and Mc-Kinley, His appearance here is sponsored by the Baptist Ministers Union and the Interdenominational Ministers

Alliance, Rev. King also has appearances in Pasadena, at the Friendship Baptist church, Rev. Marvin Robinson, pastor at the 11 a.m. worship hour.

His visit is in behalf of the Southern Conference for Christian leadership. His message for this area is especially important as he is recently engaged by that group to head the organizational drive to register Negroes in the South to vote and participate in every phase of community life as citizens.

He has moved from the postorate of beyter Avenue Raphist character of his father's church in Atlanti, far.

Following his Stinday aftermoon speaking engagement at Zion Hill, Rev. King will speak at Mt. Smai Baptist church, La-Salle and Adams, the Rev. M. B. Charles, pastor at 8 p.m. Interest from several local groups has been expressed by several leaders pledging support of their groups to aftending. Labor has definitely promised to be present with good representation. several Masonic and Lik groups have said they will be present as well as more rous church cengregations with their pastors of all denominations.

The multic is targed to be pressent early and on time in colorin get a good send, as a Purge turnout is expected. Where Rev King has appeared over the country, there has been a large altendance in such cities as Chinago, Definit and Diroughout the east. The meeting is designed to give the Rev. King assurance of support from denominational groups in Los Angeles, regard-less of church connection. This is the last time in the history of Les Angeles two ministerial groups have come together as | one to allord the city muty in support of principles for which Dr. King stands.

Celebration Planned for The Pages

A week of celebration honors Bishop and Mrs. L. C. Page, June 18 through June 25. Bishop Page came to California in 1943 to conduct a revival for Bishop McKinney at 21st St. Temple and decided to remain in Los Angeles.

On the fourth Saturday night in June of 1943, he organized Page Evangelist Temple. He opened a tent service on July 4, 1943 and shortly after purchased a church at 337 E. Jefferson Rivd.

He moved with his congregation to the westside in 1954, and merged with the Antioch Church. As pastor of Antioch Church of God In Christ, he interwove the two congregations.

In 1943, Bishop Page took another step and purchased the edifice. Greater Page Temple, at the corner of La Salle and Adams Blvd. In January 1964, the present location was remodeled and a banquet hall installed with a capacity of 500.

Mrs. Thelma Page, wife, of the pastor, organized the Miracle Hour which still meets each Tuesday and through which hundreds joined the church.



BISHOP AND MRS. L. C. PAGE honored at celebration

Bishop L. C. Page Conducts Xmas Community Meetings Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Dec 21, 1950; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel

Tragedy Of Missing Heaver

sents both choirs of Opportunty Baptist church in "The Tragedy of Missing Heaven' (Everybody Talkin' Bout Heaven Ain't Going There) at the Opportunity Bantist church. Ill2 East 23rd street, corner of 23rd and Griffith avenue), Friday, Dec. 22, at 8 n.m.

Don't fail to see this play of the enson. You haven't seen anything like it. It will hold you spelibound from the beginning to the end, and will cause you to wonder — "just who will make it to Heaven!"

This musical drama is written and directed by the Rev. E. D. Smallwood, Visit a church whose motto is; "Bear witness to the Truth, and quench not the Holy Spirit." The church with "The Ev-erlasting Welcome To All."

Christian Science Lesson-Sermon

"Unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given: and the government shall be upon his shoulder." This statement from Isalah will be the Colden Text of the Sunday Bible Lesson on "Christ Jesus" in all branches of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scien-

tist, in Boston.

A Scriptural selection from Luke records, "And, behold there was a A Scriptural selection from Luke records, "And, behold there was a man in Jerusalem, whose name was Simcon; . . . And it was revealed unto him by the Holy Chost, that he should not see death, before he had seen the Lord's Christ."

had seen the Lord's Christ."
Mary Baker Eddy says in the
Christian Science textbook, "Science
and Health with Key to lite Scriptures:" "Jesus represented Christ,
the true idea of God." "Christ, as
the true spiritual idea, is the idea
of God now and forever, here and
everywhere."



Bishop L. C. Page Conducts **Xmas Community Meetings**

Bishop L. C. Page, his famous Radio chiofr and congregation, will conduct a special series of community meetings during the Christmas week at the True United Christman church, 10123 South Bench street, corner of 102nd street.

The public is invited to attend these services Bishop O. F. Kyle is the minister in charge of the True

Beginning with a special Christ-the minister in charge of mas service at 11 o'clock on Christ-mas morning, and every night at eight o'clock—Monday through Saturday

Bishop Page is pastor of Evangelistle Temple Church of God in Christ, in downlown Los Angeles, and is widely known through his numerous radio programs broadcast

minister in charge of the

By B. Francine Clifton, Sentinel's Religion Editor

Once a year we witness this miracle. Christmani . . . the miracle that everybody shares. But can't you picture what a world, if it were always Christmas It could be, you know, for Christmas is not just a date in December but a state of heart. The greatest gitt we could wish for everybody, everywhere, is the goodwill to make the Christmas miracle last all year 'round.

This year of our Lord, Christmas, one thousand nine hundred and

lifty. Merry Christmas, good will toward men is on my lips. "Joy to the world, we chant." We are prone to wonder where is the joy of the good will in this old weary and learful world of the mideentury.

I think of the Christ child born centuries ago to bring joy and peace. I think of the people all over the world who have no Christmas, and I utter a prayer for a better world for them tomorrow, for there is fellowship, kindness and peace galore in this world if only we date

At this time, in all the places which are flumined by Christianity, great candles glow at the aliars of the Churches to celebrate the coming of the Christ Child, born to bring "Peace on Earth, Goodwill to Men"... That is all we need, Pence on Earth, Goodwill to Men, but unless we believe the pursuit of joy and happiness is not merely an American exercise, but that it belongs to all: And that happiness means peace and subsistence for all parents and all children everywhere, then would be feelish for me to write, or for you to read about Christmas at all.

If eyes were not misinken by the color of the skin, if the heart could make direct contact with other hearts, if the spirit of men could be given voice, the avenue of communication opened, the Brotherhood

of man would no longer be a prayer.
When we sense the heady truth that Christmas is no longer con celvable execpt as a holiday for children . . . a secular festival will our Patron saint, the department store, then it is time to put OHRIE back into Christmas and let there truly be "Peace on Earth, Goods

Musical Achievements Of Pearline Ford Listed

Mrs. Clemmie Dorsey con- the Page Evangelist Temple gratulated Mrs. Pearline and became a member of the Ford on her musical achiev- Radio Choir.

ter of Elder and Mrs. George Youth Department as choir Clifton of Greenville, Tex. Directress. Her ability was Elder Clifton was a minister noticed by the State Youth of the Church of God in President, Elder Paul C. Christ and was noted for his Green; and in the early part

Elder Clifton many times that same year when the throughout the state singing State Choir Directress, Mrs. ducts in meetings he conducted. They were only five
years of age at the time.
This served as an inspiration
to Mrs. Ford and she has
developed her talents to the
graph of being distinguished. point of being distinguished Coast as the best organized with the leading choir directors throughout the churches Church of God in Christ. of the United States.

ement, this week. In 1953 she became active Mrs. Ford is a twin daugh- in the Evangelist District singing and playing of any of 1954, she was appointed musical instrument.

as Choir Mairon for the as Choir Matron for the twins accompanied State Youth Dept. Later on

Noting her ability as an or-She came to Colifornia and sanizer and leader, the Na-in 1951 affiliated herself with tional President of the Youth Congress appointed her to the National Choir Direc-

> Churches of God In Christ. In 1961 she felt the need for a Musical Education and Distribution center in Los Angeles. Working along with her imsband, Mr. E. W. Ford, they established the Ford Studio of Music, located at 4163 South Central Avenue. There she is teaching and has the largest stock of Religious sheet music on the West Coast.

Page Temple Maps Revival

Bishop L. C. Page, pastor of the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, is conducting a 40 day revival at the church to coincide with the Lenten Season.

The climax of the revival will be the annual midnite baptizing on Good Friday night,

Many guest ministers will assist Bishop Page throughout the revival. The Rev. Jonathan Greer from Chicago, Ill. and Rev. Harry Anderson from Olean, N. Y. have been guest speakers for the past week.

The church is located at 2610 So. La Salle at the corner of Adams, Service begins nightly at 7:30 p.m.

Greater Page Temple broadcasts every Sunday morning over KDAY from 12:30 to 1:30.

Science Studies Prodigal Son

The parable of the prodigal son is featured in this week's! Bible Lesson on "Substance" to be read in Christian Science churches Sunday, March 14. Rejoicing to see his son's return, the father said: "For this my son was dead, and is alive again; he was lost, and is found" Luke 15.

How everyone must eventually find the 'substance' of claims of matter, that mortals his own life is brought out in the Christian Science textthe indissoluble appritual link book: "It is only by acknowledging the supremacy of in the divine likeness, insepar-Spirit, which annuls the able from his creator". Photo Standalone 30 -- No Title Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Oct 27, 1966; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel pg. D2



DON LOVE, chairman of the Men's Day at Greater Page Temple Church, 2610 S. La-Salle, Oct. 23, announces the day was a tremendous success. Bishop L. C. Page Is minister.

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Clara Ward To Sing at Page Temple
Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Feb 8, 1968; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel
pg. D5



CLARA WARD and the Ward Singers are scheduled to appear in a Homecoming Gospel musical at the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ. 2610

5. LaSalle, at 3 p.m., Sunday, Feb., 18. Miss Ward and the Ward Singers are shown above with Mrs. Gertruda Ward, inset. Bishop L. C. Page is pastor.

Clara Ward To Sing at Page Temple

The Page Temple Choir, Don Love, director, is presenting a Homeconing Gospel Musical, featuring the world famous Clara Ward and the Ward Singers, the Page Temple Choir, and many other gospel singers.

The program is slated for

The program is slated for Sunday, Feb. 18, at 3 p.m., at Greater Page Temple, La-Salle and Adams Blvds.

Miss Ward and her singers are acclaimed throughout the world for their styling and interpretation of gospel singing, and are coming directly from Sidney, Australia for the Homecoming program.

The Ward Singers are one of the oldest and most recorded gospel singers in America. Mrs. Gertrude Ward is founder and manager of over 35 years. The Ward Singers have appeared on radio, TV as featured entertainers and are known on the west coast for their yearly appearances at Disneyland.

The Page Temple Choir will have a featured part on the program and will present selections from their latest long-playing album, "I Surrender All."

Bishop L. C. Page, is pas-

tom Postoř

World Religious Advocates Congregate For Convention

The International Evangelists Convention of the Church of God in Christ will convene September 2nd through September 7th, at Greater Pape Temple Church of God in Christ, 2010 La Salle filled. This convention marks the 40th Anniversary of the founding of the Evangelists Convention, with Bishop L. C. Page as its national president,

Gospel preachers and missionaries from throughout the United States and foreign countries will be on hand to participate in this convention, included will be Elders Austin of Detroit; Boady of Muskegon, Michigan; Michel of Texas; Melvin Clark of Abquippa, Peonsylvania, and Bishon F. D. Washington of Brooklyn, N.Y.

Daily Services

Services begin each day at 10 a.m. and continue through the evening and night. Each night there will be gospel singing and preaching.

The Convention will be launched with a Continental Breakfast Saturday morning August 31, sponsored by Mrs. Thelma Page. Sunday night,

Sept. 1 is slated as the date for the Convention Pre-Musical which will feature the Page Temple Choir and many of the outstanding gospet singers of the city.

Musical Stated

The International Evangelists Pre-convention musical



BISHOP L. C. PAGE
. . . heads convention*

is slated for Sunday night. Sept. 1, at 8 p.m at Page Temple Church of God in Christ. Don Love and the Page Temple Chair will be featured along with many of the city's result soloists, and singing groups, musicians.

There will be several out oftown guests who will be on hand to help celebrate the opening of this 40th Auriversary of the Evangelists Convention. Don Love has been selected as music director for the Convention and will conduct a mass choir each night, which will render much of the gospel music along with other guest singers each night.

The public is invited. Bistiop L. C. Page is Convention President.

Bishop L. C. Page, overseer of the Central California Jurisdiction, of the Church of God in Christ, is scheduled to preside over the State Workers meeting, at Greater Page Temple, 2610 S. LaSalle, Jan. 26 through Feb. 1.



BISHOP L. C. PAGE

The newly established Diocese represents approximately 2,000 members in the Greater Los Angeles area. Daily sessions of the state meeting will open at 10 a.m., with prayer and gospel teaching by Bishop Page and State pastors.

A 200-voice Choir under the direction of Don Love will furnish music for the nightly 8 p.m. Deliverance hour, with Assistant State Overseer Milton Perry in charge.

Bishop L.C. Page Presides At Annual Natl. Evangelist Parley Feb. 14-21 in Gary

GARY, Ind.—The National Evangelists of the Church of God in Christ will hold their annual session at the Freeman's temple, 1950 Washington street, Feb. 14 to 21. Delegates from all parts of the country will assemble to make this the greatest gathering of evangelist ministers ever to assemble in this city.

The National president, Bishop L. C. Page of Los Angeles, will preside over the session, and launch a crusade to add 25,000 new members to the churches throughout America. The mayor of the city of Gory will deliver the welcome address and present the key to the city to the session. Bishop Page is reportedly doing a fine job in staging these teviral meetings, which should help the fellowship of the ministers.

The pastor, the Rev. O. Freeman, and the total committee are working to have preparations completed to entertain the delegates. The Rev. Cornelius Range, Sr., is publicity director.

Among the speakers are: Bishop C. H. Mason of Memphis, Tenna, Bishop Samuel Croach of Los Angeles, Bishop W. M. Roberts of Chicago, Mrs. Lillian B. Coffey of Chicago and Bishop R. F. Williams of Clevekand, Ohio.

The president, the Rev. L. C. Page, will deliver the keynote message Sunday, Feb. 19. The choir with 50 voices will furnish selections for the occasion, Among the delegates from Los Angeles are Bishop L. C. Page, Bishop Samuel Croueti, Rev. L. McKenney, Rev. W. J. Taylor, Rev. A. Blake, Rev. A. E. Reed, Rev. J. A. Hunter, Rev. J. S. Davis, Mrs. Reutha Herndon and others.

Bishop Returns From Religious Convention Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Jul 21, 1955; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel pg. A7



BISHOP L. C. PAGE

 Bishop L. C. Page pastor of the Antioch Evangelist Temple and National President of the Evangelist Board of Churches of God in Christ, returns from world-wide pentacostal convention in Stockholm, Sweden.

His tour included such stops as London. Parls. Jeruselem, and Carlo. The Antioch Evangelist Temple and Evangelist district, inviting the public to attend a welcome service for the bishop on Sunday, July 24, at Antioch, at 3 p. m.

There is a strength of quiet endurance as significant of courage as the most daring feats of prowers.

Tuckerman

Bishop Page Celebrates 72 Years of Preaching

Mounts, Barbara

Los Angeles Sentinel (1934-); Feb 2, 1967; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Sentinel

pg. B10



HOSTESSES AND GUESTS honored venerable Bishop L. C. Page of the Page Temple Church of God in Christ, Saturday night, in left photo at top are hostesses Daisy Lyles, Sunia Davis, Wanda Harrison. Eva Larry, Lurine Murray, Alberta King, Queen Esther Jennings, Lillian Snowden, Ethel Hill, Zelma Edwards, Helen Moore and Lucille Willmore.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS are among those celebrating with Bishop Page, From left: Rev. and Mrs. T. M. Chambers, Sr., Thomas Page, Bishop Page, Councilment Thomas Bradley, criest speaker; the Rev. Arthur A. Peters, and Fire Commissioner Henri O'Bryant. Distinguiched quests are shown in foreground.

BISHOP PAGE'S FAMILY are happily posing with the Page, Joseph Page and Page, Bishop Page and Countries, Mrs. Thefina Page, Bishop Page and Countries of Countr cilman Thomas Bradley. Sentinel photos by Hal Co.

Bishop Page Celebrates 72 Years of Preaching

By Barbara Mounts

Sheer joy was mirrored in the face of Bishop H. C. Page as his congregation and friends gathered in the newly decorated banquet halt of Page Temple to hon-or him for 72 years of ministerial service.

The lovely crowd arrived early, enjoyed the dinner and the program and lin-gered afterward to offer congratulations to all of the Page family.

Hestesses dressed in forand after scated guests and the Sterling Caterers. a choir members pride and loy, served the delectable meal in a most efficient

CRIUDPEN PRESENT

Bishop Page listened carefully while a surprise re-cording on tape of his older daughters voices as well as that of his wife, gave highlights of his career. All of his young chil-

dren were present. His autobiography was

heard from the lips of Mrs. Maude Dorris, It was writ-ten beautifully.

Councilman Thomas Bradley was the speaker for the evening and gave brief a remarks about the respon-highly, subility of Christians and All of the assembled the role of ministers as civic leaders. He told of the from the Bishop as a part-programs for the comouning gesture. mly good which are all too poorly supported by the commandy and of the tre-mendous value of following a leader of vision who teaches how to give of ancielf to help others to tend their full potential.

OPPORTUNITY

He told of the presimility of the closing of adult school facilities in defferson and Jordan areas be cause people in the area donot take full advantage of opportun

Seventy-two years as a minister, preaching the gospel of Christ is a record of which few men can boast. But for youthful Bishop Page, who it seems he could not be old enough for that kind of record, it was like a day's work. He was alert, and filled with concern Saturday for the comfort of his guests. He modestly has fened as member, told of the morvelous lossing dom-oustrations where he take place onder his conduct hand. By bop Page cases he is only so instrument for the spirit of God to work through

The host presched deliverance to the captive and he voier has ring out like a trumpet over Lox Angeles The tather of nine clubdren. Bishop Page was married to his first wife for 3! years and after being with owed, he married his present wife 27 years ago. To they union see children were born.

HARD WORK

No story of the banquet would be complete without mentioning the wonderful welcome given the guests by Gueste Harris The job. of Marter of Ceremone was liquided adjointly to Don Love The members of the chine in gave morey today talefor encoped some factor. The for OR STREET, AND STR Jay Queen Parker Courses cannot be peared too

guests received a blessing

Last Rites For Bishop L. C. Page

By VIRGIE W. MURRAY

Funeral services for Bishop L.C. Page, founder-pastor of the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, 2610 S. LaSalle, were held Nov. 3, at the shurch.

Bishop J.O. Patterson, of Memphis Tenn, international bishop of the Church of God in Christ, delivered the eulogy According to Mrs. Thelma Page, widow, "Bishop Page, who was 84, Aug. 16, died at the California Hospital, Oct 29."

Bishop Page began preaching at five years of age in knee pants, on a tree stump in Mississippi. He preached from city to city, holding meetings. When he moved to St. Louis, Mo., he preached at the Rose of Sharon Baptist Church. a

(Continued on Page C-12)

Little Rock, Ark., and onesed large church and was heard by a revival meeting in a skating two missionaries. rink. Many were saved, from The missionaries invited that he opened the Center Mishim to receive the "Baptism sion. It became one of the of the Holy Ghost." He re-Jargest churches with a radio ceived it, said Mrs. Page. broadcast in Arkansas, made "one morning in the bathup of Black and White memroom." His ministry conbers. Many of the White memtinued to spread. He was bers were millionaires, who saved and sanctified and joined the church under Bishop B.O. Bostick. "He later went to Memphis and worked in the early morning prayer service with Elder St. Samuel, After Elder Samuel died, he was made leader of the prayer service to the convention. "Bishop Mason made him international president of the National Evangelistic Board of the Church of God in Christ. He toured the United States BISHOP PAGE

ing." stated the widow.

She added, "He moved to

Funeral Held...

(Continued from Page A-II)

Jefferson and San Pedro. "We then went to 337 E. Bishop Page is survived by six Jefferson with the new children, four grandchildren church. When we outgrew that and two sisters. building we moved to 8th and St. Julian Sts., Bishop Page Mortuaries were in charge of later thought it was too comarrangements with interment mercial, so we moved to 35th in Lincola Cemetery.

onld for the broadcasts. "From there we moved to

Los Angeles in 1942. On July

4, we had a tent meeting at

and Denker, and on to 2610 S.

LaSalle, where the church is

now located," continued Mrs.

In addition to his widow.

Harrison and Ross

Page.

and foreign countries preach-. . . buried

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History of Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ

At its inception, the West Adams Episcopal Methodist Church served the mostly white population in Los Angeles. In 1914 the renown Los Angeles Architect John Corneby Wilson Austin was the supervising architect in the constructing of the Gothic Revival style. Church which was originally known as the West Adams Methodist Church. The church was the location for Buster Kenton's film "Seven Chances". John Corneby Wilson Austin was the supervising Architect for the church.

The West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church was constructed in the Normandie 5 survey area at the corner of LaSalle and Adams in 1912-1913. The three-story church was designed by renowned Los Angeles architect associated Architects and builders.

Beginning in the post—WWII period, the survey area began to diversify. As the Black population increased after World War II the West Adams Methodist Church transformed into the Mount Sinai Missionary Baptist Church and catered to the new African American residents.

In 1943 on July 4, Bishop L.C. Page began preaching in a small tent on San Pedro and Jefferson Street. It was known as the Page Evangelist Temple Church of God in Christ.

In October 1943 on the Second Sunday the Page Evangelist Temple Church was birth by Bishop L. C. Page as leader and Pastor they marched to 337 East Jefferson Blvd. with four people which quickly grew into over one thousand people. The church building was soon unable to accommodate the membership and a move was initiated.

In 1950, on Palm Sunday the Page Evangelist Church marched into their new location at 605 East 8th and San Julian Street, downtown Los Angeles they stayed there from 1950 until 1954. The building and the land downtown were taken by the City of Los Angeles by imminent domain and a plaque was placed where the church once stood. Sometime after 1954, the church became the Greater Page Evangelist Temple Church of God in Christ according to Sanborn Maps.

The West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church (now Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ) has become an Historic Landmark in the West Adams Historic District.

The Greater Page Evangelist Temple Church of God in Christ is an extant religious building which is historically connected to the survey's area's African American population after World War II. Located at 2610 South La Salle Avenue, the two-story church was built in 1914 in the Gothic Revival style, by the renown Los Angeles Architect John C. Austin and was originally known as the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church.

In 1981 Pastor Locus Page Jr., the son of Bishop L.C. Page, was appointed pastor by Bishop J.A. Blake. Pastor L.C. Page Jr. main focus was education.

In 2000 Pastor Theodis Johnson was appointed pastor by Bishop Joe L Ealy and he maintained the minister until his death.

In 2016 Pastor David E. Harris was appointed pastor by Bishop Joe L. Ealy. Under the pastoral ship of Pastor David Harris, the Greater Page Temple Church began much needed repairs and restoration of the Historic Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ.

HISTORICAL TIMELINE

Select milestones at 2610 S. La Salle Avenue and Church of God in Christ

Compiled by M. Rosalind Sagara/L.A. Conservancy with Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ July 1, 2024

1906

- Construction of subject building at 2610 S. La Salle Avenue for West Adams Methodist Episcopal congregation begins.
- Azusa Street Revival, a historic series of revival meetings led by black evangelist William Seymour, begins in L.A.
- African American minister and evangelist Charles H. Mason attends the Azusa Street Revival in Los Angeles and is believed to have spoken in tongues. Upon his return to Tennessee, he began teaching the Pentecostal Holiness message.

1907

• Charles H. Mason founded the Church of God in Christ (COGIC) in Memphis, Tennessee.

1913

 Construction completed of subject building for the West Adams Methodist Episcopal congregation.

1914

• Bishop Mason sends Overseer Eddie Robert Driver and his wife Mother Annie Driver to Los Angeles to begin its ministry in Los Angeles. Los Angeles becomes the headquarters of the Church of God in Christ's Southern California First Jurisdiction, also referred to as the "Jerusalem" of the Pentecostal Movement.

1916

• Saints Home Church of God in Christ at 1460 East 20th Street is organized by Overseer Driver. The church is the first COGIC in the State of California and West Coast. During Overseer Driver's first ten years of leadership, over 35 churches were organized across California.

1927

• COGIC founder Bishop Mason appoints Elder L.C. Page to lead a new group of evangelists within the COGIC in St. Louis, Missouri.

1931

• Bishop Samuel Martin Crouch Sr. appointed Overseer of California. The Southern California First Jurisdiction experienced tremendous growth during his tenure. He was known for building the Department of Home and Foreign Missions and for organizing districts that were headed by superintendents, district missionaries, and co-workers.

1933

• Elder Page asked to organize and supervise a National Evangelist Board and soon organizes meetings across the country.

1937

• The first meeting of COGIC's National Evangelist Board takes place in Memphis, Tennessee.

1943

• Bishop L.C. Page and wife Thelma travel to Los Angeles to lead a successful revival for Reverend W.L. McKinney at 21st Street Temple. The Pages decide to stay in Los Angeles and they establish Page Evangelist Temple soon after with a church membership of 33 people. They purchase a building at 337 E. Jefferson Boulevard.

1950

• Bishop Page's congregation outgrows their building and they move to a larger building at 605 E. 8th Street. Bishop Page Evangelist Speaks, new COGIC monthly publication the 1950s, Bishop Page ran tent revivals throughout First Jurisdiction. During the 1950s, Sunday prayer services of Page Evangelist Temple were broadcast weekly over the radio. Church membership is estimated at 1000.

1952

• Mt. Sinai Missionary Baptist Church purchases the building from West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church.

1954

- Page Temple merges with Antioch Church of God in Christ at 1545 W. 35th Place.
- Annual Negro History Week program features historical survey of Black music held at Mt. Sinai. Church hosts Negro History Week planning meetings in subsequent years.

1955

• Bishop Page returns to Los Angeles from worldwide Pentecostal convention in Sweden, which included stops in London, Paris, Jerusalem and Cairo

1956

• Five Elder members of Page Temple have started new COGIC churches of their own.

1960

- NAACP Los Angeles Chapter enrolls 500 people to its membership rolls at a membership drive held at Mt. Sinai.
- Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. visits Mt. Sinai, one of three stops in L.A. organized by the Baptist Ministers Union and the Interdenominational Ministers Alliance. His address to the attendees is titled "Going Forward by Going Backward," calling upon U.S. leaders to save the soul of America by returning to the principles of brotherhood and freedom of which the county was founded.

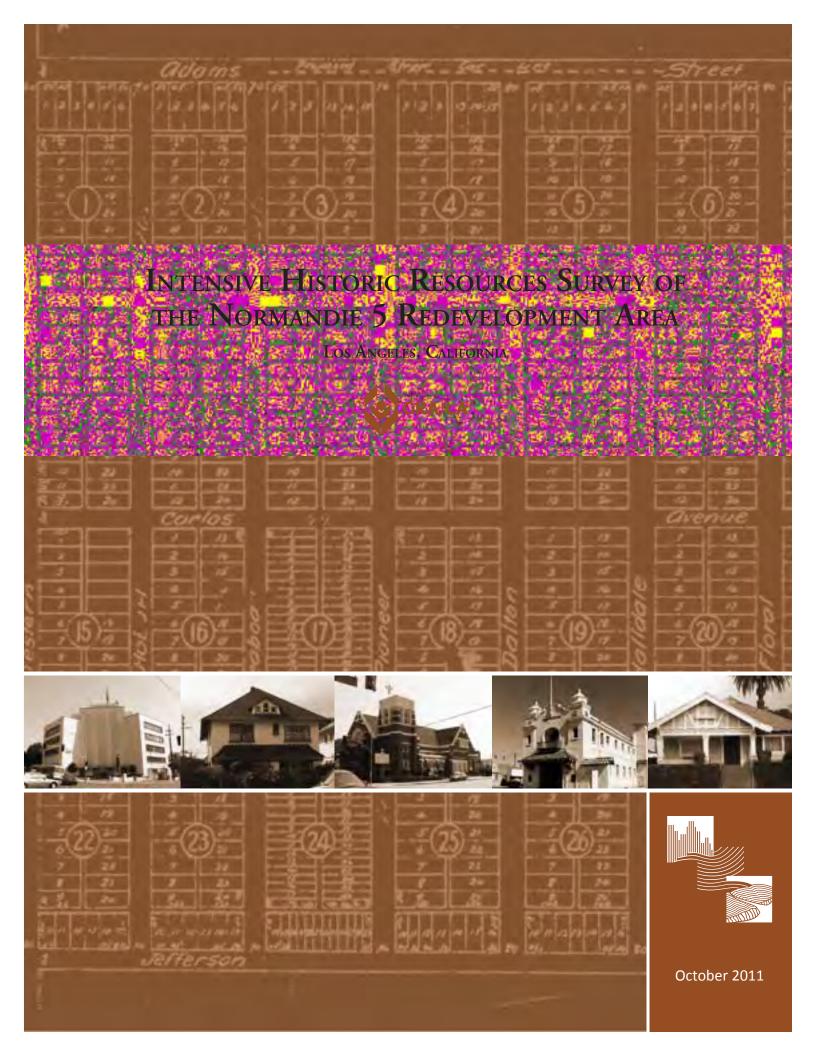
1963

• National and International Evangelist Convention of COGIC held in Los Angeles with Bishop Page, National President, presiding. Bishop Page purchases the subject building later this year.

1964

• Greater Page Temple COGIC moves to subject building where it remains. *Los Angeles Sentinel's* Church Directory lists 16 COGIC churches in Los Angeles.

1968	 40th annual International Evangelists Convention of the Church of God in Christ held at subject building.
1969	State Workers Meeting of the Central California Jurisdiction of the Church of God in
1972	 Christ held at subject building. COGIC's Board of Evangelism became an official Department of Evangelism and
1980	 appoints Bishop L.C. Page its first National President. Bishop L.C. Page passes away on October 29, 1980.
2000	 Lucius Page Jr. appointed pastor of the Greater Page Temple COGIC and serves until 2000.
2000	 Pastor Theodis Johnson appointed pastor of Greater Page Temple COGIC and serves until 2016.
2016	Pastor Dr. David E. Harris appointed pastor of Greater Page Temple COGIC





Prepared for:

Community Redevelopment Agency City of Los Angeles

354 South Spring Stree, Suite 700 Los Angeles, California 90013

Prepared by:

PCR Services Corporation

233 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 130 Santa Monica, California 90401



INTENSIVE HISTORIC RESOURCES SURVEY OF THE NORMANDIE 5 REDEVELOPMENT AREA

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for

Community Redevelopment Agency City of Los Angeles 354 South Spring Street, Suite 700 Los Angeles, CA 90013

Prepared by

Margarita J. Wuellner, Ph.D. Jon L. Wilson, M.A., M.Arch., LEED AP Amanda Kainer, M.S.

PCR Services Corporation Historic Resources Division 233 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 130 Santa Monica, California 90401

October 2011

CONTEXT: GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Theme: Religion and Spirituality, 1894-1912

Associated Property Types: Churches

Areas of Significance: Event (A/1/1) **Period of Significance:** 1894-1912

The founding of traditional religious institutions and new spiritual movements coincided with the growth of Los Angeles. Around the turn of the century, 231 Christian churches with approximately 80,000 members were established. Protestant and evangelist sects maintained the strongest presence in the city. Most early religious institutions were located downtown, and subsequently followed their congregants as they set up residence in emerging pockets of the city.³¹

The West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church (now the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ) was constructed in the Normandie 5 survey area at the corner of La Salle and Adams in 1912-1913. The three-story church was designed by renowned Los Angeles architect John C. Austin in the Gothic Revival style. (For a brief discussion of Austin's career, see associated Architects and Builders theme.) It served the neighborhood's mostly white residents until after WWII, when the population shifted to form a predominantly Africa American community. (See Ethnic/Cultural and Gender Diversity theme for additional information on the church.)

Eligibility Standards

A property is eligible within this context under Criterion Event (A/1/1) if it:

- Demonstrates an association with religious uses
- Was constructed within the period of significance
- Retains character defining features of its original architectural style
- Retains aspects of integrity that are necessary to convey its significance

Character-Defining Features

• Not applicable for this theme, since building types and styles will vary greatly

PCR Services Corporation. "Draft Intensive Historic Resources Survey of the Wilshire Center and Koreatown Recovery Redevelopment Area." May 2009, p. 89.

Integrity Aspects

Required aspects of integrity include:

- Location
- Design
- Workmanship
- Feeling

Integrity Considerations

- Setting (surrounding buildings and land uses may have changed)
- Materials (some original materials may have been altered or removed)
- Association (original use may have changed)

Applicable CHR Status Codes

NRHP (3S): To be eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A, the property:

- Demonstrates an association with significant religious uses
- Retains all aspects of integrity, unless they are not essential in conveying the significance
- Warrants a CHR Status code of 3S

CRHR (3CS): To be eligible for the CRHR under Criterion 1, the property:

- Demonstrates an association with significant religious uses
- Retains required aspects of integrity
- Warrants a CHR status code of 3CS

LA (5S2): To be eligible under a local designation, the property:

- Demonstrates an association with significant religious uses
- Retains required aspects of integrity
- Warrants a CHR status code of 5S2

CONTEXT: RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT, 1946-1960

Theme: Ethnic/Cultural and Gender Diversity

Associated Property Type: Religious Buildings Associated with African

American Culture

Areas of Significance: Event (A/1/1) **Period of Significance:** 1946-1960

Beginning in the post-WWII period, the survey area began to diversify. White residents began moving away from the city center as African American families moved in. Reflecting nationwide trends, similar population transitions were occurring in many south Los Angeles neighborhoods. The number African American residents in the survey area continued to increase through the second half of the 20th century.

With the influx of new residents came new businesses and institutions to service the black community. As author Doug Flamming wrote, "The three most potent of these institutions were race papers, black churches and black businesses." The businesses included stores of all kinds, medical and dental offices, funeral homes, and financial institutions. The enterprises attracted customers and congregants, stimulating the kind of street life that creates successful neighborhood-based community. People came to shop, worship, debate, organize, and socialize. Significantly, these institutions played a key role in fostering a sense of racial pride and identity. They also demonstrated the importance of the black middle class, who ran these establishments and served as community leaders. In many respects, these manifestations of black community life reflected the outlooks and accomplishments of the black middle class.³²

There are two extant resources in the Normandie 5 Survey Area which represent the businesses and institutions about which Doug Flamming wrote: the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ and the Golden State Mutual Building.

The Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ is an extant religious building which is historically connected to the survey area's African American population after WWII. Located at 2610 LaSalle Avenue, the two-story church was built in 1914 in the Gothic Revival style. It was designed by renowned Los Angeles architect John C. Austin and originally known as the West Adams Methodist Episcopal Church. (For a brief discussion of Austin's career, see associated Architects and Builders theme.) At its inception, the church served the mostly white population in the survey area, as discussed previously. As the black population increased after

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³² Grimes, Teresa, et al., "Historic Resources Associated with African Americans in Los Angeles," Multiple Property Documentation Form, National Register of Historic Places, 2009.

WWII, the church transformed into the Mount Sinai Missionary Baptist Church and catered to the new African American residents. Sometime after 1954, it became the Greater Page Temple Church of God in Christ, according to Sanborn maps. Both Missionary Baptist Churches and Churches of God in Christ are historically associated with African Americans.

Associated Property Type: Commercial Buildings Associated with African

American Culture

Areas of Significance: Event (A/1/1) **Period of Significance:** 1946-1960

The Golden State Mutual Building, located at the intersection of Adams Boulevard and Western Avenue, is an extant commercial building historically associated with the survey area's African American population.



It was designed in 1948 by acclaimed African American architect Paul R. Williams. The six-story building incorporates a mix of modern architectural styles, including Late Moderne and Mid-century Modern. (For a brief discussion of Williams's career, see associated architecture context.)

The aptly-named Golden State Mutual Building housed the Golden State Mutual Life Insurance Company. The company began in the early 1920s,

when William Nickerson, Norman Houston and George Beavers, Jr., partnered to operate a California branch of the American Mutual Benefit Association, a black fraternal group based in Texas that sold insurance policies. The men struck out on their own with the intention of growing the company into a full-line black owned insurance company. Their goals were to hire black workers and to grant home and business loans. Golden State received its state license in 1925. Its first office space was a one-room office at located 1435 Central Avenue. The venture was so successful that in 1928, it constructed a grand headquarters building at 4111 Central Avenue. By 1930, just five years after its founding, the company was making \$240,000 annually, employing 130 blacks in white-collar positions, and granting mortgage loans to black home and business owners. It continued to grow during the Depression to become the largest black-owned company in the West.³³

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Grimes, Teresa, et al., "Historic Resources Associated with African Americans in Los Angeles," Multiple Property Documentation Form, National Register of Historic Places, 2009.

The Golden State building at the corner of Adams and Western serves as an important physical reminder of Golden State's success and a representation of its prominence within the black community of Los Angeles in the mid- century.

Eligibility Standards

Few examples from this theme are extant in the survey area. An individual building is eligible within this theme under Criterion Event (A/1/1) if it:

- Was/Is the home of important black-owned businesses, professionals or institutions
- Was/Is located adjacent to established residential African American neighborhoods Dates from the period of significance
- Was/Is historically used in a significant manner by the African American community
- Was constructed during the period of significance
- Buildings eligible under this criterion need not have been constructed by African Americans; however, buildings constructed by African Americans are more important than those that were not.

Character-defining Features

Not applicable for this theme, since building types and styles will vary greatly

Integrity Aspects

- Not applicable for this theme, since building types and styles will vary greatly
- Location (historic location)
- Design (majority of character-defining features intact)
- Materials (some original materials may have been altered or removed; storefronts may have been changed.)
- Workmanship (evidence of skilled workmanship should be present)
- Feeling (middle- to upper-class single family residence from around the turn of the century)

Integrity Considerations

- Setting (surrounding buildings and land uses may have changed)
- Association (original use may have changed)
- Replacement of original wood framed windows with aluminum or vinyl frames but within original openings

- New exterior surface if the original is underneath
- Alteration of storefronts
- ADA alterations to commercial and religious properties

Applicable CHR Status Codes

NRHP (3S): To be eligible for the NRHP under Criterion A, the property:

- Was/Is strongly, significantly associated with the commercial, professional and/or cultural development of the African American community
- Retains all aspects of integrity, unless they are not essential in conveying the significance
- Warrants a CHR Status code of 3S

CRHR (3CS): To be eligible for the CRHR under Criterion 1, the property:

- Was/Is strongly, significantly associated with the commercial, professional and/or cultural development of the African American community
- Retains required aspects of integrity
- Warrants a CHR status code of 3CS

LA (5S2): To be eligible under a local designation, the property:

- Was/Is strongly, significantly associated with the commercial, professional and/or cultural development of the African American community
- Retains required aspects of integrity
- Warrants a CHR status code of 5S2

CONTEXT: ARCHITECTURE, ENGINEERING AND DESIGNED LANDSCAPES, 1912-1913

Theme: Architects and Builders

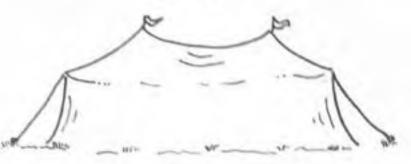
Associated Property Types: Various, depending on architect's body of work

Areas of Significance: Event (C/3/3) **Period of Significance:** 1912-1913

From

Beginning 1943

the



Bishop L.C. Page Sr. - Founder

Tent

Soth Inniversary Gelebration

Present 1993

to



GREATER PAGE TEMPLE

2610 S. Lasalle Ave Los Angeles, CA 90018 Dr. L.C. Page, Pastor the

Temple

EARLY LIFE OF BISHOP L. C. PAGE



Bishop L. C. Page at 18 years of age.

Bishop L. C. Page's walk with God began at a very young age. As early as the age of two,his mother recognized that there was a special calling upon his life. He was converted in his youth and accepted Christ as his Savior.

He joined the Rose of Sharon Missionary
Baptist Church in Kemper County Mississippi
in 1891. The church was pastored by Rev.
Calvin Rush. His first work in the ministry was
as a boy preacher. He was drilled and guided
by his mother's sister, Ella Lee Bailer, who
was president of the Missionary Society at that
local church. Sister Bailer taught him many
Bible stories.

His first sermon was about Noah and the ark.
His subject was "Come In Because It's Going
To Rain", He became a famous boy preacher
under Dr. James Brown of Chicago, Illinois.
He was ordained in the Baptist faith by
Rev. Calvin Rush, Rev. Henry Boyd, and
Dr. Morris in Helena, Arkansas during the
same year that the National Baptist
Convention was born.

Bishop Page was greatly influenced by the ministry of Rev. C. P. Jones. Rev. Jones held a revival in a comfield near Meridian, Mississippi. He preached holiness. The seats were logs and the roof was made of brush arbor but people from two counties

gathered to hear the message! The seed of holiness was planted but it would be more than twenty years before it would spring up.

During World War I, Bishop Page served as a skilled worker in the ship building industry. He served for four years in Meadsville, Pennsylvania. Never weary of spreading the gospel, Bishop Page spent his lunch hour preaching about Jesus Christ.

In East Columbus, Ohio, he established the first Baptist church. At that time, there were no other churches in the town. Later, he moved to St. Louis, Missouri with his first wife, Nancy, and their three daughters. Bishop Page established the Westside Baptist Church and while pastoring this church the gospel of Pentecost which had been instilled in his heart as a boy was revived. He heard the true gospel through two sisters from the Church of God in Christ located in St. Louis. They taught him a more perfect way, and he humbled himself before the Lord.

Bishop Page received the baptism of the Holy Ghost in his house not knowing very much about the Church of God in Christ. He was later baptized in the Mississippi River by Bishop D. Bostic, who was overseer at that time. The Lord gave Bishop Page the gift of healing and sent him out into the gospel field.

Now located in Little Rock, Arkansas, Bishop Page was again serving as a pastor.

During his tenure as pastor, Mother Nancy Page went to be with the Lord. Although her passing was a great shock to Bishop Page, the Lord gave him another wife, a blessed woman in the Lord, Sister Thelma Page. To this union God blessed them with six children: Betty Jean, Lucius Jr., Princess, Paulette and Paul (twins), and Joseph.

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During his tenure as pastor, Mother Nancy Page went to be with the Lord. Although her passing was a great shock to Bishop Page, the Lord gave him another wife, a blessed woman in the Lord, Sister Thelma Page. To this union God blessed them with six children: Betty Jean, Lucius Jr., Princess, Paulette and Paul (twins), and Joseph.

MOVE TO LOS ANGELES

*And the Lord said unto him, arise, and go into the city, and it shall be told thee what thou must do". Acts 9:6

Bishop Page was moved of the Lord to go to Los Angeles, the City named "Nuestra Senora Madre la Reina de Los Angeles", and interpreted "Our Lady the Queen of the Angels". This was May 28, 1943, at 12:00 midnight. He immediately arose and Angels". This was May 28, 1943, at 12:00 midnight has said, the call to go to communicated with God, and thought on what the Spirit has said, the call to go to Los Angeles. The Lord gave him what to do.

He wired a friend, Elder W. L. McKinney, that night about his sudden call from the Lord and he replied that the Lord had told him to send for Bishop.

On June 6th, Bishop Page arrived in Los Angeles and a twenty-eight day revival was held at Twenty-First Street Temple Church of God in Christ. The results of this revival was most gratifying, the fervor of the Lord being intensified in the hearts of the brethren.

The Lord manifested Himself in outstanding healings; among which were: healing of a rupture of 20 years, cancer of the breast, tuberculosis, and many other diseases of all kinds.

One night when he was sitting in the pulpit the Spirit said, "I have sent you to stay". He questioned the Lord and found out that the Lord wanted a City-wide tent revival. Through the assistance of Elder McKinney, the entire city gave its help, and came to our spiritual aid.

The last week of June 1943, Bishop Page met with his first members; Elder and Sister Fred Jenkins, Sister M. B. Bluett, Brother and Sister Joseph Dornis in the home of Brother and Sister Willie Baker. This was on a Saturday night. They prayed and taiked over plans for the tent meeting, which was to open on July 4th. At this meeting Sister Ruby Jenkins was elected Music Directress, Sister Maudie Dornis was appointed Secretary of the Church, Brother Joseph Dornis appointed Deacon, and Elder Fred Jenkins appointed Assistant Pastor.



Brother and Sister Willie Baker

It was in their hame that Below Page held the proper spectrum in Lose 1911, and opposition the long Pangue client and made plant for the great sent or wind. This house was hearted at 1921 East 20th Street.



Sister Rachel Barno

East recover of the shurch. Then kinners on Barler Googleson.



Standing left to ciple Stretter Inseph Dorda, Educ F. D. Sentime Serial Street blanch mother, Microfile Dorde Entrop L. G. Pape and States Ruby Sentime.

The tent was opened as planned on Sunday, July 4, 1943, at 3:00 p.m. The Lord truly blessed in that meeting. In the latter part of September, 1943, Bishop Page was in the tend praying and a light appeared before him and he followed this light until it disappeared in front of a church at 337 East Jefferson Blvd. Bishop Page found a man watering the lawn and began to talk to him and inquire about this church. The church was for sale and immediately plans were made to buy it.

As a result of this 90-day Tent Revival, a great church was established and on the Second Sunday of October, 1943, the Saints marched into this Church with their Pastor. In the first seven years the Church grew from four members to over one thousands. This Church was enlarged, but the Lord added daily such as should be saved and this Church could not accommodate the membership and followers.

NEW DIRECTIONS

In 1953, our State Bishop, Bishop S. M. Crouch began to persuade Bishop Page to consider a work on the Westside of the City. After several months of much prayer and fasting, Pastor Page accepted the church which was known as Antioch, pastored by Elder S. M. Crouch, Jr.

On the last Sunday in February, 1954, we moved to 1545 West 35th Place. No one but a man of Bishop Page's magnitude could have interwoven the two congregations in love and harmony. It was not an easy task. In this move we lost many members due to transportation and other hindrances. But Bishop Page kept moving forward. By faith, he remodeled this church and gave the community a new look. Again many souls



MINISTER'S BOARD OF PAGE TEMPLE 1956

Edwis Benbow. Thomson, Manley, Kelly and Brown have started churches of their own and are all members of Page Temple and their churches are in the Evangelot Detrict of which Pastor Page is the Superintendent, expect Eder Manley, all of these ministers have a spirit of evangelor. Either Brown is working with Bahop Cadler in the Hawaii Islands. May God ever bless our ministers.



ANTIOCH TEMPLE CHOIR 1956

Elder Maximil Deads in Super Buck Jenium Anianing, Swams Many LaCour, planted.

THE VISION

Bishop L. C. Page was the first Evangelist of the Church of God in Christ to be permitted by Bishop C. H. Mason, Founder of the Churches of God in Christ, Inc., to organize an Evangelistic Board. God blessed Bishop Page to see the outreach of true

The 44th Annual International Evangelist Convention was held March I2-I9, I972, here in Los Angeles at Crouch Temple, 2300 South Central Avenue. Evangelists gathered from all over America for this grand occasion.

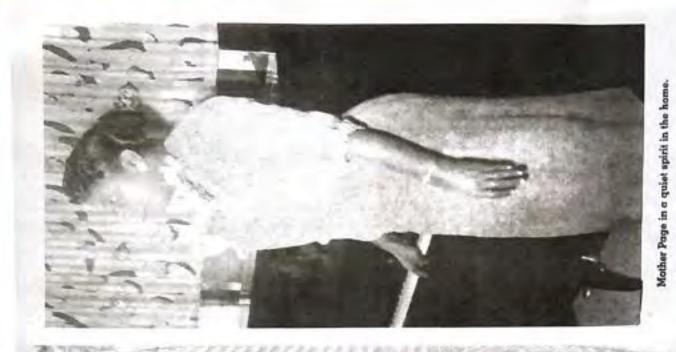
Bishop Page also celebrated 75 years in the ministry in 1972.







ADMIRING ACROLL presented his by Rev liarvey Jerkins. postor of Committy Church of God in Christ, is Bishop Lucious C. Doge, and his wife. The prescription was part of the tempnoted banquet honoring the religious leader who was appointed bishop at Composition in Memphia, on Dec. 14, 1994. The dimen was held on Saturday right at the Wilandel House | See Many on





Bishop and Mother Page's Home, 1716 Victoria Ave., Los Angeles, California

OUR PASTOR'S FAMILY



Pastere Page and mother on their honeymoon June. 1938.



Bettie Page



Princess Page



THE TWINS
Paul and Paulette Page and Joseph



Lucius C. Page Ir.



BISHOP PAGE

ane of his few relaxing moods he is on to the wide open spaces for a fish- α trip.



Bishop Page attending civic affair honoring Congressman William Dawson of Chicago, III. Circle indicates Bishop Page on stairs, and Congressman Dawson.

Brief History of Page Temple and Antioch Evangelistic Temple Now cooperated as Antioch Evangelist Temple

In the year of 1943 in the month of May, Elder L. C. Page of Little Rock, Arkansas come to Los Angeles, California to conduct a revival for Elder McKinney then paster of 21st Street Church of God in Christ. Many souls were saved and healed in this meeting. After this meeting closed, Elder Page was led of the Lord to open a tent meeting and if the Lord directed, he later would open a church. The last week in June 1943, Elder Page met with Elder and Sister Fred Jenkins, Sister M. B. Bluett and Brother and Sister Joseph F. Dorris in the home of Brother and Sister Willie Baker at 1327 East 27th street in Los Angeles. This was a Saturday night. We had prayer and talked over plans to hold a tent meeting which was to open July 4, 1943. Sister Maudie Dorris was appointed secretary. The offering that night was \$3.10. On July 4 the tent meeting was opened at 3:00 P.M. The Lord truly blessed in this meeting. Los Angeles was stirred. Saints moving to Los Angeles from other places placed their membership with Elder Page, one such Sister from Dallas, Texas, Sister Zelma Gant was the first to give Paster Page her letter even before the church was begun and Sister Gant has never regreted that move, she is still a member in good standing.

The latter part of September, Pastor Page was in the tent praying when a light appeared before him, he followed this light until it disappeared in front a little church at 337 East Jelterson Blvd. There Pastor Page found a man watering the lawn and began to talk with him and found out that this church was for sale and immediately plans were made to purchase this church. On the 2nd Sunday in October 1943, the saints marched into this church. We remained at this location until we couldn't accommodate the people, so in 1950 the Lord said, "Move Again". One of the mathers of the church called the pastor and told him that she had seen this beautiful Temple at 8th and Sam Julian in downtown Los Angeles, this church had been vacant for several years and like the Colt in St. Mark 11-1. "Ye shall find a colt tied, whereon never man sat, loose him and bring him 3". And if any man say unto you why do ye this? say ye "that the Lord hath need of him" and truly the Lord and Pastor Page had need of this Temple, it was as if the Lord had reserved this place for Pastor Page. We marched into this beautiful Temple on Palm Sunday 1950. It will take only eternity to tell of the many souls reached and healed.

Then in 1953 in the later part of that year our State Bishop S. M. Crouch began to persuade Paster Page to consider a work on the westside of the city. After several months of much prayer and fasting Paster Page excepted the church which is known as Antioch, pastered by Elder S. M. Crouch Jr. On the last Sunday in February 1954, we moved to 1545 West 35th Street. No one but a man of Bishop Page's magnitude could have interwoven the two congregations in love and harmony, it was not an easy task and at times Bishop Page almost fainted but he always thought of the verse of scripture "Be thou faithful until death and I will give thee a crown of life".

Bishop Page marched into the little church on East Jefferson with only 33 members in 1943. Today as we march to Greater Page Temple at 2510 La Salle street we are marching 700 strong. May God ever bless Bishop Page and Mother Page to carry on this great work. For we know that behind every great man there is a great woman.

HIGHLIGHTS AND COMMENDATORY



BISHOP E. B. STEWART

"And let us not be weary in well doing for in due season we shall reap if we faint not."

It is with unfeigned love and Godly admiration that one minister should highly esteem another for his progress and advancement in the ministry. For it is with little effort that I can speak well of my brother and tellow minister Bishop L. C. Page. Having heard the word of the Lord saying, "know them that labour among you." Bishop Page is one of the strongest and among the first Evangelists of the Church of God in ted States of America expounding the word, Christ. He has traveled throughout the Uni healing the sick and by the power of the Holy Ghost causing me nand women to turn from their sins. The gospel preached by this dynamic spokesman of God has been very effective and far reaching for many souls have been helped and have learned to walk with God in the newness of life and in the beauty of Holiness.

Bishop Page has not strayed from the Doctrine of this church, nor has he fell short of the things in which we believe for he stands firm and with high ranks with the brethren at this time. He is the general Financier of the Church of God in Christ, the president of the National Evangelist Board, and also chairman of the Superintendent's Board for a number of years.

In the year of 1943, the spirit of the Lord moved upon this man and sent him West where he settled in the city of Los Angeles and continued to work in the interest of the souls of men. Surely, God has been with him for he has been a success in his labour. He has purchased property in various parts of the city advancing from one to another until God placed him on 35th Place and Denker in the building which is known as Evangelist Temple where he has pastored for a number of years. Bishop Page is a man of high ambition and is quite aggressive for he is still on the move for God. Again, being moved by the Spirit he has taken a higher step and by the act of faith he has achieved and accomplished as God would have it so. And as he moves from Evangelist Temple to this beautiful edifice on LaSalle and Adams Boulevard may God rejuvenate him and give him new life as he carries on this most commendable work of the Lord.

Bishop E. B. Stewart General Boardsman Member of the Board of Directors Member of the Judiciary Board Bishop of Northern California



"BISHOP L. C. PAGE AS I KNOW HIM" By ELDER RISIER EDWARDS

In the year of 1949 my wife, son and I visited the blg tent revival conducted by Evangelist L. C. Page located at 36th and San Pedro Streets in Los Angeles California. My wife went up to the altar for prayer and received the Lord Jesus as her Saviour. When she returned to her seat I said to her that we were leaving and as we started to leave Bishop Page said "Boy don't take her away from here." When I re-considered I decided not to leave. It was at this point that I began to make a decision for Christ. Leaving Los Angeles for our home in Long Beach, Calif., driving along in the automobile we began to sing praises unto the Lord; about 1 o'clock A.M. between Compton and Long Beach I came to the end of my sinful sell, Christ came into my life and saved me to the uttermost, while driving down the highway in the early morning May 16, 1949. The following Friday we returned to the tent. I gave my testimony and after the broadcost that evening I was filled with the Holy Ghost. From this revival I saw great working of the Holy Spirit, and much progressive work. being done. Shortly after we moved back into the little church at 337 East Jefferson, where it was tilled to capacity, then the man of God saw the need for a larger place, therefore he called the congregation together and told then how the Lord had spoken to him and showed him a large Temple, then he said to us "If you will follow me I will do you good." He proceeded by faith and just a few days later the Lord gave us the big Temple at 605 East 8th Street in Los Angeles. The Lord awakened Los Angeles and all the regions around It was like the days of John the fore runner of Jesus Christ. Many were tilled with the Holy Ghost. I saw the blind receive their sight. the deaf hear, the dumb talk, the lame walk and many healed of all manner of diseases. What an unusual progressive ministry this man of God bave a positive faith ministry. While the Lord was still blessing a value of the Lord said "Move to the west side," so he had no other choice. For we know God doesn't always work as we think best. One look you could see progress and the second look see gloomy, but in 1954 we moved to our present home, 1545 West 35th Street, Antioch Temple Church of God in Christ. In this move we lost many members due to transportation and other hindrance. But Bishop Page kept maying forward, when the wind blew and the storm came the earthquake shook the congregation and it seemed the end was near, we could only mark time and stood like a soldier who saw nothing but victory. And as the sun began to rise even before the light of day by faith he remodeled this church and gave the community a new look. For the Bible declares "That if we suffer with Him we shall also reign with Him." 2 Timothy 2:12. The Lord has saved and healed many hundreds on the westside under this great man, nevertheless thru' the years of his life and many still remains, this great evangelist, one of the first magnitude, has opened up the way for generations to come in the wonderful field of evangelism. History Page is National President of the Evangelist Board of the Churches of God in Christ

In this year of 1963 Pastor Page has begun another great enterprise, another step forward. The Greater Page Temple at the corner of La Salle and Adams Blvd.... I pray and trust that this will be a monument for generations to come and that God will preserve his life for many more years, and when the Lord shall say "Well Done," I trust He will give him a new lease on life as He did Hezekiah. 2 Kinas 20:6.



"REMEMBRANCES AND MIRRORED HALOS"

nl.

Deacon Clarence C. Moody

Late Husband of Missionary I. M. Moody Deacon Clarence Moody

The beautiful thoughts of a well spent life is so becoming to my late husband, Deacon Clarence Moody, and worthy of emulation. He was saved in a Men's Hour service conducted by our pastor, Bishop L. C. Page, in Dallas, Texas, in 1933. The Lord blessed us with 25 years of

material bliss. On January 23, 1957, our Father called Deacon Moody home with a "thank you, Jesus" on his lips. His going left a vacancy in my heart that only God can fill.



Missionary I. M. Moody TRIBUTE to Bishop L. C. Page

Our leader is worthy of note and much consideration, prayers and cooperation. We venture to say God will give strength and permit him to go in and possess his inheritance. Vision is the power to see the thing before it materializes, the power to see the plan and corry it through. Needless for me to say, Bishop Page is a man of great visions. Think of the things given the world through man's vision. "To see the need is vision, to fill the need is fulfillment and God supplies the ability and

grace for both." May God ever bless you and mother Page. "The voice of a servant."

Missionary I. M. Moody 725 Brooks Ave., Venice, Calif.



Maxine Gordon
Congratulations
to
Bishop L. C. Page and
Mother Page



TO MY PASTOR BISHOP L. C. PAGE

Though in the flesh I am in San Francisco, yet in the spirit I am with you and enjoying the fruit of your labor. May the best God has to offer on this earth be yours.

Alma Wilson



Sister Luvenia Howard and Cynthia Ann

May God bless our paster and wife in their infallible effort to serve the Omnipotent God and Humanity.





First Choir of Page Temple in 1943 at 337 East lefferson Bivd. Sister Dorothy Mitchell, Pinnist







Brother and Sister Willie Baker
It was in their home that Bishop Page
held the prayer meeting in June, 1943
and arganized the Page Temple church
and made plans for the great tent revival. This house was located at 1327
East 27th Street.



Sister Rachel Barno
First convert of the church. Then known
as Sister Singleton.

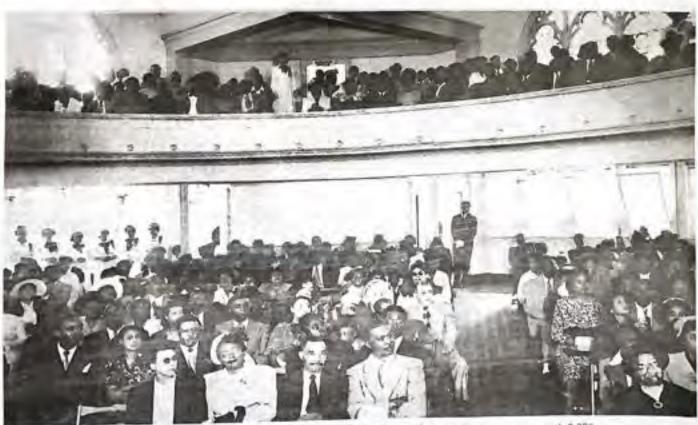


Standing, left to right: Brother Joseph Dorris, Elder F. D. Jenkins. Seated: Now church mother, Maudie Dorris Bishop L. C. Page and Sister Ruby Jenkins. These 4 members along with Brother and Sister Willie Baker made up the prayer meeting where the idea for a great church was born, little did this small group know that on that night of June 1943, that they were taking part in the making of "Fishers of Men"



LEAVING 337 EAST JEFFERSON BLVD. ON PALM SUNDAY 1950 FOR NEW CHURCH HOME, 605 EAST 8th STREET

Notice sign is background "Great 40 Days Consecration Service", 90% of all the members have been saved through this 40 days consecration service, which Bishop Page has carried on since the beginning of his ministry.



First service at 505 East 8th Street on Palm Sunday 1950 at 3.00 P.M. With seating capacity of 2.000



DEACON AND DEACONESS BOARDS 1954 Deceased: Deacons Clarence Moody and Christian



OUR PRESENT DEACON BOARD

From left to right Assisting pastor Eld. W. M. Clark, Deacons Orlando Lee, Fred Murphy, Cecil Smith, Johnson, J. B. Alley and Len Farmer. Other Deacons not shown Deacon J. F. Dorris, chairman, W. M. Chatman, T. Dorris, Chairman, W. M. Chatman, Chairman, W. M. Chatman, Chairman, Chairman,



MRS. WILLETTA N. RANDALL

ACRONIC MAJOR LAFFREDS HE FO
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SMITTER WORK YOUR DAJORNICK MOPITAL PRODUCTIONS
WELLETTA M SAMEMALL MEMORIAL MOPITAL PRODUCTIONS





ADMIRING SCROLL presented him by Rev. Harvey Jenkins, pastor of Community Church of God in Christ, is Bishop Lucious C. Page, and his wife. The presentation was part of the testimonial banquet honoring the religious leader who was appointed hishop at Convocation in Memphis, on Dec. 14, 1954. The dinner was held on Saturday night at the Wifandel House. (See story on A-6).



MOTHER'S BOARD 1954 Mother Gertrude Ellis Church Mother (deceased)



MOTHER'S BOARD

From left to right: Mothers Lizzie Johnson, Mary Taylor, Alice Matlock, I. M. Moody, Ruby Wilburn, Susie Drew, V. A. Scott, Maudie Dorris, Jr. Church Mother Juanita Clark, Luella Robinson and Ida Martin. The Mother's Board salute pastor and mother Page as we march into our new home for there are fields that have been explored and mountains that have not been scaled. You have our prayers.

Mother Maudie Dorris, Church Mother



ANTIOCH TEMPLE CHOIR 1956

Elder Maxwell Deadrick Director, Sister Ruby Jenkins Assisting, Sisters Mary
Ann LaCour, planist.



PAGE TEMPLE SENIOR CHOIR 1963
Brother Willie Furga Director, Sister Mary Ann La Cour, pianist.



MINISTER'S BOARD OF PAGE TEMPLE 1956

Elders Benbow, Thompson, Manley, Kelly and Brown have started churches of their own and are all members of Page Temple and their churches are in the Evangelist District of which Pastor Page is the Supt. Except Elder Manley. All of these ministers have a spirit of evangelism. Eld. Brown is working with Bishop Cadler in the Hawaii Islands. May God ever bless our ministers.



PRESENT MINISTER'S BOARD



BIRTHDAY PARTY
Honoring Bishop L. C. Page. Sponsored by Bishop Watley of Chicago, Illinois



PASTOR'S HOSPITALITY GROUP 1963 Sister Daisy Lyles, President



EVANGELIST CONVENTION IN ATLANTA, GA.

Bishop Page is president of the Evangelist Board of the Churches of God in Christ. He organized this work 32 years ago. March of this year 1963 the convention convened at Crouch's Temple here in Los Angeles. Evangelists from all parts of the country gathere for 10 days. Evangelist Reatha Herndon is President of the Wamen's department of Women Evangelist.



COPPET DE PETERNO SER COMMISSION AT CLOSE OF CONVENTION



YOUNG AIXILT CHOIR 1963.

This becaustful group of young people under the lecalership of Elder Maxwell Decidick sing tirst and third Sundays and broodcast every Sunday over station KALI 1690 on rodio. Pastor Page has the youn apeople of the church and community in his beast and is working to reach the masses in our new church home at Lis Salle and Adams. The young Adult Chair Salutes pastor by a great work well done and may be tive to exact the lives of many more.



CONGRATULATIONS

GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST

As the Mayor of the City of Los Angeles, on behalf of its citizens, it is a pleasure for me to extend a warm and sincere congratulations to the Greater Page Temple, Church of God in Christ, as you celebrate your 50th anniversery.

This is certainly a very special event, and we in the "City of the Angels" are honored to join with you and other members of the community in commemorating this great occasion.

Best wishes for continued success and for a wonderful Fiftieth Year Jubilee Celebration.

Sincerely,

TOM BRADLEY MAYOR





BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

CONTROL OF A PROPERTY / LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA MINEZ / 121 St 974 (2.2.2.2.

SICRIA MOLINA
YVONNE BRATHWAITE BLIKKI
EDMUND DI FDELMAN
DEANE DANA
MICHAEL DI ANTONOVICHI

MEMBERS OF THE BUSINESS

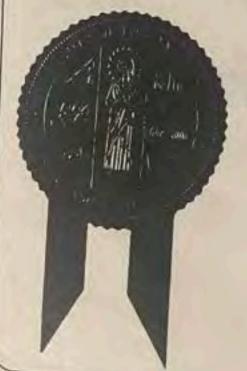
YVONNE BRATHWAITE BURKE SUPERVISOR, SECOND DISTRICT

June 27, 1993



GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF COD IN CHRIST Dr. L.C. Page, Pastor

On behalf of the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors, I am pleased to extend greetings to you and the congregation as you celebrate your 50th Jubilee. Greater Page Temple has faithfully served the people of Los Angeles in its outreach ministry. May God continue to bless you.



Very truly yours.

AVONNE BRATHWAITE BURKE Supervisor, Second District All applications unust be filled out by applicant.

Board of Public Works

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS

Ward

Applicant must indicate the Building Line or Lines clearly and distinctly on the Drawings.

Application for Erection of Frame Buildings

OF CLASS "D"

Say of the	· Amalian	tion is hereby made to the Chief Inspector of Buildings of the City of Los Angeles, for the
, nást	4	the detailed statement of the specifications and plans herewith submitted for the erection of the
+		herein described. All provisions of the Building Ordinances shall be complied with in the erec-
		building.,, whether specified herein or not,
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5.	Builder'	s name
6.	Builder'	s address 2.3360 West 2.3
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		e building be erected on the front or rear of lot?
. 9.	Size of	lot?
10.	Numbei	of stories in height; height from curb level to highest point
		the character of the ground; rock, clay, sand, filled, etc
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13.	Will bas	sement or cellar be of brick, stone or concrete?
14.	What w	vill be the depth of foundation walls below curb level or surface of ground?
15.	Of what	t will foundation walls be built?
	Give thi	ckness of foundation walls:thickness and width of footings:
ıб.		and kind of chimneys to be used
		of stacks to ground; number of flues
17.	What w	vill be the size of sills?inches
		vill be the size of exterior studs?2x. 4; interior studs?x
, 19.	Whatw	vill be the size of interior bearing partition?
ı	**	6304

Ward

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS and other data must plea be field.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS

Application for the Erection of Frame, Building addition CLASS 'D'

Application is hereby made to the Board of Public Works (Chief Inspector of Buildings), of the City of Los Angeles, for the approval of this detailed statement of specifications berewith submitted for the erection of the building herein described. All provisions of the building ordinances and state laws shall be complied with in the erection of said huilding, whether herein specified or not. It is also understood the granting of a permit on this application does not grant any right or privilege to creek the building or structure herein described, or any portion thereof on any public street or alley or on any land or portion thereof, the title or right of possession to which is in litigation by, or is disputed by the City, County or State; or as giving or granting any right or privilege to use the said structure or building for any purpose which is or may hereafter be prohibited by ordinance of the City of Los Angeles.

or on any land or City, County or Sta	to creek the building or structure herein described, or any portion thereof on any public street or portion thereof, the title or right of possession to which is in litigation by, or is disputed by tate; or as giving or granting any right or privilege to use the said structure or building for any	v the '
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5. CONTRA	ACTOR'S NAME Richards Puntal Como Co.	ነ
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How many thicknesses?	
What kind of fire-proofing?	
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3rd floor;4th floor;5th flo	

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Application for Permit Formation to the second To Erect or Alter CITY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT an Electric Sign BUILDING AND BAFETY To be made in duplicate If filed in a Branch Office, to be made in ouadraplicate Location of Building...Z.E.C. Sauth-275/21/e Letween what cross streets. West. FAMMS 4. USE INK OR INDELIGIE PENCIL l. Purposs of building Thora Dwelling Apartment Booms, Well at alone purposes. 2 Omnis Lizzantellantellantel 3. Owner's address LLLQ Saula Salla St. P.O. Certificated Architect Registered Engineer A Contractor Lands and Monday a Contractor's eddress that Meditter alver WALUATION, OF PROPOSED WORK formating all labor and material and all alactic formation of the formation and the formation and the formation of the format a Sire of building Lane Z.E. No. Stories ____ Material Exterior Walls __ 12-12-14 a Type! W Projecting D Wall D Roof. 10. D New - II Alteration The Market Land 11. Weight 300. 12, Materials of Sign Construction. Mr. 72 14. Height of Upper Edge above Grade. 37 - 6. 14. Distance of Outer Edge from Building. Ist. Height of Roof Sign above Roof or Parapet. ELECTRICAL FEET 12. Number of Lamp Holders. 514 n.s. (1) For issuing permit 18. Number of Transformers 19. Kumber et Flashers... The CI Shop Inspection. I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above application is correct and that this tronk will comply with all laws, and that in the doing of the work anthorized thereby I will not employ any person in violation of the Labor Code of the State of California relating to Workmen's Compensation Insurance. The indensigned affirms and agrees that all increscent or other gascocs tube squipment installed and cornected to facilities stationared by this permit will comply in all respects with the rules and requirements of the Department of Water and Power relating to power factor and other regulations governing service to such equipment. (Siza bero) Luzaniaki Mean Ba Registered Electrical Contractor. DISTRICT Surectine Electricien OFFICE FUR DEPARTMENT USE UNLY PLAN CHICKING Date Belleter Fernit Talmust. To Pad 1 TOTAL FEE Kinns the Speciations theired nendro FRE LAURE PERMUT NO. Datrick Ede. Lin SCHOOL WICHELES Stamp bere date permit ELECTRIC SIGN

Aldr. Form 2

DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING AND SAFETY BUILDING DIVISION

Application to Alter, Repair, Move or Demolish

Application is hereby tendent of Building, for a ject to the following condi- cise of the permit; First: That the perm apon any street, alley, or Second: That the De	y made to the Board of Building and Safety C building permit in accordance with the descions, which are hereby agreed to by the under other public place or portion thereof. In the public place or portion thereof. In the permit does not grant any right or privilege to the may hereafter be prohibited by ordinance of the nilng of the permit does not affect or prejudice.	ription and for the purpose hereinafte raigned applicant and which shall be ect any building or other structure to	deemed conditions entering into the exer- therein described, or any portion thereof, therein described, or any portion thereof,
warmit.	EMOVED FROM	1	OVED TO
Lot	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Lot	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Tract ()	Vitter Hall	Tract	
Present location of building	Ferner, House No	mber and Street)	Approved by City Engineer.
New location of building Between what cross streets	Mean Mest	mber and Street) Cue	Deputy.
1. Purpose of P.	RESENT building	ipariment House, or any other purpose	amiliesRooms
2. Use of building	or AFTER alteration or moving	Lang.	amilies
3. Owner (Print N	R	utes Weit adams	M. E. Share. Phone
4 0	ress.		
		State	**************************************
5. Certificated A	rchitect	License No State	Phone
6. Licensed Eng	ineer	License No State	Phone
7. Contractor	; 	1	Phone
8. Contractor's	address	,	
' O TEATEAMION	OF PROPOSED WORK { and }	ling all Material, Labor, Finishing, I	Equipment 3 5 /// 0
State how many	huildings NOW	appliances in Completed Building.	**************************************
10. State how many on lot and give	-	Residence, Hotel, Apartment House, or	any other purpose.
11. Size of existing	ng building	per of stories high	eight to highest point
12. Class of build	ding	ting walls Division Exte	erior framework
	fly and fully all proposed consti	ruction and work:	
and the state of t	**************************************	and the state of the contract	pinto smaller
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***********************	Most-bearing	/ ~~*************	
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********	Fill in Application on o	ther Side and Sign Statem	ent (OVER)
	//// FOR DEPARTMEN	The state of the s	Fee
PERMIT NO.	Zone Fire District Set	Back Street Widening	Stamp hera when
	Plans and Specifications checked, / Ap	plication chacked and approved	
23448	Harten 13	1/20 // 3- 3/m.	
	Carrections verified	Filed with	
DIA A KCK	The Addition of the second of	SPRINKLER	

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, and other data must be filed if required.

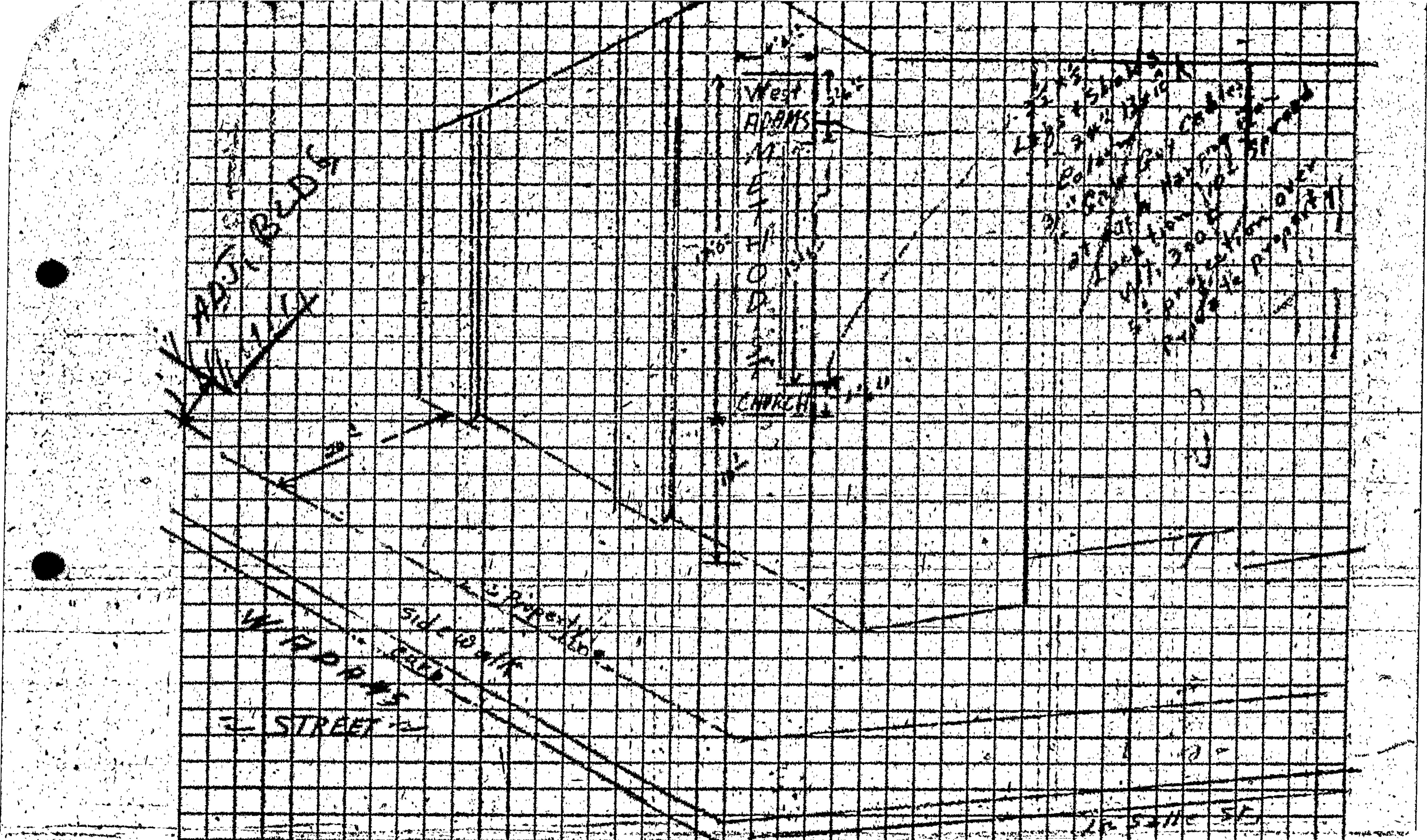
	NEW CONSTRUCTION
Size of AdditionSize	of Lot
	Size of Redwood Sill
Depth Footing below ground	Width Foundation Wall
	oists: First FloorXSecond FloorX
Material of Roof	Size of RaftersxSpacingon center
hereby certify and agree, if a Permit is issue	h sides of this completed Application, and know the same is true and correct and d, that all of the provisions of the Building Ordinances and State Laws will be in also certify that plans and specifications, if required to be filed, will conform in ances and State Laws. Here
Sign	Here. Owner of Authorized Agent)
	By Cassalf Line (Owner of Authorized Agent)
	OR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY
	t. Set back. Henry Termite Inspection
Application	
Construction Zoning Zoning	Street Widening. Forced Draft Ventil
REINFORCED CONCRETE	The building (and, or, addition) referred to in this Application is, or will be when moved, more than 100 feet from
Barrels of Cement	Street
Tons of Reinforcing Steel	Sign Here(Owner or Authorized Agent)
	passageway at least ten (10) feet wide, extending from any dwelling lley at least 10 feet in width. Here
	(Owner or Authorized Agent)
REMARKS	, ,
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	HAVE A LICENSE FROM THE STATE OF REQUIRED TO: AS AN ARCHITECT, ENGINEER OF CONTRACTOR, AND FURTHER CERTIFY YEAY YEEKE IN THE TICENSE.
***************************************	ENGINEER OR GENERAL CONTRACTOR FOR THIS JOB, EXCEPT AS NOTED ON THIS APPLICATION.
	ASS DE MARINE

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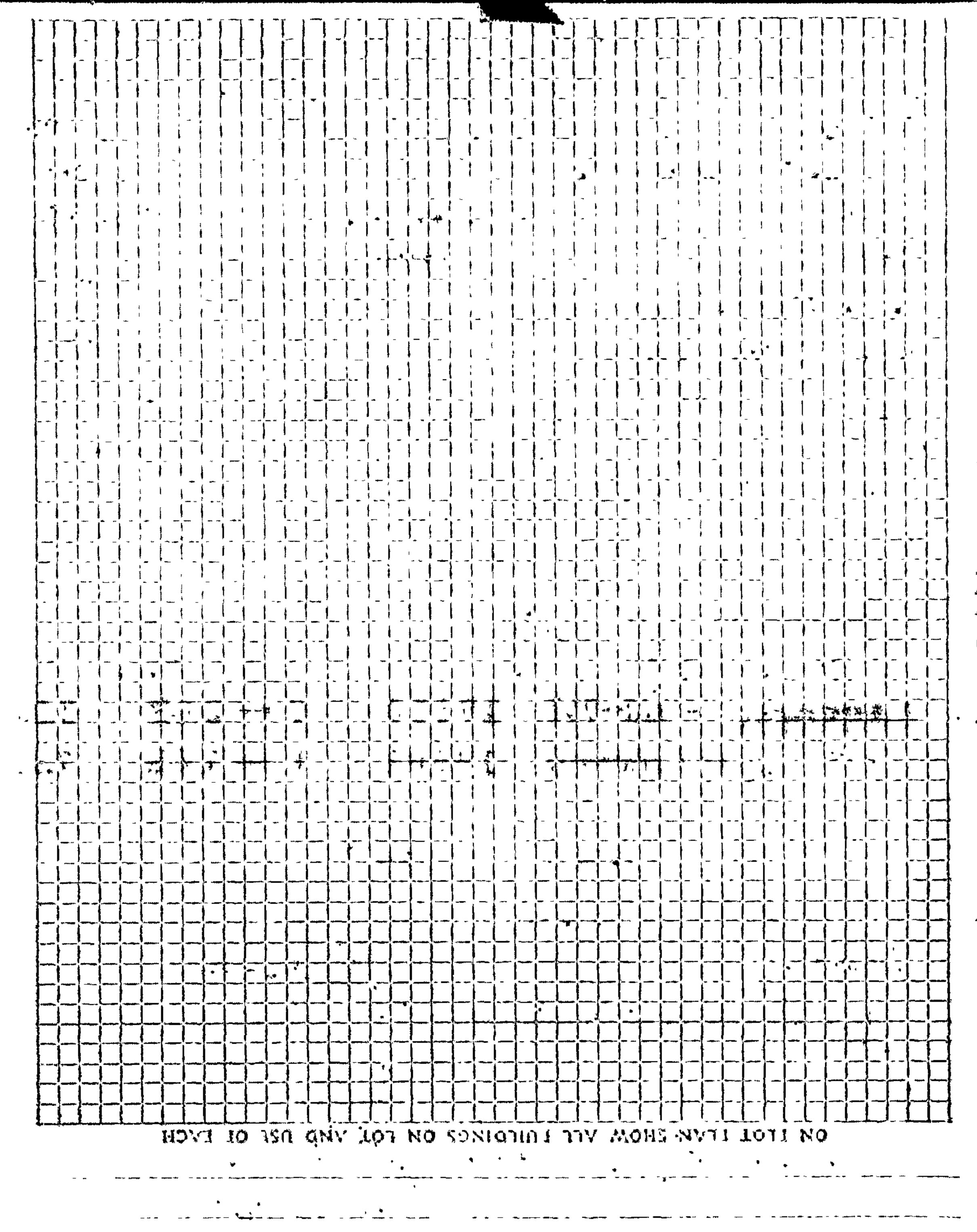
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Application for Permit Formation to the second To Erect or Alter CITY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT an Electric Sign BUILDING AND BAFETY To be made in duplicate If filed in a Branch Office, to be made in ouadraplicate Location of Building...Z.E.C. Sauth-275/21/e Letween what cross streets. West. FAMMS 4. USE INK OR INDELIGIE PENCIL l. Purposs of building Thora Dwelling Apartment Booms, Well at alone purposes. 2 Omnis Lizzantellantellantel 3. Owner's address LLLQ Saula Salla St. P.O. Certificated Architect Registered Engineer A Contractor Lands and Monday a Contractor's eddress that Meditter alver WALUATION, OF PROPOSED WORK formating all labor and material and all alactic formation of the formation and the formation and the formation of the format a Sire of building Lane Z.E. No. Stories ____ Material Exterior Walls __ 12-12-14 a Type! W Projecting D Wall D Roof. 10. D New - II Alteration The Market Land 11. Weight 300. 12, Materials of Sign Construction. Mr. 72 14. Height of Upper Edge above Grade. 37 - 6. 14. Distance of Outer Edge from Building. Ist. Height of Roof Sign above Roof or Parapet. ELECTRICAL FEET 12. Number of Lamp Holders. 514 n.s. (1) For issuing permit 18. Number of Transformers 19. Kumber et Flashers... The CI Shop Inspection. I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above application is correct and that this tronk will comply with all laws, and that in the doing of the work anthorized thereby I will not employ any person in violation of the Labor Code of the State of California relating to Workmen's Compensation Insurance. The indensigned affirms and agrees that all increscent or other gascocs tube squipment installed and cornected to facilities stationared by this permit will comply in all respects with the rules and requirements of the Department of Water and Power relating to power factor and other regulations governing service to such equipment. (Siza bero) Luzaniaki Mean Ba Registered Electrical Contractor. DISTRICT Surectine Electricien OFFICE FUR DEPARTMENT USE UNLY PLAN CHICKING Date Belleter Fernit Talmust. To Pad 1 TOTAL FEE Kinns the Speciations theired nendro FRE LAURE PERMUT NO. Datrick Ede. Lin SCHOOL WICHELES Stamp bere date permit ELECTRIC SIGN



APPLICATION TO ALTER - REPAIR - DEMOLISH AND FOR CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY CITY OF LOS ANGELES DEPT. OF BUILDING AND SAFETY 1. LEGAL LOT BLK. TRACT DIST. MAP No Lega. 4306 2. BUILDING ADDRESS APPROVED ZONE 2610 S. La Salle Ave. **C-**3 3. BETWEEN CROSS STREETS FIRE DIST. Adams
4. PRESENT USE OF BUILDING 27th St. AND NEW USE OF BUILDING INSIDE Church Church KEY 5. OWNER PHONE COR, LOT H. B. Charles REV, COR. . OWNER'S ADDRESS P.0. ZONE No Legal 2221 Welling Road 7. CERT. ARCH. STATE LICENSE PHONE . LIC. ENGR. STATE LICENSE PHONE REAR ALLEY SIDE ALLEY 9. CONTRACTOR STATE LICENSE PHONE BLDG. LINE Owner 10. CONTRACTOR'S ADDRESS P.O. ZONE **AFFIDAVITS** Same SIZE OF EXISTING BLDG. STORIES HEIGHT NO. OF EXISTING BUILDINGS ON LOT AND USE **BLDG. AREA** MATERIAL ROOF ROOFING **SPRINKLERS** WOOD METAL CONC. BLOCK WOOD STEEL EXT. WALLS: REQ'D. CONST. STUCÇO BRICK CONC. CONCRETE OTHER SPECIFIED DISTRICT OFFICE S. La Salle Ave. L.A. 196 CASHLER'S USE ONLY **VALIDATION** APR--9-57 3.00 TYPE MAX. OCC. 12-4-44 4PR--9-57 7.50 1960 C. OF O. INSPECTOR P.Ç. S.P.C. **B.P.** I.F. 0.\$. **C/O** ₩3.00 INCLUDE ALL FIXED DWELL. TO OPERATE UNITS \$1500.00 AND USE PROPOSED BUILDING. 14. SIZE ADDITION STORIES HEIGHT VALUATION APPROVED PARKING SPACES NONE APPLICATION CHECKED EXT. WALLS 15. NEW WORK: ROOFING **GUEST** ROOMS Kennedy Change in interior partitions PLANS CHECKED FILE WITH & plumbing CORRECTIONS VERIFIED CONT. INSP. I certify that in doing the work authorized hereby I will not employ any person in violation of the Labor Code of the State of California relating to workmen's compensation insurance. PLANS APPROVED MATAREMEN -SIGNED_ APPLICATION APPROVED This Form Whon Properly Validated is a Fermit to Do the Work Described. Herzaa 1. Applicant to Complete Numbered Items Only. Form B-3 INSTRUCTIONS:

2. Plot Plan Required on Back of Original,



3

APPLICATION TO ALTER - REPAIR - DEMOLISH AND, FOR CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

Form B-3

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

DEPT. OF BUILDING AND SAFETY

	INSTRUCTIONS: I. Applicant to Complete Numbered Items C 2. Plot Plan Required on Back of Original.	Inly.	
1,	DESCR. LOT 1, 4 BLK. 4 Charles Victor Hull	ADDRESS APPROVED	SEWI
-	1870 West Adams Boulevard	DIST. MAP	₩ >
3.	Adams Blvd. AND 27th Street	ZONE	iejie,
4,	PRESENT USE OF BUILDING Church Same	FIRE DIST.	. .
5.	OWNER'S NAME Mt. Sinai Baptist Church Rev. Charles	INSIDE	Z.
6.	owners Address Zone 2610 South La Salle Avenue	COR. LOT REV. COR.	hvaila
7.	CERT. ARCH. STATE LICENSE PHONE	LOT SIZE	ble)
8,	LIC. ENGR. STATE LICENSE PHONE		
9.	Williams Waterproofing 160105 CL 78191	REAR ALLEY SIDE ALLEY	-
10.	CONTRACTOR'S ADDRESS 3107 Fletcher Drive L. A. 65	BLDG. LINE	-
11.	Size of existing bldg. Stories Height No. of existing buildings on Lot and use 90° x 140° 2 40° 1 Church Building	BLDG. AREA	
3	1870 West Adams Boulevard	DISTRICT OFFICE L.A.	
12.	MATERIAL WOOD METAL CONC. BLOCK ROOF WOOD STEEL ROOFING EXT. WALLS: STUCCO BRICK CONCRETE CONST. CONC. OTHER COM	SPRINKLERS REQ'D. OSPECIFIED	2
13.	VALUATION: TO INCLUDE ALL FIXED EQUIPMENT REQUIRED TO OPERATE \$ 4,000.00	AFFIDAVITS	TICA
14.	SIZE OF ADDITION STORIES HEIGHT APPLICATION CHECKED		L 50
15.	NEW WORK: EXT. WALLS ROOFING RLANS CHECKED	DWELL. UNITS	7
	rapet wall correction on tower corrections verified dover exits & exitways around building.	SPACES PARKING	
empio	ertify that in doing the work authorized hereby I will not PLANS REPROVED over any person in violation of the Labor Code of the State	ROOMS	_
	signed relating to workmen's, compensation insurance. APPECATION APPROVED	PARAPETS	~
Th	Signed When Properly Validated is a Permit to Do INSPECTOR Work Described.	CONT. INSP.	-
TYPE		0.S. C/O	,
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APPLICATION TO ALTER - REPAIR - DEMOLISH AND, FOR CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY CITY OF LOS ANGELES APPLICATION TO ALTER - REPAIR - DEMOLISH DEPT. OF	Form 8-3 AUILDING AND SAFETY
INSTRUCTIONS: 1. Applicant to Complete Numbered Items C 2. Plot Plan Required on Back of Original.	
1. LEGAL LOT DESCR. 1,2,3, &4 SLK. 4 Charles Victor Hall	ADDRESS APPROVED
2. Building Address 2610 La Salle Avenue	DIST. MAP 4306
3. Between cross streets Dalton AND Harvard	ZONE 3-C-2
	FIRE DIST. 76
	INSIDE
	COR. LOT
	LOT SIZE
8. LIC. ENGR. Lloyd Dysland STOTE LICE ME 11471	150×140
9. CONTRACTOR STATE LIGENSE PHONE CT.	REAR ALLEY
Williams Waterprosfing 60 160105-78191 10. CONTRACTOR'S ADDRESS	SIDE ALLEY
3107 Fletcher Dr 11. Size of Existing BLDG. STORIES HEIGHT NO. OF XISTING BUILDINGS ON LOT AND USE	BLDG. AREA
76x139'8" 1& 2 40' Tchurch	DISTRICT OFFICE
2610 La Salle Avenue 12. MATERIAL TWOOD METAL COR BLOCK ROOF TA WOOD STEEL ROOFING	SPRINKLERS
EXT. WALLS: STUCCO BRICK "SONCE CONST. CONC. OTHER	REQ'D. SPECIFIED
13. VALUATION: TO INCLUDE ALL FIXED EQUIPMENT REQUIRED TO OPERATE AND USE PROPOSED BUILDING.	AFFIDAVITS S
14. SIZE OF ADDITION STARIES HEIGHT APPLICATION CHECKED BOOM.	8
15. NEW WORK: EXT. WALLS (Describe) LA GO	DWELL. UNITS
Austall Datations Verified	SPACES PARKING NO
I certify that in doing the work authorized hereby I will not PLMS APPROVED employ any person in violation of the Labor Code of the State	GUEST
of California relating to workments compensation insurance. APPLICATION APPROVED	FILE WITH
Signed This Form When Properly Validated is a Permit to Do INSPECTOR the Work Described.	CONT. INSP.
TYPE GROUP MAX. OUC. P.C. S.P.C. G.P.I. B.P. OC I.F.	O.S. C/O
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with Ordinance No. 1120796. IN 19182. DEE City Engineer by				A Section of the control of the cont	
Dedication and/or Improvements COMPLETED with Ordinance No. 1120796- IRR 191862 ARDEE City Engineer by				Trice Dept.	
No. 1120796 MARDEE City Engineer by 120796 MARDEE City Engineer by 120796					
" a y Dedication and/or Improvements COMPLETED rdance with Ordinance No. 1120796- MRR 191562				Trice Dept.	
hway Dedication and/or Improvements COMPLET cordance with Ordinance No. 1120796- INF. 1911				Trice Dept.	No
ighway, Dedication and/or Improvements COMPLETED accordance with Ordinance No. 1120796-10078				Trice Dept.	

prior to its issuance, also requires the applicant for such permit to file a signed statement that he is licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Contractor's License Law (Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Prolessions Code) or that he is exempt therefrom and the basis for the alleged exemption. Any violation of Section 7031.5 by any applicant for a permit subjects the applicant to a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500).): [] I, as owner of the property, or my employees with wages as their sole compensation, will do the work, and the structure is not intended or offered for sale (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: The Contractor's License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who does such work himself or through his own employees, provided that such improvements are not intended or offered for sale. If, however, the building or improvement is sold within one year of completion, the owner-builder will have the burden of proving that he did not build or improve for the purpose of sale.).

[] I, as owner of the property, am exclusively contracting with licensed contractors to construct the project (Sec. 7044, Business and Professions Code: The Contractor's License Law does not apply to an owner of property who builds or improves thereon, and who contracts for such projects with a contractor(s) licensed pursuant to the Contractor's License Law.). 1 am exempt under Sec. ________, B. & P. C. for this reason______

Date	Owner's Signature
	WORKERS' COMPENSATION DECLARATION
l hereby	estirm that I have a cartificate of consent to self-insure, or a certificate of Worker's Compensation insurance, or

Certified copy is hereby furnished.

☐ Certified, copy is filed with the Los Angeles City Dept. of Bidg. & Safety.

CERTIFICATE OF EXEMPTION FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

22. I cartify that in the performance of the work for which this permit is issued, I shall not employ sny person in any manner so as to become subject to the Workers' Compensation Laws of California. Date ______ Applicant ______

NOTICE TO APPLICANT: If, after making this Certificate of Exemption, you should become subject to the Workers' Compensation provisions of the Labor Code, you must forthwith comply with such provisions or this permit shall be deemed revoked. CONSTRUCTION LENDING AGENCY 23. I hereby affirm that there is a construction lending agency for the performance of the work for which this permit is issued

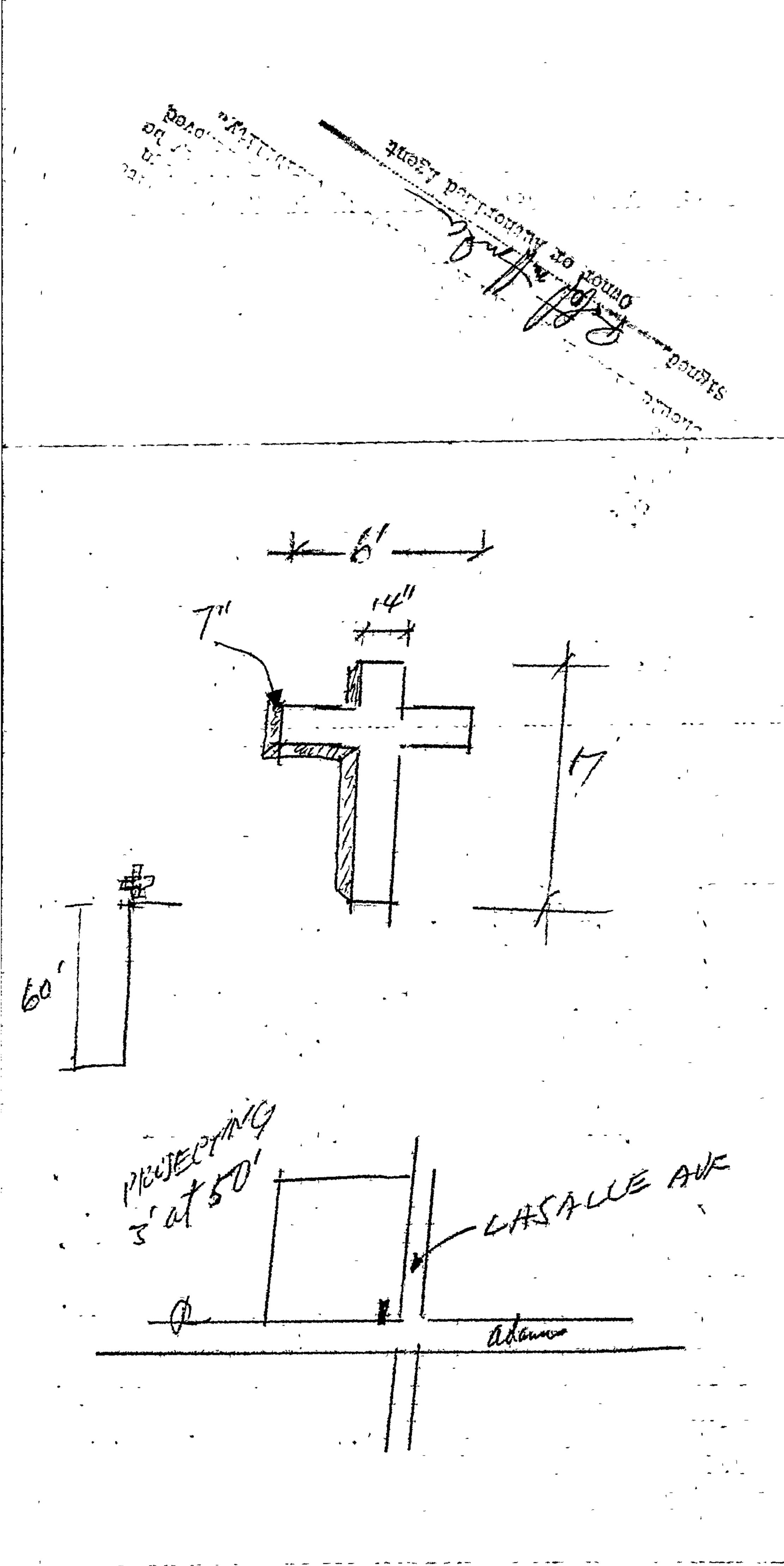
(Sec. 3097, Civ. C.). Lender's Name ______

(Owner or agent having property owner's consent)

Lender's Address ______ 24. I certify that I have read this application and state that the above information is correct. I agree to comply with all city and county ordinances and state laws relating to building construction, and hereby authorize representatives of this city to

enter upon the above-mentioned property for inspection purposes. I realize that this permit is an application for inspection, that it does not approve or authorize the work specified herein, that it does not authorize or permit any violation or failure to comply with any applicable law, that neither the city of Loa Angeles nor any board, department, officer or employee thereof make any warranty or shall be responsible for the performance or results of any work describes herein or the condition of the proserty or soil upon which such work is performed. (3ge 8ec 01.0202 LAMC)/

Position





Main (west) facade and tower facing northeast, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



Main (west) facade and entrance facing southeast, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



South elevation facing north, 2022. Photo by Andrea Mauk.



East elevation facing northwest, 2022. Photo by Andrea Mauk.



Cornerstone, facing southeast, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



Time capsule, facing east, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



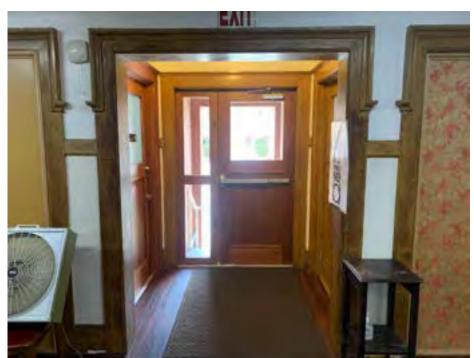


Main sanctuary and tracery window, facing north, 2022. Photos by M. Rosalind Sagara/L.A. Conservancy.





Main sanctuary and barrel-vaulted ceiling, facing north, 2022. Photos by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.

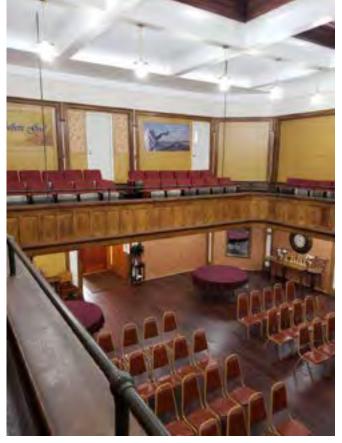


Fellowship hall secondary entrance, facing south. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.

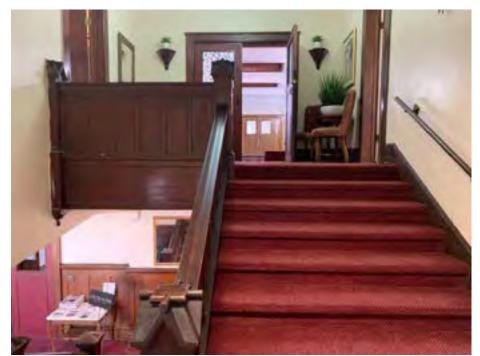


Second story classroom. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.





Fellowship hall, first and second level, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.





Main staircase to second floor, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



Secondary entrance to main sanctuary, view east, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.

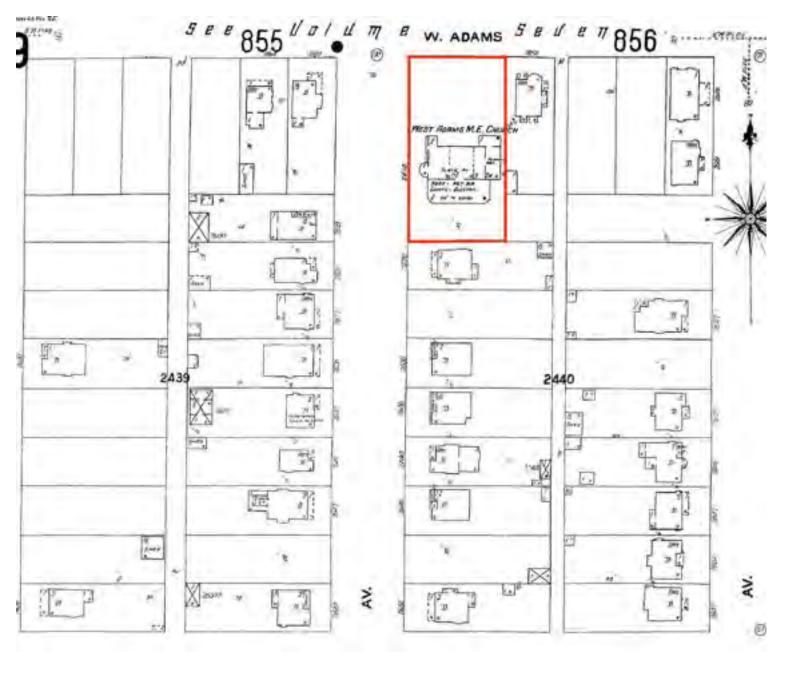


Entrance off of main sanctuary, view west, 2022. Photo by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.

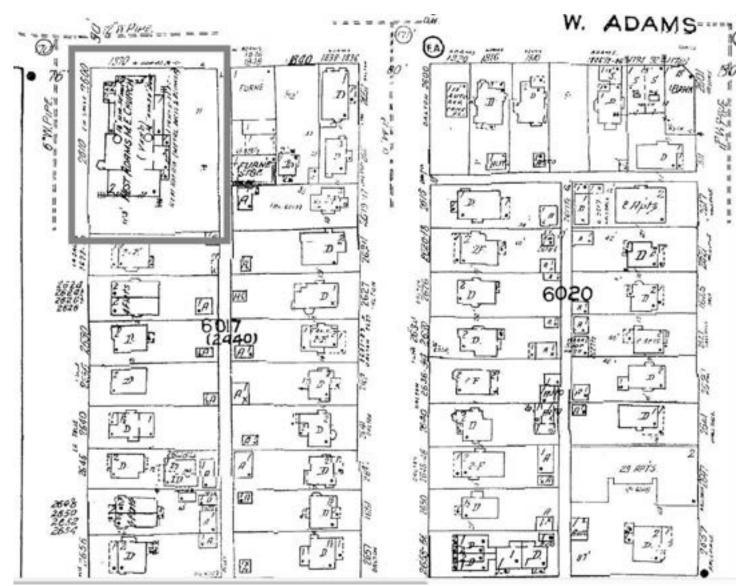




Hall of memories.
Photos by Lindsay Mulcahy/L.A. Conservancy.



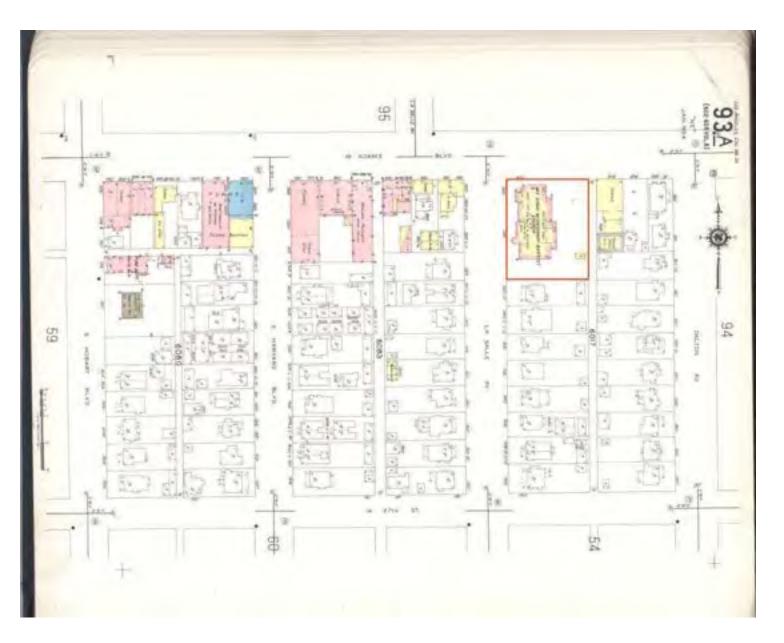
Detail of Sanborn map showing subject building, 1907 (Vol. 6, Sheet 629). Source: Library of Congress and Los Angeles Public Library.





Left: Detail of Sanborn map showing expanded subject building, 1922 (Vol. 6, Sheet 602). Source: Library of Congress and Los Angeles Public Library.

Right: Subject building, July 1922. Source: University of Southern California and California Historical Society, https://doi.org/10.25549/chs-m929





Left: Sanborn map showing subject building, 1954. Source: Library of Congress and Los Angeles Public Library.

Right:: Reverend H.B. Charles (center) with youth pastors Charlie B. Greene (left) and Frederick K.C. Price (right) in front of subject building, n.d. Source: H.B. Charles Jr. Facebook page.



Subject building on La Salle and Adams, Los Angeles, 1963. Source: Charles Williams, California State University, Northridge, "Tom and Ethel Bradley Center Photographs," https://digital-collections.csun.edu/digital/collection/Bradley/id/9308





(L): Speaker at podium at the Mt. Sinai Baptist Church event hosted by 10th Council recall meeting, 1961. Photo by Charles Williams. Source: California State University, Northridge, https://digital-collections.csun.edu/digital/collection/Bradley/id/10879. (R): Attendees seated at the 10th Council Recall meeting at Mt. Sinai Baptist Church, 1961. Source: California State University, Northridge, "Tom and Ethel Bradley Center Photographs," https://digital-collections.csun.edu/digital/collection/Bradley/id/10761.



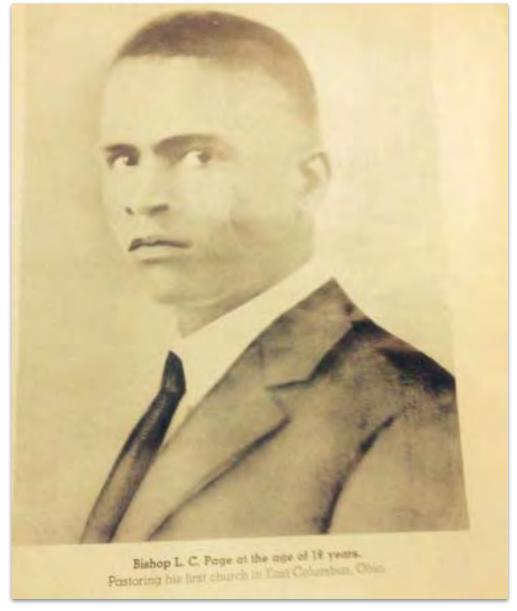


Event at Greater Page Temple's Fellowship Hall, n.d., Source: Greater Page Temple archives.





Left: From Tent to Temple, 50th Anniversary Celebration Booklet. 1993. Greater Page Temple archives. Right: Installation of Bishop L.C. Page as the head of the Church of God in Christ's Department of Evangelism, 1977. Source: COGIC Department of Evangelism Facebook page.

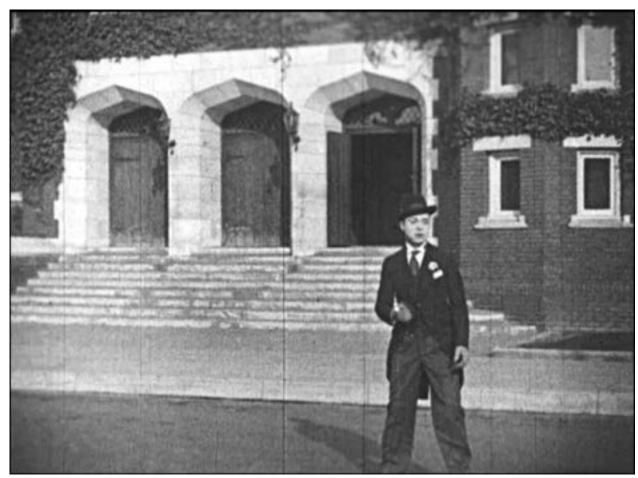


Bishop L.C. Page's first assignment as pastor was at 18 years of age. Source: Facebook The COGIC History Page https://www.facebook.com/groups/407157769825687/search/?q=bishop%20page%2C%2018%20years.



Bishop L.C. Page was recognized for his many years of dedicated service leading the International Evangelist Dept. Source: Greater Page Temple archives.

A parade of brides shows up at the church to marry Buster Keaton's character in the 1925 film, *Seven Chances*. https://www.silentlocations.com/2016/12/15/buster-keaton-=seven-chances-and-warren-beatty/





Harry Langdon stands outside the church entrance on LaSalle Avenue, ca 1925 for a scene of the Mack Sennett short comedy, *His Marriage Wow.* https;//www.silentlocations.com



Top left: In the film, *Bulworth*, (1998) Warren Beatty plays a California senator who chastises an African American congregation, asking them to realize that neither political party serves their community. Source: https://www.silentlocations.com/2016/12/15/buster-keaton-=seven-chances-and-warren-beatty/. Top right: Amazon Originals production, *Bosch*, Chapter 8 - "High-Low" (2015) - Irving meets Reverend Ott.

Source: http://m.imbd.com/title/tt4177278/locations;

Bottom two images from music video production of the song, "When Words Are Few," (2017) from the album, *Bible of Love*, performed by Snoop Dogg and B Slade (formerly Tonex). The album was the BET Best Gospel Album of 2019, Sources: https://thegrio.com/2018/02/03/snoop-dogg-release-gospel-album-bible-love/amp/; https://m.imbd.com/title/tt10090606/



City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning

5/13/2025 PARCEL PROFILE REPORT

PROPERTY ADDRESSES

1864 W ADAMS BLVD 2610 S LA SALLE AVE

ZIP CODES

90018

RECENT ACTIVITY

ADM-2024-3686-CPIOC

CASE NUMBERS

CPC-2008-1552-CPU

CPC-2004-2391-ICO

CPC-1990-346-CA CPC-1986-603-GPC

CPC-1986-447-GPC

CPC-1983-506

CPC-12641

ORD-188312

ORD-185927

ORD-185926-SA1770

ORD-176589

ORD-171682 ORD-171681

ORD-167121-SA914

ORD-162128

ORD-121727

ENV-2008-1781-EIR

ENV-2004-2409-CE-ICO

Address/Legal Information

PIN Number 123B193 624

Lot/Parcel Area (Calculated) 7,066.1 (sq ft)

Thomas Brothers Grid PAGE 633 - GRID J6

PAGE 633 - GRID J7

Assessor Parcel No. (APN) 5053020034

Tract CHA'S VICTOR HALL TRACT

Map Reference M R 26-65

Block 4

Lot FR 1
Arb (Lot Cut Reference) None

Map Sheet 123B193

Jurisdictional Information

Community Plan Area South Los Angeles

Area Planning Commission South Los Angeles APC

Neighborhood Council Empowerment Congress North

Council District CD 8 - Marqueece Harris-Dawson

Census Tract # 2222.00000000

LADBS District Office Los Angeles Metro

Permitting and Zoning Compliance Information

Administrative Review None

Planning and Zoning Information

Special Notes None

Zoning C2-1VL-O-CPIO

Zoning Information (ZI) ZI-2498 Local Emergency Temporary Regulations - Time Limits and

Parking Relief - LAMC 16.02.1

ZI-2535 Prior Housing Element Sites - Ministerial Approval

ZI-1231 Specific Plan: South Los Angeles Alcohol Sales

ZI-2512 Housing Element Sites

ZI-2484 Community Plan Implementation Overlay: South Los Angeles

ZI-2452 Transit Priority Area in the City of Los Angeles

ZI-2374 State Enterprise Zone: Los Angeles

ZI-2517 Al Fresco Ordinance within Planning Overlay and/or the

Coastal Zone (Ordinance 188073)

General Plan Land Use Neighborhood Commercial

General Plan Note(s) Yes

Minimum Density Requirement Yes (Citywide)

Hillside Area (Zoning Code)

CDO: Community Design Overlay

Specific Plan Area SOUTH LOS ANGELES ALCOHOL SALES

None

Subarea None
Special Land Use / Zoning None
Historic Preservation Review No
Historic PlacesLA No
Historic Preservation Overlay Zone None
Other Historic Designations None
Mills Act Contract None

CPIO: Community Plan Imp. Overlay South Los Angeles

This report is subject to the terms and conditions as set forth on the website. For more details, please refer to the terms and conditions at zimas.lacity.org

(*) - APN Area is provided "as is" from the Los Angeles County's Public Works, Flood Control, Benefit Assessment.

Subarea Neigborhood-Serving Corridor

CPIO Historic Preservation Review No CUGU: Clean Up-Green Up None HCR: Hillside Construction Regulation No NSO: Neighborhood Stabilization Overlay No POD: Pedestrian Oriented Districts None RBP: Restaurant Beverage Program Eligible None

Area

ASP: Alcohol Sales Program No RFA: Residential Floor Area District None RIO: River Implementation Overlay No SN: Sign District No AB 2334: Low Vehicle Travel Area Yes AB 2097: Within a half mile of a Major Transit Yes

Stop

No Streetscape Adaptive Reuse Incentive Area None

Affordable Housing Linkage Fee

Residential Market Area Low Non-Residential Market Area Low **Inclusionary Housing** No Local Affordable Housing Incentive No **Targeted Planting** Nο Special Lot Line Nο Tier 2 Transit Oriented Communities (TOC)

Mixed Income Incentive Programs

Transit Oriented Incentive Area (TOIA) 1

Opportunity Corridors Incentive Area Not Eligible Corridor Transition Incentive Area Not Eligible

TCAC Opportunity Area Low High Quality Transit Corridor (within 1/2 mile) Yes

Review Eligibility ED 1 Eligibility

RPA: Redevelopment Project Area None Central City Parking Nο Downtown Parking No 15 **Building Line** 500 Ft School Zone None 500 Ft Park Zone None Zanja System 1 Mile Buffer Nο

Assessor Information

5053020034 Assessor Parcel No. (APN)

Ownership (Assessor)

GREATER PAGE TEMPLE OF GOD IN CHRIST Owner1

Address 2610 S LA SALLE AVE LOS ANGELES CA 90018

Ownership (Bureau of Engineering, Land

Records)

Owner GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST

2610 S. LA SALLE AV Address

LOS ANGELES CA 90018

Owner GREATER PAGE TEMPLE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST

Address 2610 S. LA SALLE AVE

LOS ANGELES CA 90018

Owner GREATER PAGE TEMPLE OF GOD IN CHRIST

Address 2610 S LA SALLE AVE LOS ANGELES CA 90018

APN Area (Co. Public Works)* 0.595 (ac)

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Use Code 7100 - Institutional - Church - One Story

Assessed Land Val. \$149,974
Assessed Improvement Val. \$153,695
Last Owner Change 05/29/2020

 Last Sale Amount
 \$0

 Tax Rate Area
 312

 Deed Ref No. (City Clerk)
 1768827

 0581810

Building 1

Year Built 1914
Building Class CX
Number of Units 0
Number of Bedrooms 0
Number of Bathrooms 0

Building Square Footage 9,651.0 (sq ft)

Building 2

Building 3

No data for building 2

Building 3

No data for building 3

Building 4

No data for building 4

Building 5

Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO)

No [APN: 5053020034]

Additional Information

Airport Hazard None
Coastal Zone None
Coastal Bluff Potential No
Canyon Bluff Potential No

Farmland Area Not Mapped

Urban Agriculture Incentive Zone YES

Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone No

Fire District No. 1 No

Flood Zone 500 Yr

Watercourse No

Methane Hazard Site Methane Zone

High Wind Velocity Areas No Special Grading Area (BOE Basic Grid Map A- No

13372)

Wells None
Sea Level Rise Area No
Oil Well Adjacency No

Environmental

Santa Monica Mountains Zone No
Biological Resource Potential None
Mountain Lion Potential None
Monarch Butterfly Potential No

Seismic Hazards

Active Fault Near-Source Zone

Nearest Fault (Distance in km) 2.17105992

Nearest Fault (Name) Puente Hills Blind Thrust
Region Los Angeles Blind Thrusts

Fault Type B

Slip Rate (mm/year) 0.70000000
Slip Geometry Reverse

Slip Type Moderately / Poorly Constrained

 Down Dip Width (km)
 19.00000000

 Rupture Top
 5.00000000

 Rupture Bottom
 13.00000000

Dip Angle (degrees) 25.00000000

Maximum Magnitude 7.10000000

Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone No
Landslide No
Liquefaction No
Preliminary Fault Rupture Study Area None
Tsunami Hazard Area No

Economic Development Areas

Business Improvement District None
Hubzone None
Jobs and Economic Development Incentive None

Zone (JEDI)

Opportunity Zone No Promise Zone None

State Enterprise Zone LOS ANGELES STATE ENTERPRISE ZONE

Housing

Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO) No [APN: 5053020034]

Ellis Act Property No
Just Cause For Eviction Ordinance (JCO) No
Housing Crisis Act Replacement Review Yes

Housing Element Sites

HE Replacement Required Yes

SB 166 Units 0.12 Units, Lower

Housing Use within Prior 5 Years No

Public Safety

Police Information

Bureau South
Division / Station Southwest
Reporting District 326

Fire Information

Bureau Central
Battallion 11
District / Fire Station 26
Red Flag Restricted Parking No

CASE SUMMARIES

Note: Information for case summaries is retrieved from the Planning Department's Plan Case Tracking System (PCTS) database.

Case Number: CPC-2008-1552-CPU

Required Action(s): CPU-COMMUNITY PLAN UPDATE

Project Descriptions(s): SOUTH LOS ANGELES NEW COMMUNITY PLAN PROGRAM

Case Number: CPC-2004-2391-ICO

Required Action(s): ICO-INTERIM CONTROL ORDINANCE

Project Descriptions(s): INTERIM CONTROL ORDINANCE/ AUTOMOTIVE RELATED USES

Case Number: CPC-1990-346-CA

Required Action(s): CA-CODE AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): AMENDMENT TO THE L.A.M.C. TO - DRAFT AN ORDINANCE TO PROHIBIT THE GRANTING OF A CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT

FOR THE OFF-SITE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES (LOURDES GREEN/KAREN HOO)\

Case Number: CPC-1986-603-GPC

Required Action(s): GPC-GENERAL PLAN/ZONING CONSISTENCY (AB283)
Project Descriptions(s): GENERAL PLAN/ZONING CONSISTENCY PROGRAM

Case Number: CPC-1986-447-GPC

Required Action(s): GPC-GENERAL PLAN/ZONING CONSISTENCY (AB283)

Project Descriptions(s): PLAN AND ZONE CONSISTENCY - SOUTH CENTRAL LOS ANGELES (HERB GLASCOW)

Case Number: CPC-1983-506
Required Action(s): Data Not Available

Project Descriptions(s): SPECIFIC PLN ORD FOR INTERIM CONDITIONAL USE APPRVL FOR ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALCOHOL WHICH

ARE GENERALLY LOCATED INTHE SOUTH CENTRAL AREA OF THE CITY

Case Number: ENV-2008-1781-EIR

Required Action(s): EIR-ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Project Descriptions(s): SOUTH LOS ANGELES NEW COMMUNITY PLAN PROGRAM

Case Number: ENV-2004-2409-CE-ICO

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

ICO-INTERIM CONTROL ORDINANCE

Project Descriptions(s): INTERIM CONTROL ORDINANCE/ AUTOMOTIVE RELATED USES

DATA NOT AVAILABLE

CPC-12641

ORD-188312

ORD-185927

ORD-185926-SA1770

ORD-176589

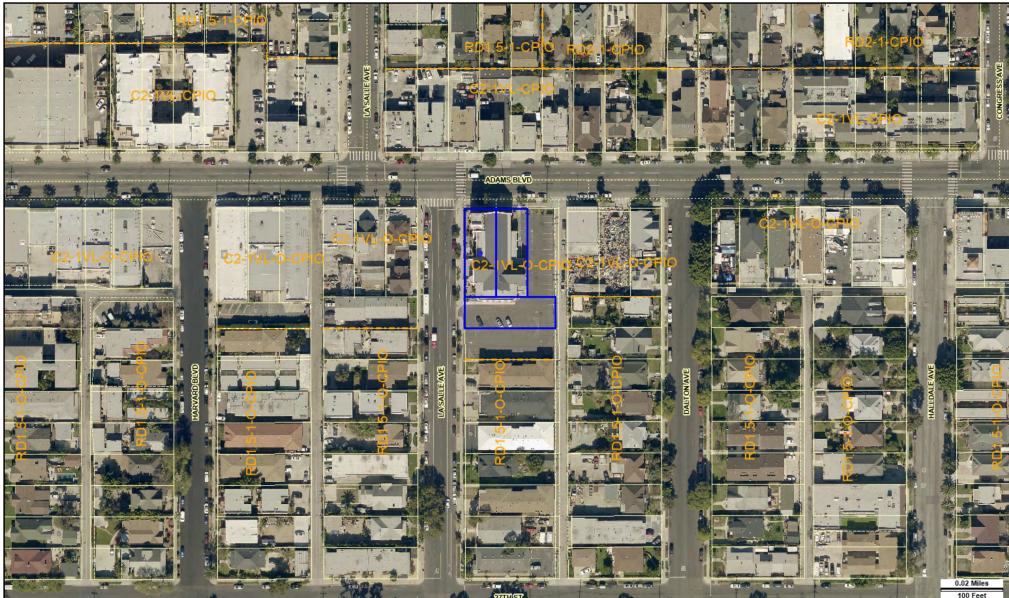
ORD-171682

ORD-171681

ORD-167121-SA914

ORD-162128

ORD-121727



Address: 1864 W ADAMS BLVD

APN: 5053020034 PIN #: 123B193 624 Tract: CHA'S VICTOR HALL TRACT

Block: 4

Lot: FR 1 Arb: None Zoning: C2-1VL-O-CPIO

General Plan: Neighborhood Commercial



